

CPA POST ADVANCED LEVEL

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS (PRACTICAL PAPER)

FRIDAY: 6 December 2024. Morning Paper.

Answer ALL questions in SECTION I and SECTION II and any one (1) question in SECTION III. SECTION I has twenty (20) Multiple Choice Questions each carrying one (1) mark. SECTION II has three (3) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks. SECTION III has two (2) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks. Answer any one (1) question out of the two (2) questions in section III based on your specialisation.

Under SECTION II and SECTION III, you are required to create Ms Excel Worksheets and input your workings and solutions. You may use the Excel template within the question.

SECTION I (20 MARKS)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1.	Whic	h one of the following is NOT a phase in the data analytics based on a CRISP lifecycle?
	A.	Data preparation
	В.	Data exploration
	C.	Data manipulation
	D.	Data modelling (2 marks
2.	Whic	h one of the following statistical techniques is used to find relationships between variables in data analytics?
	A.	Regression analysis
	B.	Principal component analysis
	C.	Cluster analysis

- 3. Which one of the following terms refers to the process of cleaning and preparing data for analysis?
 - A. Data mining

D.

B. Data wrangling

Association rule learning

- C. Data extraction
- D. Data modelling

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

Time allowed: 3 hours.

- 4. Which one of the following tools is commonly used for data summarisation in Ms Excel?
 - A. Pivot tables
 - B. VLOOKUP
 - C. Power query
 - D. Scatter plots

Out of 9

5.	A.									
	В.	Sensitivity analysis								
	C. D.	Scenario analysis	(2 montes)							
	Д.	Ratio analysis	(2 marks)							
6.		h one of the following tools is commonly used for cloud-based data management in business an	alytics?							
	A. B.	SQL Oracle								
	C.	AWS								
	D.	Excel	(2 marks)							
			(=)							
7.		a analyst makes the following comments about functions in Ms Excel:								
	1.	To determine the variance of a list of 50 numbers we use $=VAR.P(A1:A50)$								
	2.	To determine the standard deviation of 50 numbers we use = VAR.P(A1:A50)								
	3.	To determine the variance of a list of 50 numbers we use = $VAR.S(A1:A10)$								
		h one of the following statements is TRUE?								
	Α.	Only Statement 1 is correct								
	В.	Only Statement 2 is correct								
	C. D.	Only Statement 3 is correct All the statements are correct	(2 marks)							
	D.	All the statements are correct	(2 marks)							
8.	Whic	h one of the following choices provides the CORRECT order of data models?								
	A.	Physical, logical and conceptual								
	В.	Physical, conceptual and logical								
	C.	Conceptual, logical and physical								
	D.	Conceptual, physical and logical	(2 marks)							
9.	the fo	of the processes in the cross-industry standard process for data mining is data understanding.	This involves							
	1.	Collect data								
	2.	Verify data quality								
	3.	Explore data								
	4.	Describe data								
		h one of the following choices present the task in the CORRECT order?								
	A. D	1, 2, 3, 4								
	В. С.	1, 4, 3, 2 1, 3, 2, 4								
	D.	1, 3, 2, 4 1, 2, 4, 3	(2 marks)							
	<i>υ</i> .	1, 2, 7, 3	(2 marks)							

10. Susan Keni makes the following statement about data modelling and data evaluation in the cross-industry standard process for data mining:

"The modelling phase focuses on technical model assessment, the evaluation phase looks more broadly at which model best meets the business and what to do next."

Which one of the following choices is **CORRECT**?

- A. Only the statement on modelling phase is correct
- B. Only the statement on evaluation phase is correct
- C. The statement is correct for both modelling and evaluation phases
- D. The statement is not correct for both modelling and evaluation phases
- 11. Which one of the following 'V's of big data means the ability to forecast data?
 - A. Veracity
 - B. Vaticination
 - C. Viscosity
 - D. Volatility

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

- 12. What does "visualisation of data relationships" refer to in business data analytics?
 - A. Comparing different variables
 - B. Presenting data in tabular form
 - C. Creating a dashboard
 - D. Highlighting associations between data points

(2 marks)

- 13. One of the challenges of data analytics is obtaining real-time data from multiple sources. Which one of the following data systems would be **MOST** effective in assisting to resolve this challenge?
 - A. A data system that enables report building
 - B. A comprehensive and centralised data system
 - C. A data system that enables data integration
 - D. A data system that collects, organises and automatically alerts on trends

(2 marks)

14. Victoria Morosa has been asked to pair the following accounting and finance tasks with the type of data analytics technique:

Task	Technique
Analysing ratios	Descriptive
Computing ratios	Prescriptive
Preparing forecast financial statements	Diagnostic
Preparing a budget	Predictive

Which one of the following tasks is **CORRECTLY** paired with the data analytics technique?

- A. Analysing ratios
- B. Computing ratios
- C. Preparing forecast financial statements
- D. Preparing a budget

(2 marks)

- 15. Which one of the following is **NOT** a type of diagnostic activity in accounting and finance?
 - A. Estimating customer defaults in a certain period
 - B. Estimating the probability of stockouts
 - C. Computing the tax payable for a period
 - D. Identifying the appropriate stock levels

(2 marks)

16.	The form (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	following statements are qualities of good data visualisation: The visualisation should accurately represent the data and its trends The reader should know what action to take after viewing your visualisation Your visualisation should be easy to understand Your message shouldn't take long to resonate	
	A. B.	ch of the statements above describes the quality of empowering? Statement (i) Statement (ii)	
	C. D.	Statement (iii) Statement (iv)	(2 marks)
17.	"Any	following statement applies to one of the data protection principles: y processing of personal data should be explained to the individual concerned exted, used, consulted, and the extent to which the data will be processed	
	A.	lawfulness	
	B.	fairness	
	C. D.	transparency integrity	(2 marks)
	D.	integrity	(2 marks)
	equip or org	onal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful access to or use pment used for the processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, urganisational measures. ch one of the following statements is CORRECT ? The statement only applies to data integrity The statement only applies to data confidentiality The statement applies to both integrity and confidentiality The statement applies to neither integrity nor confidentiality	
19.	mach transf	er the data protection laws, a data subject has the right to receive their data in a strainer-readable format, to transmit this ported data to another data controller or professor to another data controller or processor where possible. is referred to as the right to data access portability data erasure	
	D.	data rectification	(2 marks)
• •	_		
20.		n mapping is an essential aspect of managing the risks associated with data and it ection. Which one of the following is NOT a component of data mapping? Data modelling Data migration	is recommended for data
	C.	Data integration	
	D.	Data transformation	(2 marks)



CPA POST ADVANCED LEVEL

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS (PRACTICAL PAPER)

FRIDAY: 23 August 2024. Morning Paper.

Answer ALL questions in SECTION I and SECTION II and any one (1) question in SECTION III. SECTION I has twenty (20) Multiple Choice Questions each carrying one (1) mark. SECTION II has three (3) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks. SECTION III has two (2) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks. Answer any one (1) question out of the two (2) questions in section III based on your specialisation.

Under SECTION II and SECTION III, you are required to create Ms Excel Worksheets and input your workings and solutions. You may use the Excel template within the question.

SECTION I (20 MARKS)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

QUESTION ONE

Which one of the following is the **BEST** reason why an organisation may avoid cloud computing as a means of data management?

- A. Data costs
- B. Data scalability
- C. Data integrity
- D. Data safety

QUESTION TWO

The following are the main examples of data visualisation:

- (i) Comparison
- (ii) Composition
- (iii) Relationship
- (iv) Distribution

Which one of the following summarises the order of the examples from simple to complex?

- A. Distribution, comparison, composition, relationship
- B. Distribution, composition, comparison, relationship
- C. Comparison, composition, distribution, relationship
- D. Relationship, composition, distribution, comparison

QUESTION THREE

The following activities apply to data visualisation:

- (i) The format
- (ii) The content
- (iii) The structure
- (iv) The purpose

Time allowed: 3 hours.

Which one of the following is the correct order of activities?

A. (iii), (iv), (ii) and (i)

B. (iv), (iii), (i) and (ii)

C. (iii), (ii), (iv) and (i)

D. (iv), (ii), (iii) and (i)

QUESTION FOUR

A method of storing data within a system that facilitates collocation of data in various schemata and structural forms is known as

- A. data visualisation
- B. data lake
- C. big data management
- D. deep analytics

OUESTION FIVE

The Kenya Data Protection Act requires that a Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) be carried out where a data processing activity creates high risk to the rights and freedoms of a data subject. Which one of the following is an example of high-risk data activity?

- A. Customer profiling
- B. Customer scoring
- C. Customer inquiry
- D. Customer feedback

OUESTION SIX

The following statements are on data security and data privacy:

- (i) Data security is the process of protecting corporate data and preventing data loss through unauthorised access.
- (ii) Data privacy aims to ensure that data is not shared within and outside the organisation.

Which one of the following statements is **TRUE**?

- A. Only statement (i) is correct
- B. Only statement (ii) is correct
- C. Both statements are correct
- D. None of the statements is correct

QUESTION SEVEN

- A. diverse impact
- B. disparate impact
- C. dissimilar impact
- D. contrasting impact

QUESTION EIGHT

According to cross-industry standard process for data mining, data modelling involves:

- A. Obtaining data and information from different sources, processing and storing for future reference
- B. Fixing or removing incorrect, corrupted, incorrectly formatted data and information
- C. Collecting data and information about business requirements from stakeholders and end users
- D. Creating a visual representation of either a whole information system or parts of it to communicate connections between data points and structures

QUESTION NINE

Which one of the following is **NOT** an array function in Ms Excel?

- A. MMULT
- B. TRANSPOSE
- C. VLOOKUP
- D. FREQUENCY

OUESTION TEN

Miriam Wambui is the Chief Finance Officer of Zelta Company Limited. She is using data analytics in estimating future risks that the company is facing and also cash budgeting with scenario analysis.

Which one of the following choices is **CORRECT**?

By carrying out risk management and cash budgeting, the category is classified as _____

- A. predictive analytics for risk management and cash budgeting
- B. predictive analytics for risk management and prescriptive analytics for cash budgeting
- C. predictive analytics for cash budgeting and prescriptive analytics for risk management
- D. prescriptive analytics for risk management and cash budgeting

QUESTION ELEVEN

Which one of the following is **NOT** a strategy the data analyst will use in handling missing data to enable data analysis?

- A. Drop observations that have missing values
- B. Estimate missing value using other observations
- C. Assign an integer that will enable the values be processed as null values
- D. Highlighting the observation with a tag such as not available

OUESTION TWELVE

Which one of the following keyboard shortcuts is used to display the "function Arguments" dialog box in Ms Excel?

- A. Ctrl + F2
- B. Ctrl + Shift + F3
- C. Ctrl + Shift + A
- D. Ctrl + Shift + #

QUESTION THIRTEEN

Which one of the following software is **NOT** used in data visualisation?

- A. Python
- B. Power BI
- C. Tableau
- D. Datawrapper

OUESTION FOURTEEN

Which one of the following is the BEST way to address the issue of transparency in data analytics?

- A. Use proprietary algorithms for analysis
- B. Only use numerical data for analysis
- C. Document the analysis process and results
- D. Use a single data source for analysis

OUESTION FIFTEEN

Which one of the following Ms Excel functions is used to count the number of cells in a range that meet a certain criteria?

- A. COUNTA
- B. COUNTIF
- C. COUNT
- D. COUNTBLANK

OUESTION SIXTEEN

Which one of the following software will a data analyst use to clean data?

- A. Data stage
- B. SQL
- C. Tableu
- D. Microstrategy

QUESTION SEVENTEEN

Which one of the following Ms Excel features would allow the creation of a drop-down list of values that users can select from?

- A. Trace precedents
- B. Data validation
- C. Data table
- D. Text to column

QUESTION EIGHTEEN

Which one of the following cloud computing platforms is known for its data management and analytics capabilities?

- A. Azure
- B. AWS
- C. IBM Cloud
- D. Google Cloud

QUESTION NINETEEN

In accounting, which type of analytics is used to detect anomalies or irregularities in financial transactions?

- A. Predictive analytics
- B. Descriptive analytics
- C. Diagnostic analytics
- D. Prescriptive analytics

QUESTION TWENTY

Which Ms Excel tool can Alex Mutua use to figure out the interest rate at which he would make monthly payments of Sh.50,000 for the Sh.2 million bank loan he took for 5 years?

- A. NPV
- B. Vlookup
- C. Scenario manager
- D. Goal seek



CPA POST ADVANCED LEVEL

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS (PRACTICAL PAPER)

FRIDAY: 26 April 2024. Morning Paper.

Answer ALL questions in SECTION I and SECTION II. SECTION I has twenty (20) Multiple Choice Questions each carrying one (1) mark. SECTION II has three (3) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks. SECTION III has two (2) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks. Answer any one (1) question out of the two (2) questions in section III.

Under SECTION II and SECTION III, you are required to create Ms Excel Worksheets with the name of the entity in each question and input your workings and solutions. You may use the Excel template within the question.

SECTION I (20 MARKS)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

QUESTION ONE

Emma Atieno would like to determine the number of times revenues have exceeded Sh.12 million over the past 15 years. If the revenues are listed vertically in column A (From Cell A2 to Cell A16) of Excel, which of the following formulas will provide the correct output?

- A. COUNTIF(A2:A11,"=12")
- B. COUNTIF(A2:A11,">12")
- C. COUNTIF(A2:J11, ">12")
- D. COUNTIF(">12", A2:A11)

ANSWER: B

OUESTION TWO

A data analyst would like to determine the total revenue generated by a business in the first quarter of the year provided in Excel. Which of the following syntax in Excel will provide the correct output?

- A. =SUM([sum range] range, criteria)
- B. = SUMIF(range, criteria, [sum_range])
- C. =SUMIFS([sum range] range, criteria)
- D. = SUMIF(Criteria, range, [sum range)

ANSWER: B

QUESTION THREE

Which one of the following data analytical tools will require the LEAST programming activity by a data analyst?

- A. Tableau
- B. Python
- C. R
- D. Power BI

ANSWER: A

Time allowed: 3 hours.

QUESTION FOUR

Which one of the following "Vs" of big data means the ability to generate more copies of data?

- A. Value
- B. Validity
- C. Veracity
- D. Vagueness

ANSWER: C

QUESTION FIVE

The following statements are made by two data analysts regarding the "Vs" of big data:

Jane: "Visibility: Often the only way customers interact with models"

John: "Visualisation: Data science provides images into complex big data problems"

Which one of the following statements is **TRUE**?

- A. Only Jane is correct
- B. Only John is correct
- C. Both Jane and John are correct
- D. Both Jane and John are not correct

ANSWER: D

OUESTION SIX

Which one of the following approaches to data collection is more **EFFICIENT** in data cleaning?

- A. Online administered questionnaire
- B. Email administered questionnaire
- C. Physical administered questionnaire
- D. Interview

ANSWER: A

QUESTION SEVEN

Which one of the following ethical issues in data analytics pertains to the potential misuse of personal data for profiling or targeting?

- A. Data security
- B. Data cleaning
- C. Data privacy
- D. Data aggregation

ANSWER: C

QUESTION EIGHT

Which one of the following data visualisation charts presents comparison over many periods of time?

- A. Scatter graph
- B. Bubble chart
- C. Circular area chart
- D. Line chart

ANSWER: C

QUESTION NINE

The following activities are involved in the data understanding stage in the cross-industry standard process for data mining, **EXCEPT**

- A. Checking for data completeness
- B. Checking for errors in data
- C. Checking for missing values in data
- D. Identifying appropriate data modelling

ANSWER: D

OUESTION TEN

You are given the following statements about data mining:

- 1. Descriptive data mining is a type of analysis that extracts data that may help determine an outcome.
- 2. Prescriptive data mining is a type of analysis that informs users of data of a given outcome.

Which one of the following statements is **CORRECT**?

- A. Only Statement 1 is correct
- B. Only statement 2 is correct
- C. Both statements are correct
- D. Both statements are not correct

ANSWER: D

OUESTION ELEVEN

The following statements are made about the qualities of good data visualisation:

- 1. The visualisation should accurately represent the data and its trends
- 2. The reader should know what action to take after viewing your visualisation
- 3. Your visualisation should be easy to understand
- 4. Your message should not take long to resonate

Which one of the following statements describes the quality of empowering?

- A. Statement 1
- B. Statement 2
- C. Statement 3
- D. Statement 4

ANSWER: B

QUESTION TWELVE

A scatter graph will likely be classified as a type of data visualisation.

- A. Distribution
- B. Relationship
- C. Comparison
- D. Composition

ANSWER: B

QUESTION THIRTEEN

Which one of the following statements is the **CORRECT** definition of "data transformation"?

- A. The process that removes data that does not belong in a dataset
- B. The process of checking the integrity, accuracy and structure of data
- C. The process of converting data from one format or structure to another
- D. The process of creating a visual representation of data elements

ANSWER: C

QUESTION FOURTEEN

The following are various approaches to data risk management:

- 1. Data risk sharing
- 2. Data risk avoidance
- 3. Data risk transfer
- 4. Data risk acceptance
- 5. Data risk reduction

Which one of the following answers provides the order of the MOST to the LEAST effective data risk management strategy?

- A. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- B. 4, 3, 1, 2, 5
- C. 2, 1, 3, 5, 4
- D. 2, 3, 1, 5, 4

ANSWER: D

OUESTION FIFTEEN

The following are examples of data protection principles:

- 1. Only collect what is sufficient for your specified purpose
- 2. Process data bearing in mind the safety of individuals
- 3. Explain why you are collecting data

Which statement among the three is the principle of retention?

- A. Statement 1
- B. Statement 2
- C. Statement 3
- D. None of the statements

ANSWER: D

QUESTION SIXTEEN

Limo Limited obtains data from clients to provide business consulting services. Recently, a client provided data for analysis, but a dispute arose and the process to provide consultancy to the client did not proceed. The client has requested Limo Limited to delete all the data and confirm that this is done. Limo Limited should

- A. Delete the data
- B. Keep the data as per the requirements of the data protection laws
- C. Provide the data to a legal custodian for safe custody
- D. Seek legal advice before deleting the data

ANSWER: A

OUESTION SEVENTEEN

When analysing corporate financial ratios in Excel, which function will return the highest or lowest value in a dataset?

- A. MAX() and MIN()
- B. LARGE() and SMALL()
- C. TOP() and BOTTOM()
- D. HIGH() and LOW()

ANSWER: B

QUESTION EIGHTEEN

Based on the principles in the Unified Ethical Frame for Big Data Analytics (Abrahams, 2015), the attribute of data analysis being transparent and inclusive is provided by which of the following?

- A. Beneficial
- B. Fairness
- C. Progressive
- D. Respectful

ANSWER: D

QUESTION NINETEEN

What is the Excel function used to calculate the covariance between two data sets stored in cells B1:B10 and C1:C10?

- A. =SD(B1:B10, C1:C10)
- B. =VAR(B1:B10, C1:C10)
- C. =COVAR(B1:B10, C1:C10)
- D. =CORREL(B1:B10, C1:C10)

ANSWER: C

OUESTION TWENTY

In the context of data analytics, what does skepticism primarily refer to?

- A. A bias in favour of accepting data findings at face value
- B. The need to question and critically evaluate data sources and results
- C. The over-reliance on machine learning algorithms
- D. A positive attitude toward data-driven decision-making

ANSWER: B

RATES OF TAX (for employment income including wife's employment, self-employment and professional income).

Year of income 2023.

Assume the following rates of tax applied throughout the year of income 2023:

Monthly taxable pay (Sh.)			Annual taxable pay (Sh.)			Rate of tax	
						% in each Sh.	
1	-	24,000	1	-	288,000	10%	
24,001	-	32,333	288,001	-	388,000	25%	
32,334	-	500,000	388,001	-	6,000,000	30%	
500,001	-	800,000	6,000,001	-	9,600,000	32.5%	
Excess over		800,000	Excess over		9,600,000	35%	

Personal relief Sh.2,400 per month (Sh.28,800 per annum).

Investment allowance:	Rate of investment allowance	Residual	Prescribed benefit rates of motor			
		value (25%	vehiclesprovided by employer			
		per yearon	(i) Saloons, Hatch Backs a	Monthly	Annual	
Capital expenditure incurred on:		equal instalments)		rates (Sh.)	rates (Sh.)	
 (a) Buildings: Hotel building Building used for manufacture Hospital buildings Petroleum or gas storage facilities Educational/hostels building Commercial building 	50% in the first year of use 50% in the first year of use 50% in the first year of use 50% in the first year of use 10% per year on straight line basis 10% per year on straight line basis	25% 25% 25% 25%	Up to 1200 cc 1201 - 1500 cc 1501 - 1750 cc 1751 - 2000 cc 2001 - 3000 cc Over - 3000 cc	3,600 4,200 5,800 7,200 8,600 14,400	43,200 50,400 69,600 86,400 103,200 172,800	
 (b) Machinery: Machinery used for manufacture Hospital equipment Ships or aircraft Motor vehicles and heavy earthmoving equipment Computer software, calculators, copiers and duplicating machines Furniture and fittings Telecommunication equipment Film equipment by a local producer Machinery used to undertake operations under prospecting 	50% in the first year of use 50% in the first year of use 50% in the first year of use 25% per year on straight line basis 25% per year on straight line basis 10% per year on straight line basis 10% per year on straight line basis 25% per year on straight line basis 25% per year on straight line basis 50% in the first year of use	25% 25% 25% 25%	(ii) Pick-ups, Panel Vans Up to - 1750 cc Over - 1750 cc (iii) Land Rovers/Cruisers	3,600 4,200 7,200	43,200 50,400 86,400	
rights and exploration under mining rights Other machinery (c) Purchase/acquisition of right to use fibre optic cable by telecommunication operation (d) Farm works	10% per year on straight line basis 10% per year on straight line basis	25%				
(a) Faill Works	50% in the first year of use	23%0				

Monthly rates	Annual rates
(Sh.)	(Sh.)
1,500	18,000
500	6,000
200 900	2,400 10,800
	(Sh.) 1,500 500



CPA POST ADVANCED LEVEL

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS (PRACTICAL PAPER)

FRIDAY: 8 December 2023. Morning Paper.

Time allowed: 3 hours.

SECTION I has twenty (20) Multiple Choice Questions each carrying one (1) mark. SECTION II has two (2) practical questions each carrying thirty (30) marks. SECTION III has three (3) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks. Answer ALL questions in SECTION I and SECTION II. Answer any one (1) question out of the three (3) questions in section III.

Under SECTION II and SECTION III, you are required to create Ms Excel Worksheets with the name of the entity in each question and input your workings and solutions. You may use the Excel template within the question.

RATES OF TAX (Including wife's employment, self-employment and professional income rates of tax).

Year of income 2022.

Monthly taxable pay			Annual taxable pay			Rate of tax	
	(Sh.)		(Sh.)			% in each Sh.	
1	-	24,000	1	-	288,000	10%	
24,001	-	32,333	288,001	-	388,000	25%	
Excess over	-	32,333	Excess over	-	388,000	30%	

Personal relief Sh.2,400 per month (Sh.28,800 per annum).

Investment allowance:	Rate of investment allowance	Residual value	Prescribed benefit rates of motor vehicles			
		(25% per year	provided by employer	15.4		
		on equal instalments)	(i) Saloons, Hatch Backs	Monthly	Annual	
Capital expenditure incurred on:		mstainients)		rates	rates	
Capital expenditure incurred on.				(Sh.)	(Sh.)	
(a) Buildings:			Up to 1200 cc	3,600	43,200	
Hotel building	500/: 1 6 . 6	250/	1201 - 1500 cc	4,200	50,400	
Building used for manufacture	50% in the first year of use	25%	1501 - 1750 cc	5,800	69,600	
Hospital buildings	50% in the first year of use	25% 25%	1751 - 2000 cc	7,200	86,400	
 Petroleum or gas storage facilities 	50% in the first year of use	25% 25%	2001 - 3000 cc	8,600	103,200	
Educational/hostels building	50% in the first year of use 10% per year on straight line basis	23%	Over - 3000 cc	14,400	172,800	
Commercial building	10% per year on straight line basis			,	,,,,,,,	
(b) Machinery:	10/0 per year on strangitt line basis		(ii) Pick-ups, Panel Vans			
Machinery used for manufacture	50% in the first year of use	25%	(unconverted)			
	50% in the first year of use	25%	Up to - 1750 cc	3,600	43,200	
 Hospital equipment Ships or aircraft	50% in the first year of use	25%	Over - 1750 cc	4,200	50,400	
Motor vehicles and heavy earth	j	2370	1,30 66	1,200	20,100	
moving equipment	25% per year on straight line basis					
Computer software, calculators,	25% per year on straight line basis					
copiers and duplicating machines	2570 per year on straight line basis					
Furniture and fittings	10% per year on straight line basis					
2	. ,					
Telecommunication equipment	10% per year on straight line basis					
Film equipment by a local producer	25% per year on straight line basis	250/				
Machinery used to undertake	50% in the first year of use	25%				
operations under prospecting rights						
and exploration under mining rights	100/ man year an atraight line hasis					
Other machinery (a) Purply and American afficient to use	10% per year on straight line basis		(iii) I and Davana/Co-in-	7 200	96 400	
(c) Purchase/acquisition of right to use	10% per year on straight line basis		(iii) Land Rovers/Cruisers	7,200	86,400	
-	50% in the first year of use	25%				
fibre optic cable by telecommunication operation (d)Farm works	50% in the first year of use	25%				

Con Serv	nmissioner's prescribed benefit rates: vices	Monthly rates (Sh.)	Annual rates (Sh.)
(i) (ii)	Electricity (Communal or from a generator) Water (Communal or from a borehole)	1,500 500	18,000 6,000
Agri	culture employees: Reduced rates of benefits Water	200	2.400
(ii)	Electricity	900	10,800

SECTION I (20 MARKS)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

QUESTION ONE

Which of the following formulas in Excel will provide a subtotal of variables provided in a list of vertically listed cells?

- A. =sum (A1:H20)
- B. =sum (A1:A20)
- C. =sum (A1;H20)
- D. =sum (A;A20)

ANSWER: B

QUESTION TWO

Which of the following shortcut keys will enable an analyst to view the formula in a cell?

- A. Ctrl + ;
- B. Ctrl +:
- C. Ctrl + '
- D. Ctrl +]

ANSWER: C

OUESTION THREE

Which of the following is the **CORRECT** one for the HLOOKUP function in excel?

- A. = HLOOKUP(lookup_value, [range_lookup], table_array, column_index_num)
- B. = HLOOKUP(lookup value, table array, row index num, [range lookup])
- C. = HLOOKUP(lookup_value, column_index_num, [range_lookup], table_array)
- D. = HLOOKUP([range lookup], lookup value, table array, column index num)

ANSWER: B

QUESTION FOUR

The following statements relate to the 'Vs' of big data:

- 1. **Volume:** It refers to the size of big data.
- 2. **Veracity:** It refers to the assurance of integrity or credibility of the data.
- 3. **Value:** How useful the data is in decision making.

Which of the following statements is **CORRECT**?

- A. Only statement 1 is correct
- B. Only statement 2 is correct
- C. Only Statement 3 is correct
- D. All the statements are correct

ANSWER: A

OUESTION FIVE

Which of the following 'Vs' of data provides for data as being authentic, trustworthy and original?

- A. Veracity
- B. Value
- C. Variability
- D. Variety

ANSWER: A

OUESTION SIX

The following are activities that are included in data modelling:

- 1. Physical
- 2. Conceptual
- 3. Logical
- 4. Implementation

Which of the following represents the **CORRECT** steps in data modelling?

- A. 1,2,3,4 B. 2,3,4,1 C. 2,3,1,4 D. 3,1,2,4
- ANSWER: C

OUESTION SEVEN

Which of the following is **NOT** a data cleaning technique?

- A. Remove duplicates.
- B. Remove irrelevant data.
- C. Standardise capitalisation.
- D. Convert data from text to numeric

ANSWER: D

OUESTION EIGHT

Part of the Cross-Industry Standard Process for data mining requires business understanding. Which of the following is the **CORRECT** description of business understanding?

- A. Defining specific goals and requirements for data mining
- B. Obtain an overview of the available data and their quality
- C. Data preparation for further validation
- D. Data is reviewed in the context of the business

ANSWER: A

OUESTION NINE

Which of the following questions is **NOT** relevant in the understanding of data as per the Cross-Industry Standard Process for data mining?

- A. Is the data complete (does it cover all the cases required)?
- B. Does the data contain errors?
- C. Are there missing values in the data?
- D. Is the data current?

ANSWER: D

QUESTION TEN

Data analytics can be analysed at four levels:

- 1. What happened?
- 2. What could happen?
- 3. What should happen?
- 4. Why it happened?

Which of the following is the alternative description of Level 4?

- A. Predictive
- B. Descriptive
- C. Diagnostic
- D. Prescriptive

ANSWER: C

QUESTION ELEVEN

Mhasibu is using data analytics to make management decisions. Some decisions and types of analytics are as follows:

- 1. Prepare variance analysis report (Descriptive Analytics)
- 2. Prepare flexible budgets evaluating various scenarios (Prescriptive)

Which of the following statement(s) is (are) TRUE?

- A. Statement One only
- B. Statement Two only
- C. Both Statements are True
- D. None of the statements are True

ANSWER: D

OUESTION TWELVE

Which of the following software does NOT focus only on data visualisation tools?

- A. Google Charts
- B. Python
- C. Grafana
- D. Tableu

ANSWER: B

QUESTION THIRTEEN

A pie chart will likely be classified as what type of data visualisation?

- A. Relationship
- B. Distribution
- C. Composition
- D. Comparison

ANSWER: B

OUESTION FOURTEEN

Under data ethics, when algorithms are used to predict past decisions by human beings, this may lead to which unethical behaviour?

- A. Human bias
- B. Discrimination
- C. Intrusion to privacy
- D. Lack of transparency

ANSWER: A

OUESTION FIFTEEN

While data protection deals solely with personal data, data security is directed to protect all sorts of information, regardless of whether it's digital or analog, comes from the natural person or not.

Which of the above is **CORRECT**?

- A. The definition of data protection only
- B. The definition of data security only
- C. Both definitions
- D. None of the definitions

ANSWER: C

QUESTION SIXTEEN

Which one of the following concepts does NOT apply in data protection of digital platforms?

- A. Encryption of personal data.
- B. Anonymization of personal data.
- C. Pseudonymization of personal data.
- D. Biometric access

ANSWER: D

OUESTION SEVENTEEN

Which of the following will NOT lead to a challenge in data privacy in an organisation?

- A. Data Privacy regulations
- B. Poor data visibility
- C. Too much data
- D. Too many devices

ANSWER: A

QUESTION EIGHTEEN

Companies must do everything they can to use customer data ethically, preserve customers' privacy, keep them informed of how their data is being used, provide consumers with options to opt in or out, and walk the fine line between serving up relevant, targeted content and overstepping boundaries.

This definition will likely be?

- A. Data confidentiality
- B. Data Security
- C. Data Privacy
- D. Data protection

ANSWER: A

QUESTION NINETEEN

Which of the following is **NOT** a benefit of data analytics?

- A. Customer retention
- B. Strategic analysis
- C. Profitability
- D. Risk identification

ANSWER: C

QUESTION TWENTY

Despite the appreciation and adoption of big data and analytics by organisations, which of the following is a risk of poor use of big data and analytics?

- A. Cost optimisation
- B. Staff dependence
- C. Infrastructure upgrade
- D. Poor heuristics

ANSWER: D	



CPA ADVANCED LEVEL

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS (PRACTICAL PAPER)

THURSDAY: 27 April 2023. Morning Paper.

Answer ALL questions in SECTION I and any THREE (3) questions in SECTION II. SECTION I has twenty (20) Multiple Choice Questions each carrying two (2) marks. SECTION II has five (5) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks.

Under SECTION II, you are required to create Ms Excel Worksheets with the name of the entity in each question and input your workings and solutions. You may use the Excel template within the question.

SECTION I (40 MARKS)

Question One

The acronym "CRISP" stands for:

- A. Cross-industry standard process for data mining
- B. Cross-industry statistical process for data mining
- C. Cross-industry standard practice for data mining
- D. Cross-industry statistical package for data mining

Ouestion Two

You are given the following formulas for computing variance and standard deviation of a population and sample:

- 1. =VAR.S()
- =VAR.P()
- =STDEV.P()
- 4. = STDEV.S()

Which of the following statements in **CORRECT?**

- A. Statements 1 and 3 contain the formulas for variance and standard deviation of a population
- B. Statements 2 and 4 contain the formulas for variance and standard deviation of a sample
- C. Statements 1 and 4 contain the formulas for variance and standard deviation of a sample
- D. Statements 2 and 3 contain the formulas for variance and standard deviation of a sample

Ouestion Three

Which of the following focuses on the discovery of previously unknown properties on the data?

- A. Data mining
- B. Big data
- C. Data wrangling
- D. Data archiving

Question Four

A data analyst would like to determine the number of times revenues have exceeded Sh.10 million over the past 10 years. If the revenues are listed vertically in column A (From Cell A2 to Cell A11) of Excel, which of the following formulas will provide the correct output?:

- A. COUNTIF(A2:A11,"=10")
- B. COUNTIF(A2:A11,">10")
- C. COUNTIF(A2:J11, ">10")
- D. COUNTIF(">10", A2:A11)

Time allowed: 3 hours.

Question Five

"Alteryx" is an example of a_____

- A. Data management tool
- B. Data cleaning tool
- C. Data visualisation tool
- D. Data analysis tool

Ouestion Six

Which of the following approaches to data collection will require SIGNIFICANT data cleansing?

- A. Online administered questionnaire
- B. Email administered questionnaire
- C. Physically administered questionnaire
- D. All of the above

Ouestion Seven

Which of the following function can be used to find data with unique codes arranged in the top-most row of the dataset in MS Excel.

- A. MATCH
- B. HLOOKUP
- C. VLOOKUP
- D. SET UP

Question Eight

Which of the following reasons will make an organisation AVOID cloud computing as a means for data management?

- A. Data Costs
- B. Data Scalability
- C. Data Integrity
- D. Data Safety

Question Nine

Correlation analysis is an example of:

- A. Predictive analytics
- B. Prescriptive analytics
- C. Descriptive analytics
- D. Exploratory analytics

Question Ten

The following are the main examples of data visualisation:

- 1. Comparison
- 2. Composition
- 3. Relationship
- 4. Distribution

Which of the following summarises the order of the examples from simple to complex?

- A. Distribution, comparison, composition, relationship
- B. Distribution, composition, comparison, relationship
- C. Comparison, composition, distribution, relationship
- D. Relationship, composition, distribution, comparison

Ouestion Eleven

One or more of the following activities is/are not from Phase 1 of Data Science Life Cycle.

- A. Learning the target domain
- B. Developing initial hypothesis
- C. Visualise initial hypothesis
- D. All of the above

Question Twelve

The following statements relate to the 'Vs' of big data:

- 1. Variability is the evolving nature of data sources
- 2. Variability is the different types of data structures

Which of the following statements is **CORRECT?**

- A. Only statement 1 is correct
- B. Only statement 2 is correct
- C. Both statements are correct
- D. Both statements are wrong

Question Thirteen

The following is considered by many to be the most important language for Data Science:

- A. Ruby
- B. R
- C. Java
- D. MS Excel 2010

Question Fourteen

Which of the following choices best represents the correct flow of data models:

- A. Conceptual, logical and physical
- B. Physical, logical and conceptual
- C. Logical, physical and conceptual
- D. None of the above

Question Fifteen

Choose the correct keyword for this definition: A graphical representation of a data set:

- A. Data Set
- B. Investigative Cycle
- C. Visualisation
- D. Data Plot

Question Seven

The _____ data model gives the data analyst the chance to gain an overview of the system to be analysed without being concerned with the details of how it will be analysed.

- A. Conceptual
- B. Logical
- C. Physical
- D. Rational

Ouestion Seventeen

A bank collected data on visitors' viewing habits at the bank's website. Which technique can be best used to identify pages commonly viewed during the same visit to the website?

- A. Clustering
- B. Classification
- C. Association rules
- D. Panel analysis

Question Eighteen

The following statements apply to data mining:

- 1. Predictive data mining is a type of analysis that extracts data that may be helpful in determining an outcome.
- 2. Description data mining is a type of analysis that informs users of that data of a given outcome.

Which of the following is **CORRECT?**

- A. Only statement 1 is true
- B. Only statement 2 is true
- C. Both statements 1 and 2 are true
- D. Both statements are not true

Question Nineteen

Which of the following steps is performed by a data scientist after collecting the data?

- A. Data integration
- B. Data replication
- C. Data cleansing
- D. Data manipulation

Question Twenty

Which of the following best describes the work of a data architect?

- A. Utilise large sets of data to gather information that meets their company's needs
- B. Work with businesses to determine the best usage of the information yielded from data
- C. Develop data solutions that are optimised for performance and design applications
- D. Evaluate data to reach at logical conclusions

••••••



CPA POST ADVANCED LEVEL

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS (PRACTICAL PAPER)

THURSDAY: 24 August 2023. Morning Paper.

Time allowed: 3 hours.

Answer ALL questions in SECTION I and SECTION II. Answer any one (1) question out of the three (3) questions in section III. SECTION I has twenty (20) Multiple Choice Questions each carrying one (1) mark. SECTION II has two (2) practical questions each carrying thirty (30) marks. SECTION III has three (3) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks.

Under SECTION II and SECTION III, you are required to create Ms Excel Worksheets with the name of the entity in each question and input your workings and solutions. You may use the Excel template within the question.

RATES OF TAX (Including wife's employment, self-employment and professional income rates of tax).

Year of income 2022.

Monthly taxable pay (Sh.)			Annual tax	able	e pay	Rate of tax
			(Sh.)			% in each Sh.
1	-	24,000	1	-	288,000	10%
24,001	-	32,333	288,001	-	388,000	25%
Excess over	-	32,333	Excess over	-	388,000	30%

Personal relief Sh.2,400 per month (Sh.28,800 per annum).

Investment allowance:	Rate of investment allowance	Residual value	Prescribed benefit rates of motor vehicles		
		(25% per year	provided by employer	1 T	
		on equal	(i) Saloons, Hatch Backs		
Comital armonditure incomed and		instalments)		Monthly	Annual
Capital expenditure incurred on:				rates (Sh.)	rates (Sh.)
(a) Dwildings			Up to 1200 cc	. ,	()
(a) Buildings:			Up to 1200 cc 1201 - 1500 cc	3,600	43,200 50,400
Hotel building	50% in the first year of use	25%	1501 - 1500 cc	4,200	69,600
Building used for manufacture	50% in the first year of use	25%	1751 - 1750 cc 1751 - 2000 cc	5,800	86,400
Hospital buildings	50% in the first year of use	25%	2001 - 3000 cc	7,200 8,600	103,200
Petroleum or gas storage facilities	50% in the first year of use	25%	Over - 3000 cc	14,400	172,800
 Educational/hostels building 	10% per year on straight line basis		Over - 3000 cc	14,400	1/2,800
Commercial building	10% per year on straight line basis				
(b) Machinery:			(ii) Pick-ups, Panel Vans		
 Machinery used for manufacture 	50% in the first year of use	25%	(unconverted)		
Hospital equipment	50% in the first year of use	25%	Up to - 1750 cc	3,600	43,200
 Ships or aircraft 	50% in the first year of use	25%	Over - 1750 cc	4,200	50,400
Motor vehicles and heavy earth moving equipment	25% per year on straight line basis				
Computer software, calculators, copiers and duplicating machines	25% per year on straight line basis				
Furniture and fittings	10% per year on straight line basis				
 Telecommunication equipment Film equipment by a local producer	10% per year on straight line basis 25% per year on straight line basis				
Machinery used to undertake	50% in the first year of use	25%			
operations under prospecting rights	30% in the first year of use	2370			
and exploration under mining rights					
Other machinery	10% per year on straight line basis				
	1 1		(iii) I and Dayrong/Crasicana	7 200	96 400
(c)Purchase/acquisition of right to use fibre optic cable by telecommunication	10% per year on straight line basis		(iii) Land Rovers/Cruisers	7,200	86,400
operation			1		
(d)Farm works	50% in the first year of use	25%			

Commissioner's prescribed benefit rates: Services		Monthly rates (Sh.)	Annual rates (Sh.)
(i) (ii)	Electricity (Communal or from a generator) Water (Communal or from a borehole)	1,500 500	18,000 6,000
Agri (i) (ii)	culture employees: Reduced rates of benefits Water Electricity	200 900	2,400 10,800

SECTION I (20 MARKS)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

QUESTION ONE

How fast data is processed and accessed is represented by which of the following V's of Big Data?

- A. Velocity
- B. Validity
- C. Virality
- D. Veracity

ANSWER: A

QUESTION TWO

Data modelling is a process that helps one to understand the structures, form, and relationships of information. It requires one to first think of the model, then identify the model details and then how the model will be implemented. Which of the following is the correct name of data model implementation?

- A. Conceptual
- B. Logical
- C. Physical
- D. Rational

ANSWER: C

QUESTION THREE

The following activities are included in the Cross-Industry Standard Process for data mining:

- 1. Data Preparation
- 2. Data Understanding
- 3. Data Deployment
- 4. Business Understanding
- 5. Data Evaluation
- 6. Data modelling

Which of the following is the proper sequence of these activities?

- A. 2,1,3,5,6,4
- B. 1,3,5,6,4,2
- C. 1,6,5,2,3,4
- D. 4,2,1,6,5,3

ANSWER: D

QUESTION FOUR

Which of the following is NOT an activity in the modeling stage in the Cross-Industry Standard Process for Data Mining?

- A. Build
- B. Select
- C. Design
- D. Evaluate

ANSWER: D

OUESTION FIVE

For data visualisation, a bar chart will likely be classified as a

- A. Distribution
- B. Relationship
- C. Comparison
- D. Composition

ANSWER: C

OUESTION SIX

A data analyst would like to present data in the form of a distribution. He will likely use all the following EXCEPT?

- A. Line chart
- B. Histogram
- C. Scatter graph
- D. Pie Chart

ANSWER: D

QUESTION SEVEN

Data Ethics are the norms of behaviour that promote appropriate judgements and accountability when acquiring, managing, or using data, with the goals of protecting civil liberties, minimising risks to individuals and society, and maximising the public good. All the following promote data ethics **EXCEPT**?

- A. Complying with the law
- B. Promoting transparency
- C. Respecting privacy and confidentiality
- D. Fairness

ANSWER: A

OUESTION EIGHT

Which of the following is **NOT** a concept of data integrity?

- A. Data availability
- B. Data currency
- C. Data accuracy
- D. Data validity

ANSWER: A

QUESTION NINE

With the high volume of data available for businesses, collecting meaningful data is a big challenge. To enable handling large volumes of data, data collection tools are critical. Which of the following will likely be a data collection software?

- A. Excel
- B. Python
- C. R
- D. Zoho

ANSWER: D

QUESTION TEN

A data analyst makes the following comments about functions in excel:

- 1. To determine the variance of a list of 10 numbers we use =VAR.P(A1:A10)
- 2. To determine the standard deviation of 10 numbers we use = VAR.P(A1:A10)
- 3. To determine the variance of a list of 10 numbers we use = VAR.S(A1:A10)

Which of the following statements is **TRUE**?

- A. Only statement 1 is correct
- B. Only statement 2 is correct
- C. Only statement 3 is correct
- D. All the statements are correct

ANSWER: C

OUESTION ELEVEN

The following are the various phases of data models:

- 1. Physical
- 2. Logical
- 3. Conceptual

Which of the following represents the correct order of the models?

- A. 1,2,3
- B. 2,3,1
- C. 3,1,2
- D. 3,2,1

ANSWER: D

QUESTION TWELVE

Which of the following techniques is LEAST effective in obtaining data for easy storage and analysis?

- A. Interviews
- B. Self-administered email questionnaire
- C. Online questionnaire such as on google forms
- D. Recorded interviews

ANSWER: A

QUESTION THIRTEEN

According to cross-industry standard process for data mining, data preparation involves:

- A. Obtaining data and information from different sources, processing and storing for future reference.
- B. Fixing or removing incorrect, corrupted, incorrectly formatted data and information.
- C. Collecting data and information about business requirements from stakeholders and end users.
- D. Creating a visual representation of either a whole information system or parts of it to communicate connections between data points and structures.

ANSWER: B

QUESTION FOURTEEN

The following statements are associated with big data:

- (i) Big data is a collection of data that is huge in volume, yet growing exponentially with time.
- (ii) Big data that can be stored, accessed and processed in the form of fixed format is termed as structured data.
- (iii) Big data that is heterogeneous and contains a combination of simple text files and images is semi structured.

Which of the following choices is correct?

- A. Statements (i) and (ii) are correct
- B. Statements (i) and (iii) are correct
- C. Statements (ii) and (iii) are correct
- D. All the statements are correct

ANSWER: A

OUESTION FIFTEEN

Which of the following is **NOT** the correct definition of one of the 'V's of Big Data?

- A. Velocity: The speed at which big data is collected and processed
- B. Value: The usefulness of the information obtained from analysing big data
- C. Veracity: Multifactor, unstructured and dynamic nature of big data
- D. Volume: The size of big data

ANSWER: C

OUESTION SIXTEEN

The following are the different categories of data analytics:

- 1. Diagnostic
- 2. Predictive
- 3. Descriptive
- Prescriptive

Which of the following is the correct order of value?

- A. 3,1,4,2
- B. 3,4,2,1
- C. 2,3,4,1
- D. 1,3,2,4

ANSWER: A

OUESTION SEVENTEEN

David Mongare is the audit manager of Mkaguzi Auditors. He is carrying out analytical reviews at two stages: at planning and at substantive testing. Which type of analytics relates to the two stages?

- A. Predictive analytics for planning and diagnostic analytics for substantive testing
- B. Diagnostic analytics for planning and predictive analytics for substantive testing
- C. Descriptive analytics for planning and diagnostic analytics for substantive testing
- D. Predictive analytics for planning and descriptive analytics for substantive testing

ANSWER: D

QUESTION EIGHTEEN

Which of the following is NOT a strategy that the data analyst will use in handling missing data to enable data analysis:

- A. Drop observations that have missing values
- B. Estimate the missing value using other observations
- C. Assign an integer that will enable the values to be processed as null values
- D. Highlighting the observation with a tag

ANSWER: D

QUESTION NINETEEN You are given the following categories of data visualisation: 1. Composition 2. Distribution 3. Comparison 4. Relationship Trends 5. Which of the following choices represents the order from simple to complex in terms of analysing data for visualisation? 5,3,2,4,1 4,3,2,1,5 B.

ANSWER: A

C.

D.

QUESTION TWENTY

2,3,1,4,5

1,5,4,3,2

Which of the following data visualisation charts will likely present more than two variables over time effectively?

A. Scatter GraphB. Bubble ChartC. Column ChartD. Line Chart

ANSWER:	D

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CPA ADVANCED LEVEL

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS (PRACTICAL PAPER)

WEDNESDAY: 14 December 2022. Morning Paper.

Answer ALL questions in SECTION I and any THREE (3) questions in SECTION II. SECTION I has twenty (20) Multiple Choice Questions each carrying two (2) marks. SECTION II has five (5) practical questions each carrying twenty (20) marks.

Under SECTION II, you are required to create Ms Excel Worksheets with the name of the entity in each question and input your workings and solutions. You may use the Excel template within the question.

SECTION I - TOTAL 40 MARKS

Question One

Data models evolve from conceptual (that is; a quick, high-level view of the business requirement) to logical (where the entities involved are expanded and include more detail) and finally the physical data model, which can be implemented with a specific database provider (like Oracle and SQL Server).

Which of the following choices is correct?

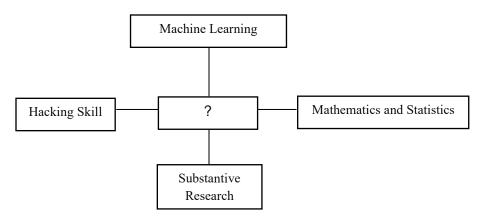
- A. The entire statement is true
- B. Only the statement on conceptual data model is true
- C. Only the statement on logical data model is true
- D. Only the statement on physical data model is true

(2 marks)

Time allowed: 3 hours.

Question Two

Which of the following would be more appropriate to replace the question mark in the following diagram?



- A. Data analysis
- B. Data science
- C. Statistical inference
- D. Predictive modelling

(2 marks)

Question Three

According to cross-industry standard process for data mining, data modelling involves:

- A. Obtaining data and information from different sources, processing and storing for future reference
- B. Fixing or removing incorrect, corrupted, incorrectly formatted data and information
- C. Collecting data and information about business requirements from stakeholders and end users
- D. Creating a visual representation of either a whole information system or parts of it to communicate connections between data points and structures (2 marks)

Ouestion Four

Read the statements below and answer the question that follows:

- (i) Data mining relates to turning raw data into useful information.
- (ii) Data mining using built-in algorithms should guarantee a result.

Which of the following choices apply?

- A. The two statements are true
- B. Only the first statement is true
- C. Only the second statement is true
- D. None of the statements is true

(2 marks)

Ouestion Five

Which of the following 'Vs' of data describes data as multifactor, unstructured and dynamic?

- A. Veracity
- B. Value
- C. Variability
- D. Variety

(2 marks)

Question Six

Which of the following is an example of discrete data?

- A. Number of children
- B. Height of children
- C. Behaviour of children
- D. Test scores of children

(2 marks)

Question Seven

Ms Dare Mongare is the Chief Finance Officer of Modern Company Limited. She is using data analytics in estimating future risks that the company is facing and also cash budgeting, with scenario analysis.

By carrying out risk management and cash budgeting, she is applying:

- A. Predictive analytics for risk management and cash budgeting
- B. Predictive analytics for risk management and prescriptive analytics for cash budgeting
- C. Predictive analytics for cash budgeting and prescriptive analytics for risk Management
- D. Prescriptive analytics for risk management and cash budgeting

(2 marks)

Ouestion Eight

Based on the principles in the Unified Ethical Frame for Big Data Analytics, which of the following applies to the principle of Fairness?

- A. Thinking through the potential impacts of our data use on all interested parties
- B. Sustainability of the data over time
- C. Transparency and inclusivity of the data
- D. Data benefiting both the business and customers

(2 marks)

Ouestion Nine

Which of the following applications will likely NOT be used for cloud computing?

- A. Azure
- B. AWS
- C. SQL
- D. Alibaba Cl (2 marks)

Questio	on Ten	
In data	science, a relationship between two entities is called	
A.	Binary	
B.	Quartenary	

C. Unary
D. None of the above (2 marks)

Question Eleven

Which of the following data visualisation tools will likely present a relationship of more than two variables effectively?

- A. Scatter Graph
- B. Bubble Chart
- C. Column Chart

D. Line Chart (2 marks)

Ouestion Twelve

graph displays information as a series of data points connected by straight line segments.

- A. Line
- B. Bar
- C. Scatter
- D. Histogram (2 marks)

Question Thirteen

A data breach occurs when the organisation's data suffers a security incident resulting in a breach of confidentiality, availability or integrity. According to the applicable data protection law, in the case of a data breach, the organisation should:

- A. Notify the supervisory authority within 48 hours of the incident whether or not it poses a risk to the organisation and affected individuals
- B. Notify the supervisory authority within 48 hours of the incident, only if it poses a risk to the organisation and affected individuals
- C. Notify the supervisory authority within 72 hours of the incident whether or not it poses a risk to the organisation and affected individuals
- D. Notify the supervisory authority within 72 hours of the incident, only if it poses a risk to the organisation and individuals (2 marks)

Question Fourteen

Data fishing is sometimes referred to as

- A. Data bagging
- B. Data dredging
- C. Data merging
- D. Data pooling (2 marks)

Ouestion Fifteen

One of the challenges of big data is the fact that there is so much data, so many techniques and models to analyse the data and several ways to interpret the findings and results. The data analyst should therefore be more sceptical in the following aspects **EXCEPT** on the:

- A. Sources of data
- B. Data collection
- C. Data analysis
- D. Assumptions (2 marks)

Question Sixteen

Which of the following is NOT a principle of data protection as provided by the data protection laws in various countries?

- A. Process data lawfully
- B. Maximise data collection
- C. Ensure data quality
- D. Limit data processing (2 marks)

Question Seventeen

Two challenges of big data and analytics is inaccessibility of data and low speed of access to data. Which one of the following actions by an organisation will address the two challenges?

- A. Providing access to all data to specified employees
- B. Providing access to selected data to all employees
- C. Restricting access to all data for specified employees
- D. A database management system

(2 marks)

Question Eighteen

Which of the following is an open source revision/version control system?

- A. Numpy
- B. Git
- C. Scipy
- D. Loft

(2 marks)

Question Nineteen

Alteryx is an example of a _____

- A. Data management tool
- B. Data cleaning tool
- C. Data visualisation tool
- D. Data presentation tool

(2 marks)

Question Twenty

Which of the following formulas in Ms Excel will provide a subtotal of variables provided in a list of vertically listed cells?

- A. =sum (A1:H20)
- B. =sum (A1:A20)
- C. =sum (A1;H20)
- D. =sum (A;A20)

SECTION II - TOTAL 60 MARKS

Question Twenty one

You are provided with the following extracts of the statement of profit or loss for Sepetuka Limited:

Sepetuka Limited Statement of profit or loss extract for the year ended 30 September:

F	2019	2020	2021	2022
Year	Sh."000"	Sh."000"	Sh."000"	Sh."000"
Sales	54,000	64,800	81,000	95,580
Cost of sales	(32,400)	(32,400)	(32,400)	(38,232)
Gross profit	21,600	32,400	48,600	57,348
Operating expenses	(10,800)	(10,125)	(21,094)	(14,934)
Operating profit	10,800	22,275	27,506	42,414
Depreciation	(600)	(800)	(750)	(900)
Profit before interest and tax	10,200	21,475	26,756	41,514
Finance costs	<u>(5,000)</u>	<u>(7,000)</u>	<u>(9,000)</u>	(8,000)
Profit before tax	5,200	14,475	17,756	33,514
Income tax expense	(1,560)	<u>(4,343)</u>	<u>(5,327)</u>	(10,054)
Profit after tax	<u>3,640</u>	10,132	<u>12,429</u>	23,460

Required:

- (a) Calculate and interpret the following ratios:
 - (i) Annual revenue growth rates for years 2020, 2021 and 2022. (3 marks)
 - (ii) Three years cumulative average growth rate (CAGR) for year 2022. (3 marks)
 - (iii) Effective tax rate for the period 2019 to 2022. (2 marks)
- (b) Now assume the following for Sepetuka Limited:
 - 1. Revenue growth rates are forecast under three scenarios namely base case, optimistic case and pessimistic case. The base case growth rate for the first year forecast is the 2022 CAGR. This is expected to reduce by 2% annually until the last year of the forecast subject to a minimum of 15%. The optimistic case is 20% above the base case while the pessimistic case is 10% below the base case in all forecast periods.
 - 2. Gross profit margin for the first year of the forecast is the 3-year average for the period from year 2020 to year 2022. This is expected to reduce by 2% annually until the last year of the forecast subject to a minimum of 50%.
 - 3. Operating expense ratios are modelled as 3-year averages for the period from 2020 to 2022. These are assumed to remain constant over the forecast period.
 - 4. Depreciation to revenue ratio is assumed to remain constant as the 3-year average for the period 2020 to 2022.
 - 5. Finance costs are expected to reduce steadily as the loans are repaid. Use the reduction rate in year 2022 over the forecast period.
 - 6. Income tax expense is calculated as the historical effective tax rate.

Required:

Prepare five-year forecast statements of profit or loss for Sepetuka Limited from year 2023 to year 2027.

(12 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

Question Twenty two

Mrs Jane Wakwa is the Marketing Director of Vuma Limited, a company that makes and sells electronic devices.

The company is considering the launch of a new mobile phone model branded "Trex". The available data is not fully reliable though Jane still feels that she can make a recommendation on whether or not to launch "Trex".

Additional information:

- 1. Trex is estimated to have a shelf life of five years commencing year 2023.
- 2. Trex will require the purchase of a machine at a cost of Sh.100 million at the end of year 2022, after which the machine will be sold for Sh.20 million at the end of the fifth year.
- 3. The selling price and cost structures of Trex (for the first year 2023) with expected inflation factors are as follows:

	Sh.	Inflation rate (%) - from year 2024 onwards
(Per unit)	•
Selling price	5,000	2%
Material costs	2,000	4%
Direct labour costs	1,000	5%
Incremental fixed cost (excludes depreciation)	500	10%
771	/ 1	: .: 6

- 4. The company is eligible for capital allowances (depreciation for tax purposes) at the rate of 25% on reducing balance.
- 5. At the end of the project when the machine is sold, any gain or loss on disposal will be considered for tax.
- 6. The tax rate on income and capital allowances is at the rate of 30% per annum. Assume that the tax for a given period is paid in the same year.
- 7. The project will require an initial investment in working capital of Sh.20 million which will be increasing by Sh.5 million at the end of each year to cater for general inflation. The whole amount together with the periodic increase will, however, revert at the end of the project.
- 8. Experience has shown that demand for new products is not exactly known in year one but tends to be stable thereafter. Jane has come up with the following estimates of demand for year 2023.

Probability	Expected sales (Units)
30%	40,000
40%	30,000
30%	10.000

Jane expects an initial increase in demand in year 2024 of 25% then a decline of 50% in year 2025. This level will remain the same till the end of the project.

9. Vuma Limited has a real weighted average cost of capital (WACC) of 8% and general inflation is expected to be at 4%

Due to the risk of the project, Jane feels that the relevant nominal WACC should be increased by 3%.

Required:

Compute the following:

(a) The weighted average cost of capital to be used to evaluate the project. (2 marks)

(b) The relevant cash flows over the project period. (15 marks)

(c) The net present value (NPV) of the project. Advise on the viability of the project. (3 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

Question Twenty three

You are evaluating a four-year project with an initial investment of Sh.10,000,000 on 1 January 2023 and the following cash flow characteristics:

Date	Cash flow (Sh.)
1 January 2023	(10,000,000)
30 June 2023	2,750,000
31 July 2024	4,250,000
30 September 2025	3,250,000
31 December 2026	2,750,000

The discount rate is given as 8%.

Required:

- (a) Calculate the NPV and XNPV of the project and hence determine whether the project is viable. (6 marks)
 - (ii) Highlighting the cause of the difference between NPV and XNPV, explain which one you would use in your analysis and why. (4 marks)
- (b) (i) Calculate the IRR and XIRR of the project and hence determine whether the project is viable. (6 marks)
 - (ii) Highlighting the cause of the difference between IRR and XIRR, explain which one you would use in your analysis and why.

 (4 marks)

Question Twenty four

Bamuda Limited presented the following financial statements for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2022:

Statement of profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2022:

	Sh."million"	Sh."million"
Revenue		473
Cost of sales		(229)
Gross profit		244
Gain on financial assets at fair value		5
Investment income		6
		255
Other expenses		
Administration expenses	48	
Distribution costs	76	
Finance costs	<u>17</u>	<u>(141)</u>
Profit before tax		114
Income tax expense		(47)
Profit after tax for the year		<u>67</u>

Statement of financial position as at 30 June:

Statement of imanetal position as at 50 dune.	Sh."n	nillion"	Sh."	million"
Assets:		2022		2021
Non-current assets:				
Property, plant and equipment		327		264
Intangible assets		40		50
Financial assets through other comprehensive income (OCI)		_22		<u>10</u>
		389		324
Current assets:				
Inventory	123		176	
Trade receivables	95		87	
Financial assets at fair value	65		30	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>29</u>	<u>312</u>	0	<u>293</u>
Total assets		701		617
Equity and liabilities:				
Equity:				
Ordinary share capital (Sh.10 each)		230		150
Share premium		30		0
Revaluation reserve		36		67
Finacial assets through OCI - equity reserve		2		0
Retained profits		<u>121</u>		91
		419		308
Non-current liabilities:				
10% convertible loan stock		100		150
Current liabilities:				
Bank overdraft			22	
Trade payables	156		100	
Interest payable	7		3	
Income tax payable	_19	182	_34	<u>159</u>
Total liabilities		<u>282</u>		309
Total equity and liabilities		<u>701</u>		<u>617</u>

Additional information:

- 1. Property, plant and equipment held by Bamuda Limited are items of plant and equipment and freehold premises. During the year ended 30 June 2022, items of plant and equipment which originally cost Sh.40 million were disposed of resulting in a loss of Sh. 6 million charged in administrative expenses. These items had a net book value of Sh.28 million as at the date of disposal.
- 2. Depreciation charge for the year ended 30 June 2022 was Sh.43 million.

3. Sh.50 million of convertible loan stock was converted to Sh.50 million ordinary share capital at par during the year ended 30 June 2022.

Required:

Prepare the statement of cash flows for Bamuda Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022 as per IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows".

(Total 20 marks)

Question Twenty five

Farmgate Company Limited produces and sells shovels.

The company provides the following data for quantities of shovels produced and the related production cost for the calendar year 2021:

Quantity produced (units)	Production cost Sh.
150,000	18,000,000
120,000	14,000,000
200,000	23,000,000
170,000	19,000,000
120,000	16,000,000
250,000	30,000,000
220,000	27,000,000
90,000	11,000,000
180,000	24,000,000
300,000	32,000,000
280,000	29,000,000
350,000	36,000,000
	produced (units) 150,000 120,000 200,000 170,000 120,000 250,000 220,000 90,000 180,000 300,000 280,000

Required:

- (a) Determine the variable cost per unit and the total variable costs using regression analysis. (6 marks)
- (b) Estimate the total production cost if the following number of units are produced:
 - (i) 100,000 units
 - (ii) 150,000 units
 - (iii) 200,000 units

Include the lower and upper boundaries at 95% confidence intervals.

(12 marks)

(c)	Prepare a chart plotting the predicted Y versus the actual Y from the regression function determined in	ı (a)	above.
	Interpret your answer.	(2 1	marks)



CPA ADVANCED LEVEL

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS (PRACTICAL PAPER)

PILOT PAPER

December 2022. Time allowed: 3 hours.

Answer ALL questions. This paper has TWO sections. SECTION I has twenty (20) Multiple Choice Questions of two (2) marks each. SECTION II has three (3) practical questions of twenty (20) marks each.

Under SECTION II, you are required to create Ms Excel Worksheets with the name of the entity in each question and input your workings and solutions.

SECTION I - TOTAL 40 MARKS

Question One

Which of the following choices provides the correct definition of a data model?

- A. A visual representation of data objects
- B. An organisation of data objects
- C. A conceptual representation of data objects
- D. A graphical representation of data objects

(2 marks)

Question Two

The Cross Industry Standard Process for Data Mining (CRISP) requires a data analyst to understand the business as the first step. Which of the following components does **NOT** form part of this activity?

- A. Specific goals and requirements for data mining
- B. An overview of the available data and their quality
- C. Inventory and resources available
- D. Cost benefit analysis

(2 marks)

Question Three

Which of the following is the most common goal of statistical modelling?

- A. Inference
- B. Descriptive analysis
- C. Sub-setting
- D. Risk analysis

(2 marks)

Question Four

A collection of interesting and useful patterns in database is called

- A. Data Set
- B. Information
- C. Knowledge
- D. Analytics

(2 marks)

Question Five

Which of the following is included in a data cleaning report?

- A. Data structure
- B. Data content
- C. Data cleaning activities
- D. Data models (2 marks)

Oues	tion Six	
_	h of the following short-key functions will an analyst use in excel to paste contents into a cell?	
A.	Control + F	
B.	Control + V	
C.	Control + C	
D.	Control + U	(2 marks)
_	tion Seven	
	following statements relate to the formula for computing the standard deviation in Ms Excel:	
(i)	STDEV.P = Computes the standard deviation of an entire sample	
(ii)	STDEV.S = Computes the standard deviation of an entire sample	
(iii)	STDEVA = Computes the standard deviation of a selected sample	
	h of the following choices is correct?	
Α.	Statements (i) and (ii) are correct	
B.	Statements (i) and (iii) are correct	
C.	Statements (ii) and (iii) are correct	<i>'</i> 2 · · ·
D.	All the statements are correct	(2 marks)
Ones	tion Eight	
	th one is not an array function in Ms Excel?	
A.	MMULT	
В.	TRANSPOSE	
C.	VLOOKUP	
D.	None of the above	(2 marks)
A. B.	Series List is the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of in an SQL table or a spreadsheet of the basic data structure that can be thought of the basic data structure that can be structured to the basic data structured that can be spreadsheet of the basic data structured that	lata representation.
C.	Dataframe	
D.	Points	(2 marks)
Whic A.	tion Ten th of the following components does NOT fall within the realm of "Velocity" in big data? Processes	
В.	Streams	
C.	Real-Time	
D.	Terabytes	(2 marks)
	tion Eleven	
	h of the following 'Vs' of data provides for data as being authentic, trustworthy and original?	
A.	Veracity	
В. С.	Value Variability	
C. D.	Variability Variety	(2 marks)
<i>υ</i> .	v arreity	(Z IIIarks)
_	tion Twelve	
	following statements relate to the definition of the types of data analytics:	
(i)	Descriptive analytics provide historical data and information	
(ii)	Prescriptive analytics provide data and information for decision making	

(iii) Predictive analytics provide data and information to explain deviation from expected

Which of the following is the correct answer?

- A. Only statement (i) is correct
- B. Only statement (ii) is correct
- C. Only statement (iii) is correct
- D. Only statements (i) and (ii) are correct

(2 marks)

Question Thirteen

Which one ranks highest among the data analytics tools?

- A. Prescriptive analytics
- B. Predictive analytics
- C. Descriptive analytics
- D. Summative analytics

(2 marks)

Question Fourteen

Which of the following is **NOT** a data cleaning strategy?

- A. Removing incorrect data
- B. Removing duplicate data
- C. Fixing data with structural errors
- D. Filling in for missing data

(2 marks)

Ouestion Fifteen

Which of the following software will a data analyst use to clean data?

- A. Data Stage
- B. SQL
- C. Tableu
- D. Microstrategy

(2 marks)

Question Sixteen

The following activities apply to data visualisation:

- 1. The format
- 2. The content
- 3. The structure
- 4. The purpose

Which of the following is the correct order of the activities?

- A. 3.4.2 and 1
- B. 4,3,1 and 2
- C. 3,2,4, and 1
- D. 4, 2,3 and 1

(2 marks)

Ouestion Seventeen

Which of the following graph will likely present better a relationship between variables in data visualisation?

- A. Exploded Pie Chart
- B. Stacked Bar Chart
- C. Progress Line graph
- D. Radar Chart

(2 marks)

Question Eighteen

Which of the following correctly defines composition as a data visualisation technique?

- A. The method of graphical representation of data and information
- B. The method that shows the differences or similarities between values, with and without axes
- C. The method of presenting a part-to-whole relationship of data and information
- D. The method that shows relationships and connections between the data and information

(2 marks)

Question Nineteen

Which of the following people in an organisation will **LEAST** likely be involved in implementing the data protection laws in a country?

- A. Chief Risk Officer
- B. Chief Legal Officer
- C. Chief Information Officer
- D. Chief Executive Officer

(2 marks)

Question Twenty

Under the data protection laws, organisations will have to take steps to demonstrate they know the data they hold, where it is stored, and who it is shared with. This is referred to as:

- A. Data Portability
- B. Data Inventory
- C. Data Traceability

D. Data Management (2 marks)

SECTION II - TOTAL 60 MARKS

Question Twenty One

Amani Pharmaceuticals Limited is a mid-sized firm exploring prospects of future growth. The management of the company has prepared the statement of profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2022 with forecasts of expected growth rates in the various line items for the next three years.

This information is presented below:

Amani Pharmaceuticals Limited Statement of profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2022:

r in P	,	Growth Rates: Scenario		
		Worst	Base	Best
	Sh."000"	%	%	%
Revenue	4,500.00	2	5	10
Cost of goods sold	(3,200.00)	2	5	10
Gross Profit	1,300.00			
Other incomes - Investment income	<u>15.00</u>	2	3	4
Total Income	1,315.00			
Administration expenses	(210.00)	5	5	5
Distribution expenses	(210.00)	2	5	10
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation	895.00			
Depreciation and amortisation	<u>(150.00)</u>	5	10	10
Earnings before interest and tax	745.00			
Interest expense	(120.00)	10	10	10
Earnings before tax	625.00			
Income tax expense	<u>(160.00)</u>			
Profit after tax (for the period)	465.00			
Dividends paid	<u>(280.00)</u>	10.00	10.00	10.00
Retained Profit for the year	185.00			
Retained profit b/f	550.00			
Retained Profit c/f	<u>735.00</u>			
Total equity	2,200.00			
Total assets	<u>4,500.00</u>	5%	10%	10%

Additional information:

- 1. Assume a corporation tax rate of 30%.
- 2. The growth in equity is only attributable to changes in retained profits.

 Hint: In applying the growth rates, ignore changes in opening and closing balances.
- 3. Total equity will grow only as a result of retained profits.

Required:

- (a) Prepare a spreadsheet showing the forecast statement of profit or loss for the next three years under each of the three scenarios. (10 marks)
- (b) Compute the following metrics for evaluating performance under each scenario:

(i) Net profit margin.
 (2 marks)
 (ii) Return on assets.
 (2 marks)
 (iii) Return on equity.

e) Present a summarised dash board with suitable graphs to highlight the revenues and net profit under each scenario.

(4 marks)

Question Twenty Two

You are provided with the following extracts of the statement of profit or loss and statement of financial position for Darubini Limited for the years ended 30 June 2020, 2021 and 2022:

Darubini Limited

Statement of profit or loss extract for the	year ended 30 June	(figures in Sh.'	'000"):
			• •

	2020	2021	2022
Sales	54,000	64,800	81,000
Cost of sales	(32,400)	(32,400)	(32,400)
Gross profit	21,600	32,400	48,600
Operating expenses	(10,800)	(10,125)	(21,094)
Operating profit	10,800	22,275	27,506
Depreciation	(600)	(800)	(750)
Profit before interest and tax	10,200	21,475	26,756
Finance costs	(5,000)	<u>(7,000)</u>	(9,000)
Profit before tax	5,200	14,475	17,756
Income tax expense	(1,560)	<u>(4,343)</u>	(5,327)
Net profit	<u>3,640</u>	<u>10,133</u>	<u>12,429</u>
Statement of financial position:			
Assets:			
Non-current assets:			
Property, plant and equipment	<u>25,800</u>	<u>45,200</u>	46,700
Current assets:			
Inventory	15,000	21,750	27,488
Receivables	4,500	8,750	15,460
Cash and cash equivalents	0	0	3,823
Total current assets	<u>19,500</u>	<u>30,500</u>	<u>46,771</u>
Total assets	<u>45,300</u>	<u>75,700</u>	<u>93,471</u>
Equity and Liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities:			
Long term borrowings	<u>33,333</u>	<u>46,667</u>	60,000
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,750	6,658	7,989
Bank overdraft	5,297	9,322	0
Sub-total	<u>9,047</u>	<u>15,980</u>	<u>7,989</u>
Equity:			
Paid up capital	10,000	10,000	10,000
Retained earnings	<u>(7,080)</u>	3,053	<u>15,482</u>
Total equity	<u>2,920</u>	<u>13,053</u>	<u>25,482</u>
Total equity and liabilities	<u>45,300</u>	<u>75,700</u>	<u>93,471</u>

Required:

(a) Prepare the statement of cash flows for the company for the two years ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2022.

(8 marks)

- (b) Calculate and comment on the following key ratios:
 - (i) Revenue growth rates for the years ended 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2022. (2 marks)
 - (ii) Two years' cumulative average revenue growth rate for the year ended 30 June 2022. (2 marks)
 - (iii) Return on equity (ROE) for each of the three years. Discuss your results. (2 marks)
- (c) Using the two-years cumulative average revenue growth rate calculated in (b) (ii) above, prepare a one year forecast of the statement of profit or loss for the year ending 30 June 2023. Assume that the vertical ratios for year ended 30 June 2022 apply for the 2023 forecast except that depreciation and finance costs remain constant. Tax is assumed to be at 30%.

Question Twenty Three

- (a) You are a financial management consultant in an investment firm. A potential client requests you to analyse an investment with the following features:
 - The cost of the investment is Sh.10,000,000.
 - The investment pays out a sum of Sh."X" at the end of the first year; this payout grows at the rate of 10 percent per year for 11 years.

Required:

- (i) If your discount rate is 15%, calculate the minimum value of "X" that should attract the investor to make the investment.
- (ii) The respective "NPVs" of the investment if the discount rates were to range between 10% and 15%.

(3 marks)

(iii) Assume that you have three project scenarios as outlined below:

Scenario	Discount rate	Initial cost	Starting cash flow	Growth in initial cash flow
		Sh.	Sh.	
Scenario 1	15%	10,000,000	1,500,000	10%
Scenario 2	10%	15,000,000	2,000,000	8%
Scenario 3	13%	20,000,000	4,000,000	7%

Prepare detailed outcomes of the project under each of the above scenarios.

(8 marks)

(b) Assume that an investor takes an investment loan of Sh.150,000,000. The loan is for 48 months at an annual interest rate of 15 percent (which the bank translates to a monthly rate of 15%/12 = 1.25%). The payments are to be made at the end of each of the next 48 months.

Required:

(i) Calculate the monthly payment on the loan.

(2 marks)

(ii) Assume that you have the following options to negotiate with the bank:

Option	Annual interest rate (%)	Term
Option 1	15	48 months
Option 2	18	60 months
Option 3	13	36 months

Use a two-way data table to determine which option would be the most favourable to the investor.

(4 marks)