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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 2 December 2024. Morning Paper.

This paper consists of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1.	Which one of the following gives the benefits obtained by a country that promotes an entrepreneurial culture?				
	А.	High levels of white-collar jobs			
	B.	Growth in domestic production			
	C.	Business rules and regulations			
	D.	Low level job opportunities	(2 marks)		
2.	Which	n one of the following statements explains the importance of entrepreneurship in a country?			
	А.	Tool for economic development			
	В.	Broad business incentives			
	C.	Encourage salaried employment	-0 ^{,Ye}		
	D.	Stimulate low investments	(2 marks)		
3.	Which	n one of the following describes the role of an entrepreneur at the early stage of a business?	(2 marks) of co.te		
	А.	Provide for government revenue	~		
	В.	Compete and gain cost advantage			
	C.	Generate a viable business idea			
	D.	Eliminate financial risks	(2 marks)		
4.	Which one of the following is an external challenge entrepreneurs have to overcome in order to be successful?				
	А.	Poor managerial skills			
	В.	Unfavorable policies			
	C.	Limited resources			
	D.	Record keeping skills	(2 marks)		
5.	Which	n one of the following is a benefit of entrepreneurship for large companies?			
	А.	Eliminates the need for external partnerships and collaborations			
	В.	Allows company to diversify and adapt to market changes quickly			
	C.	Reduces the overall number of employees needed in the company			
	D.	Standardises all innovative processes throughout the company	(2 marks)		
6.		n one of the following measures could be undertaken by the government to support reneurship?	and promote		
	A.	Restricting access to venture capital for business start-ups			
	В.	Introduction of high tax rates specifically for small companies			
	C.	Providing grants and subsidies to support new business ventures			
	D.	Increasing regulatory hurdles for small and medium-sized enterprises	(2 marks)		
7.	Which	n one of the following factors is not TRUE about innovative entrepreneurs?			
	А.	Imitative entrepreneurs are creative			
	В.	Imitative entrepreneurs are open-minded			
	C.	Introduce new techniques in the market			
	D.	Are mainly found in developed countries	(2 marks)		

	C. D.	Regular customers Major competitors		(2 marks)
9.		e venturing into business?	ments explains the reason why an entreprene	eur should undertake feasibility study
	А.	To generate new busines	ss ideas	
	В.	Determine barriers to su		
	C.	Enhance creativity and i		
	D.	Boost awareness of the l	ousiness	(2 marks)
10.	Whic ventu	re?	ments explains the reason why it is importan	t to prepare a business plan for a new
	А.	To demonstrate the viab		
	B.	To ensure that all compo		
	C.	To enhance the skills of		(a b b b c b c b c c c c c c c c c c
	D.	To help in reducing busi	ness competition	(2 marks)
11.	mark	et?	ods involves many people spontaneously ge	enerating business ideas of a potential
	А.	Brainstorming		
	В.	Market survey		
	C.	Focus group		
	D.	Library research		(2 marks)
12.	Whic	h one of the following elem	ents describes a quality of a good business p	lan?
	A.	Funding		
	В.	Broad	O •′	
	C.	Realistic		
	D.	Conventional		(2 marks)
13.	Whic	h one of the following items	s is a section in a business plan?	
10.	A.	Audience analysis	is a section in a business plan.	
	B.	Market analysis		
	С.	Pricing strategies		
	D.	Promotion strategies		(2 marks)
14	т 1			1 1
14.		wing could be the reason for	nis sole proprietorship business to a private making this decision?	limited company. Which one of the
	A.	Less legal compliance	C	
	В.	Continuity of existence		
	C.	Reduced set-up costs		
	D.	Desire for confidentialit	у	(2 marks)
15.	Whic	h one of the following reaso	ons is considered when choosing a sole prop	rietorship form of business entry?
101	A.	Number of lenders		
	B.	Level of control		
	C.	Delegation of duties		
	D.	Capital investors		(2 marks)
16	XX 71. *	have of the Caller's t	and dependence business and a solution of	4 -
16.		h one of the following tene ess format?	rms describes a business entry option that	t otters an entrepreneur a complete
	А. В.	Trade name franchise		
	в. С.	Pure franchising Distribution franchise		
	C. D.	Product licensing		(2 marks)
	D.	i iouuci iicelisilig		(2 marks)

Which one of the following stakeholders are a source of business ideas due to their familiarity with the market?

8.

A. B. Distribution channels

Former employees

Which	one of the following techniques of product promotions is conducted by Ufundi Limited?	
A.	Advertising	
В.	Publicity	
C.	Sales exhibition	
D.	Personal selling	(2 marks)
Which	one of the following factors explains the importance of choosing an ideal business location?	
A.	Impact on weather patterns	
B.	Impact on customer convenience	
C.	Ensure good neighbourhood	
D.	Ensure employees find it easily	(2 marks)
Which	one of the following factors could determine the type of permits that a business should have?	
A.	Amount of tax paid	
B.	Cost of the permit	
C.	Nature of business	
D.	Size of the premises	(2 marks)
	C	M11 Page 3

- to finance a new business enterprise? The amount will need to be repaid with interest A. B. The amount available may be limited
 - C. It is an expensive form of finance
 - D. The entrepreneur may lose control of the business
- 21. Joram Kiptoo intends to sell custom-made furniture at a high price to wealthy individuals within his neighbourhood. This is a form of _____ New Chopico.X
 - market positioning A.
 - B. market discrimination
 - C. market targeting
 - D. market segregation
- 22. Which one of the following limitations is associated with conducting customer surveys?
 - Inadequate reference materials for the required information A.
 - B. Unwillingness of respondents to give personal information
 - C. Collection of information that is not from original sources
 - D. Variables may be categorised differently from what is desired
- 1. 23. onduct
- 24.

- 17. Which one of the following persons provides debt capital to a business entity?
 - A. Lender

Working capital

Retained earnings

Formal capital

Venture capital

18.

19.

20.

25.

A. Β.

C.

D.

Β.

C. D.

capital? A.

Β. Investor C. Shareholder

Which one of the following factors explains why an entrepreneur could prefer to use debt capital over equity

Which one of the following statements describes a possible drawback to an entrepreneur of using personal savings

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

Out of 6

D. Equity holder (2 marks)

Which one of the following is a source of finance for a small start-up business?

Has no repayment obligation while equity capital does not No additional financial burden while equity capital does not

Interest is a tax-deductible expense while equity capital does not

Has history of poor credit rating while equity capital does not

26.	Which one of the following is the primary purpose of offering discounts to customers?A. Increase the perceived value of the product	
	B. To reduce the company's operating costs	
	C. To attract new customers and increase sales	
	D. To increase employee satisfaction	(2 marks)
27.	Which one of the following functions of management involves determining the structure and allocation	ation of duties?
	A. Recruitment	
	B. Delegating	
	C. Organising	<i></i>
	D. Controlling	(2 marks)
28.	Controlling function of management involves	
	A. arranging, structuring and grouping activities	
	B. motivating, communicating and leading people	
	C. forecasting, supervising and evaluating performanceD. monitoring, comparing and correcting deviations	(2 marks)
	D. monitoring, comparing and correcting deviations	(2 marks)
29.	Which one of the following managerial tools is viewed as a means of control?	
	A. Structure	
	B. Technology C. Budget	
	C. Budget D. Forecasts	(2 marks)
		(2 marks)
30.	Information roles of a manager includes	
	 A. leadership, entrepreneurship and liaison roles B. figurehead, spokesperson and liaison roles 	
	 B. figurehead, spokesperson and liaison roles C. negotiator, resource allocator and monitoring 	
	D. monitoring, disseminating and spokesperson roles	(2 marks)
31.	Kelvin Lamayan, a supervisor, patiently listens to employees' grievances.	2
	Which one of the following management skills does Kelvin possess to effectively perform this role A. Conceptual skills	??
	A. Conceptual skillsB. Technical skills	
	C. Interpersonal skills	
	D. Problem-solving skills	(2 marks)
32.	Judith Mweni is a branch manager of a large corporation. Which one of the following levels of	management is
52.	Judith Mweni in?	management is
	A. Top level	
	B. Lower level	
	C. Middle level D. Supervisory level	(2 marks)
	D. Supervisory level	(2 marks)
33.	Which one of the following statements represents the first step of effective problem solving?	
	A. Evaluate the problem	
	B. Summarise the problemC. Define the problem	
	C. Define the problem D. Brainstorm on solution	(2 marks)
		× ,
34.	Which of the following is NOT an element of an organisational structure?	
	A. CategorisationB. Decentralisation	
	C. Formalisation	
	D. Centralisation	(2 marks)
25	Which one of the following is an educations of maintaining on instant weil as sister?	
35.	Which one of the following is an advantage of maintaining an inward mail register?A. Ensures that mail is promptly posted	
	B. Keeps accurate records of postage expenses	
	C. Helps to fix responsibility for lost mail	
	D. Ensures that mail is opened securely	(2 marks)
		CM11 Page 4

36.	Which A. B.	one of the following statements explains how a mailing clerk should deal with enclosures? Attach them to covering letter File them for future reference		
	C.	Submit them promptly for signing		
	D.	Fold and place in an envelope	(2 marks)	
37.		one of the following methods of transmitting messages has given rise to a paperless office?		
	A.	Post office		
	В. С.	Fax messages E-mails		
	D.	Special messengers	(2 marks)	
	р.	Speena messengers	(2 marks)	
38.	Which	one of the following statements explains a characteristic of autocratic leadership?		
	A.	Encourages consultation and participation		
	B.	Associated with delayed decision-making		
	C.	Facilitates the decentralisation of power	(2	
	D.	Unilateral decision-making	(2 marks)	
39.		one of the following statements describes a situation where horizontal filing could be used?		
	A.	Where documents to be filed are large in size		
	B.	Where space available for filing is inadequate		
	C.	Where there is need for quick retrieval of papers	(2	
	D.	If the organisation is made up of many departments	(2 marks)	
40.	Which	one of the following techniques could contribute to easy access and retrieval of electronic record	ds?	
	A.	Use of elastic system		
	B.	Effective file naming		
	C. D.	Proper file sharing	(2 montra) co.ve	
	D.	Use of a single folder	(2 marks)	
41.		one of the following statements explains the term "recruitment" in the staffing process?	-alad. Ct	
	A.	Process of assigning jobs to new employees	4	
	B.	Creating job familiarity to new employees		
	C.	Process of attracting potential employees	$(2,\ldots,1,\ldots)$	
	D.	Choosing the best candidate for promotion	(2 marks)	
42.	Which	one of the following documents could be a guide in recruiting the right employees?		
	A.	Training manual		
	B.	Job description		
	C.	Orientation guide	(2	
	D.	Employment list	(2 marks)	
43.	-	yee promotions and cash bonuses are forms of		
	A.	intrinsic motivation		
	B.	negative motivation		
	C. D.	financial motivation external motivation	(2 mortes)	
	D.		(2 marks)	
44.	Which	one of the following styles of managing conflict is correctly matched with its meaning?		
	A.	Avoidance-giving in and letting the other party win		
	В.	Accommodating-pursuing one's own desired solution		
	C.	Collaborating-finding a solution that works for all parties		
	D.	Competing-finding a solution that partially satisfies all	(2 marks)	
45.	Which one of the following measures could be undertaken to reduce employees' prolonged exposure to health			
		s and risks?		
	A.	Having designated staff uniform		
	B.	Installing electronic systems		
	C.	Controlling staff work time	(2 mortes)	
	D.	Conducting regular roll calls	(2 marks)	

46.		ch one of the following leadership styles allows employees complete freedom to make decision	s without
		ference from management?	
	A.	Autocratic	
	B.	Democratic	
	C.	Laissez-faire	
	D.	Transformational	(2 marks)
47.	Whic	ch one of the following characteristics is associated with the start-up stage of business growth?	
	А.	Owner is assured of a workable business model	
	В.	Generation of enough cash flow to break-even	
	C.	Business can survive in this stage indefinitely	
	D.	Experimenting with several value prepositions	(2 marks)
48.	Whic	ch one of the following statements is an indicator of firm's success at the start-up stage of growth?	
	A.	Steady and adequate cash flow	
	В.	Develop strategies for competition	
	C.	Saturation of similar products in market	
	D.		(2 marks)
49.	Whic	ch one of the following statements explain the challenges experienced by entrepreneurs during	the idea
		ration stage?	
	Ă.	Inadequate management skills	
	B.	Regulation and compliance	
	C.	Lack of creativity	
	D.	•	(2 marks)
50	XX 71 ·		0
50.		ch one of the following strategies is often employed during the stabilisation stage of a business cycle	2
	A.	Defensive market penetration	
	B.	Cost-cutting and efficiency improvements	
	C.	Diversification into unrelated markets	
	D.	Complete overhaul of the business model	(2 marks)



CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 19 August 2024. Morning Paper.

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

This paper consists of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- 1. Which one of the following is a characteristic of small-scale entrepreneurs? Flexibility in operations A. B. Specialised knowledge C. Unlimited resources D. Longer gestation period (2 marks) 2. Entrepreneurs could contribute to balanced regional development in the country by ensuring taxes are high and paid in time A. exporting surplus manufactured goods Β. C. setting up industries in rural areas D. forming useful business networks (2 marks) 3. Which one of the following factors could discourage entrepreneurial culture in a country? Lack of committed role models A. B. Unexploited local resources C. Lack of white-collar jobs D. High government subsidies (2 marks) 4. Which one of the following types of entrepreneurs could easily be pushed out of the market due to rapid innovations? A. Imitative entrepreneurs Β. Corporate entrepreneurs C. Modern entrepreneurs D. Drone entrepreneurs (2 marks) 5. Mwarimbo Jones is a commercial poultry farmer located in a rural setting. Which one of the following is a way in which he could contribute to the economic development of the country? A. Paying taxes when due Β. Relocating the business to the city C. Sharing the eggs with neighbours D. Increasing importation of animal feeds (2 marks) 6. Which one of the following is a challenge that could be experienced by an entrepreneur due to unfavourable government regulations?
 - A. Mismanagement of business
 - B. Availability of licenses
 - C. High cost of compliance
 - D. Lack of skills and experience

(2 marks)

7.	Mwandikwa Kalulu is a business owner who believes that the success or failure of the business depends on fate or luck.				
		h one of the following entrepreneurial characteristics does Mwandikwa Kalulu lack?			
	A.	Persistent problem solving			
	B.	Internal locus of control			
	C.	Need for achievement			
	D.	Autonomy and independence	(2 marks)		
8.		h one of the following types of entrepreneurship could be undertaken by a charitable organisation	on?		
	А.	Hustler entrepreneurship			
	В.	Free entrepreneurship			
	C.	Social entrepreneurship			
	D.	Public entrepreneurship	(2 marks)		
9.	Whic	h one of the following is a way in which an entrepreneur could make use of focus groups?			
	А.	Making strategic decisions			
	В.	Looking for business finance			
	C.	Preventing business risks			
	D.	Generating business ideas	(2 marks)		
10.	Whic ventu	h one of the following components of a business plan describes the purpose and scope of the en re?	trepreneurial		
	А.	Operations plan			
	В.	Business description			
	C.	Organisational plan			
	D.	Production plan	(2 marks)		
11.	Which one of the following explains the reason why an entrepreneur needs a new business idea?				
	А.	Demonstrate self-confidence			
	В.	Identify market for goods			
	C.	Develop a competitive edge			
	D.	Avoid the use of technology	(2 marks)		
12.	Whic	h one of the following is a factor to be considered when evaluating a business idea?			
	A.	Availability of many ideas			
	В.	Legal form of business			
	C.	Methods of promotion			
	D.	Personal competencies	(2 marks)		
13.	Tax c	consideration is an important factor while choosing the form of business ownership.			
		ation to the statement above, which one of the following statements describes double taxation?			
	A.	Tax charged on both the gross and net profit			
	B.	Payment of tax by a company twice in a year			
	C.	Tax charged on profits and dividends received			
	D.	Payment of corporation tax and value added tax	(2 marks)		
14.	Whic	h one of the following statements describes the term "joint venture"?			
	A.	The merging of two small businesses to form a larger independent entity			
	B.	Combination of single projects that cannot be effectively achieved alone			
	C.	Buying an additional business that complements the already existing one			
	D.	Relationship that exists between two or more persons who form a business	(2 marks)		
			(2 marks)		
15.		h one of the following statements explains why a company is costly to establish?			
	A. P	Requires investment in large venture capital			
	B.	Has to comply with several legal requirements			
	C.	Requires investment in expansion strategies	$(2 \dots 1)$		
	D.	Has many alternative ways of raising capital	(2 marks)		

16.	Which one of the following is a disadvantage of running a sole proprietorship form of business?	
	A. Inflexibility in transfer of business	
	B. No sharing of business profitsC. Owner has unlimited liability	
	D. Long decision-making process	(2 marks)
	D. Long decision-making process	(2 marks)
17.	Which one of the following sources of capital is also referred to as risk capital?	
	A. Debt capital	
	B. Informal capital	
	C. Crowd fundingD. Equity capital	(2 marks)
	D. Equity capital	(2 marks)
18.	Which one of the following is a characteristic of equity finance?	
	A. Must be provided by a single financier	
	B. Involves selling of fixed income products	
	C. Must be repaid back to the financier	(2 montro)
	D. Usually raised by all types of ventures	(2 marks)
19.	Which one of the following is a benefit that a venture capitalist expects to get after investing in a bus	siness?
	A. Capital gains from selling of shares	
	B. Interest charged on money invested	
	C. Return of their original investment	$(2,\ldots,1,\ldots)$
	D. Mentorship and business networks	(2 marks)
20.	Which one of the following statements refers to a way in which entrepreneurs could avoid giving	up control of
	their business at the start-up stage?	
	A. Form strong partnerships with equity investors only	
	B. Raise the needed capital from venture capitalists	-0. K e
	C. Avoid use of high interest, short-term debt capitalD. Launch the business using personal financing	(2 marks) Offic
	D. Lauten the business using personal financing	(2 marks) ₀ 000
21.	Which one of the following statements explains the reason why it is important to search and reser	rve a business
	name in the process of registering a business?	
	A. Acquire a business certificate	
	B. Ensure the business is legal	
	C. Ensure the name is knownD. Ensure the name is unique	(2 marks)
	D. Ensure the nume is unique	(2 marks)
22.	Business permits are issued by	
	A. county government	
	B. revenue authority	
	C. cabinet secretary D. business incubator	(2 marks)
	D. Dusiness incubator	(2 marks)
23.	Which one of the following marketing-mix components could help increase brand recognition?	
	A. Place	
	B. Product	
	C. Promotion D. Price	(2 marks)
	D. Flice	(2 marks)
24.	Which one of the following could be an outcome of customer satisfaction?	
	A. Good customer service	
	B. Customer loyalty	
	C. Reasonable pricing	(2 modes)
	D. Quality products	(2 marks)
25.	Which one of the following is a term used to describe the effort taken by entrepreneurs to ensure cus	stomers do not
	switch to competitors' products?	
	A. Customer attraction	
	B. Market expansion	
	C. Market acquisition	

D. Customer retention

(2 marks) CM11 Page 3 Out of 6

26.	 Which one of the following terms explains a projected course of action? A. Goal B. Plan C. Mission 	
	D. Target (2 ma	arks)
27.	 Which one of the following statements describes the term forecasting? A. Avoiding unfavorable events B. Determination of objectives C. Prediction of possible changes 	
	D. Determining schedules of work (2 ma	arks)
28.	Which one of the following levels of management is also known as operational management?A.Top managementB.Board of directorsC.First line managementD.Strategic management(2 magement)	arks)
29.	Which one of the following statements explains how failure to plan could adversely affect the controlling fund of management?	ction
	 A. Lack of deviations to correct B. Lack of standards to compare C. Poor utilisation of resources D. Eailure to forecommentation 	
	D. Failure to foresee uncertainties (2 ma	arks)
30.	 Which one of the following is a way in which conceptual skills are useful in management? A. Helps the manager to effectively supervise staff B. Helps to deal effectively with conflict among staff C. Encourages employee participation and involvement 	
	D. Helps in identifying and exploiting new opportunities (2 ma	arks)
31.	Which one of the following terms describes the manager's role of arranging tasks, people and resource achieve goals?A. LeadingB. Planning	es to
	C. Controlling D. Organising (2 ma	arks)
32.	Which one of the following is a managerial role that involves setting priorities about the use of organisatifacilities?	ion's
	 A. Spokesperson role B. Liaison role C. Leadership role 	
	D. Resource allocation (2 ma	
33.	Which one of the following terms is used to explain the ability to influence employees to pursue organisationA. Dissemination	ional
	A. Dissemination B. Leadership C. Coercive power D. Reward power (2 main	arks)
34.	Which one of the following is a challenge experienced at the continuous growth stage of an organisation?A. Choosing the best ideaB. Role of founder is not defined	,
	C.Need for financing the firmD.Distributing the firm's profits(2 matrix)	arks)

35.	Michael Kililo, the managing director of Kopa Limited, recently represented the company in	n a tree planting
	ceremony organised by the county government.	
	Which one of the following management roles was performed by Michael Kililo?	
	A. Figure head	
	B. Liaison role	
	C. Leader role	
	D. Spokesman	(2 marks)
26	Wilcold and of the fallowing generate tensor of along?	
36.	Which one of the following represents types of plans?A. Controls, rules, objectives and goals	
	B. Structures, deviations, missions and budgetsC. Policies, programs, procedures and schedules	
		$(2 \operatorname{marks})$
	D. Reports, tasks, schedules and strategies	(2 marks)
37.	In the context of management roles, which one of the following statements describes a	manager as an
	entrepreneur?	C
	A. Deals with operational problems	
	B. Schedules subordinates' work	
	C. Initiates change in the organisation	
	D. Gathers useful external information	(2 marks)
20		
38.	Which one of the following statements explains why technical skills are important for lower-level	managers?
	A. Enable them supervise employees effectively	
	B. Enable them keep track of the environment	
	C. Solve complex problems in the organisation	(2
	D. Help them improve their interpersonal skills	(2 marks)
39.	Which one of the following roles is performed by middle level managers in an organisation?	Ve
	A. Establishing mission	ac ^{o.}
	B. Interpreting policies	thop.
	C. Arranging tools	NW .
	D. Overall control	(2 marks)
40.	Which one of the following statements is a reason that makes backing up electronic data	important in an
40.	organisation?	important in an
	A. Protect data against unauthorised access	
	B. Guard against loss of important information	
	C. Ensure efficiency in information retrieval	
	D. Ensure easy storage and use of information	(2 marks)
	D. Ensure easy storage and use of miormation	(2 marks)
41.	Which one of the following statements explains sorting of inward mail in an organisation?	
	A. Separating incoming and outgoing mail	
	B. Group incoming mail in a specific order	
	C. Stamping the date and time of receipt	
	D. Recording mail in the mail inward register	(2 marks)
42.	Which one of the following represents the order of a typical filing routine?	
· _·	A. Collecting, coding, sorting, indexing and cross referencing	
	B. Collecting, sorting, cross-referencing, indexing and coding	
	C. Collecting, indexing, cross-referencing, coding and sorting	
	D. Coding, sorting, cross-referencing, indexing and collecting	(2 marks)
4.5		
43.	Which one of the following statements describes visionary leaders?	
	A. Leaders with ability to foresee the future potential of an organisation	
	B. Leaders who come up with the overall interim goal of an organisation	
	C. Leaders who bring positive change in their followers' behaviour	(2
	D. People recognised and acknowledged in the society as leaders	(2 marks)

44.		in one of the following statements describes a job specification?	
	А.	Statement summarising the duties and responsibilities in a job	
	В.	Detailed analysis of each job or position in an organisation	
	C.	Statement of minimum requirements to be able to do a job	
	D.	Nature and scope of a job in terms of tasks and operations	(2 marks)
45.	Whic	h of the following documents could entrepreneurs use to help them prioritise an organisation's h	iring needs?
	А.	Job description	
	В.	Job design	
	C.	Skills profile	
	D.	Hiring firms	(2 marks)
46.	Whic	h one of the following is a responsibility of employees in taking care of their health and	safety at the
	work	place?	
	А.	Providing protective clothing	
	В.	Leaving their working areas	
	C.	Reporting injuries and strains	
	D.	Maintain workplace records	(2 marks)
47.	Whic	h one of the following skills could be required by management to successfully negotiate and sol	ve conflicts?
	А.	Coordinating skills	
	В.	Communication skills	
	C.	Planning skills	
	D.	Supervisory skills	(2 marks)
48.	Whic	h one of the following could be a cause of trips and falls at the work place?	
	А.	Workplace stress	
	B.	Poor ventilation	
	C.	Poor lighting	
	D.	Workplace stress Poor ventilation Poor lighting Unoccupied space	(2 marks)
49.	Whic	th one of the following is a challenge experienced by an entrepreneur at the growth stage of a but	siness?
	A.	Creating and attracting a stable customer base.	
	B.	Addressing the increasing customer demand	
	C.	Reinventing the business to remain relevant	
	D.	Deciding on the form of business ownership	(2 marks)
50.	Whic	h one of the following actions should be the focus of an entrepreneur at the seed stage of busines	ss growth?
	A.	Expanding management team	
	В.	Automation and outsourcing	
	C.	Training and hiring employees	
	D.	Undertaking business planning	(2 marks)

Which one of the following statements describes a job specification?

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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 22 April 2024. Morning Paper.

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This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1. Identify a characteristic displayed by an entrepreneur who introduces new products in the market.

A.	Credibility	
B.	Tolerance	
C.	Innovativeness	
D.	Reliability	(2 marks)
Whic	h one of the following challenges is associated with entrepreneurship?	
A.	Inflexibility of work	
B.	High demand	
C.	Low competition	-0 [.] .
D.	Loss of investment	(2 marks)
Choo	se a role played by entrepreneurship to the economic development of a country.	(2 marks) opicorte
A.	Capital formation	A
B.	Provision of subsidies	
D. С.	Licensing of business	
с. D.	Determining form of business	(2 marks)
		()
Whic	h of the following factors could motivate an individual to become an entrepreneur?	
A.	Management	
B.	Unemployment	
C.	Risk taking	
D.	High competition	(2 marks)
Identi	fy a factor that could enhance corporate entrepreneurship among businesses today.	
A.	Business registration	
B.	Working environment	
C.	Business strategies	
D.	Competitive environment	(2 marks)
Identi	fy the statement that describes an entrepreneur as a risk-taker.	
A.	Achieving goals by targeting a greater number of customers	
B.	Having to form their own opinion without consulting others	
C.	Searching new ways and techniques of production and marketing	
D.	Implementing decisions whose success cannot be guaranteed	(2 marks)
X 71 · ·		
Whic A.	h of the following strategies could be used as a method of generating new business ideas? Legal compliance	
A. B.	Business downsizing	
Б. С.	Internet research	
U.		

D. Business planning (2 marks)

8.	 Which of the following reasons could make a start-up entrepreneur seek the services of a business incu A. Reduced cost of launching a business B. The fear of starting a business alone 	bator?
	C. Helps in taking calculated riskD. Helps in brainstorming of ideas	(2 marks)
9.	 Identify a term used to describe the process of generating multiple ideas to solve a business problem. A. Diversification B. Brainstorming C. Specialization 	
	C. SpecialisationD. Standardisation	(2 marks)
10.	Choose a method that could be used to promote an entrepreneurial culture within an organisation.A. Condemn business failureB. Recognise entrepreneurs	
	C. Enhance stigma for failureD. Discourage diversity	(2 marks)
11.	Identify a benefit obtained by writing and presenting a good business plan. A. Generate new business idea	
	B. Increase liability of business	
	C. Increased chance of successD. Greater legal compliance	(2 marks)
	D. Oreater legal compliance	(2 marks)
12.	Which of the following factors distinguishes a partnership from a sole proprietorship?	
	A. Few legal formalitiesB. Has unlimited liability	
	C. Total control of business	
	D. Capacity for more capital	(2 marks)
13.	Which of the following forms of business allows easy change of ownership?	
	A. Franchise arrangement	
	B. Partnership business	
	C. Public limited companyD. Private limited company	(2 marks)
14.	Choose a characteristic displayed by a partnership form of business ownership. A. Enjoy perpetual succession	
	A. Enjoy perpetual successionB. Maintenance of business secrets	
	C. Sharing of duties in management	
	D. Shares are easily transferred	(2 marks)
15.	Identify the form of business ownership whose success relies more on the owner's ability. A. Company	
	B. Sole proprietorship	
	C. Franchise	(2
	D. Joint-venture	(2 marks)
16.	Choose a disadvantage of obtaining debt financing for business growth.	
	A. Payback with interestB. Full control of business	
	C. Shares business profits	
	D. Retains ownership	(2 marks)
17.	Which one of the following business entry options offers owners greater protection from personal liabi	lity?
	A. CompanyB. Sole proprietorship	
	C. Partnership	
	D. Franchise	(2 marks)

	D.	Business mentoring	(2 marks)
20.	Which proces	n one of the following statements explains the reason why some franchisors control the size 2^{2}	ite selection
	A.	Ensure standardised business location	
	В.	Know where franchisee is located	
	C.	Ensure suitable business location	
	D.	Enhance standardised operations	(2 marks)
21.	Which	one of the following is a benefit obtained by an organisation for having a well-defined target m	arket?
	А.	Increased competition	
	B.	Reduced marketing costs	
	С.	Limited customer base	
	D.	Decreased product demand	(2 marks)
22.	Which	n one of the following legal requirements does an entrepreneur need to successfully set up a busin	ness?
	А.	Unique personal identification	
	B.	Personal identification number	
	С.	Write a business proposal	
	D.	Business certificate number	(2 marks)
23.	Which	n one of the following is the first step in the process of registering a business name?	ALANA, C
	A.	Applying for a business licenses	
	В.	Searching and reserving a name	
	С.	Submitting documents to registrar	
	D.	Submitting reservation certificate	(2 marks)
24.		enterprises provides cleaning services to urban households and businesses. There have be	een positive
		onies of satisfied customers on social media about their excellent services. In of the following marketing-mix element is demonstrated by the positive customer reviews?	
	A.	Promotion	
	B.	Physical evidence	
	C.	Processes	
	D.	People	(2 marks)
25.	Identi	fy a description for a person who offers financing in exchange for part ownership.	
	А.	Franchising partner	
	В.	Angel financing	
	С.	Equity investor	
	D.	Acquiring partner	(2 marks)
26.	Choos	the term that explains the process of achieving organisational goals with and through people.	
	А.	Planning	
	В.	Management	
	C.	Intrapreneurship	
	D.	Staffing	(2 marks)
27.		n one of the following is part of the organising function of a manager?	
	А.	Selecting the organisation's mission statement	
	В.	Designing effective organisation structure	
	C.	Recruitment of appropriate employees	
	D		(0 1)

- A. Access to financing
 - Β. Market research
 - C. Space availability

18. Identify a reason that could make an entrepreneur use debt capital to finance a small start-up business.

- Inadequate working capital А.
 - Β. Writing a business plan
 - C. Encourage investors
 - D. Nonpayment of interest

19. Which one of the following services provided by business incubators to entrepreneurs helps in capacity building?

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D. Influencing the activities of subordinates

(2 marks) CM11 Page 3 Out of 6

(2 marks)

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28.	Which	Which one of the following managerial positions represents the strategic level?			
	А.	Top level			
	В.	Middle level			
	С.	Lower level			
	D.	Supervisory level	(2 marks)		
20	Which	of the following is an aim of controlling as a monogement function?			
29.		of the following is an aim of controlling as a management function? Providing guidance to employees			
	А. В.				
	Б. С.	Creation of authority and responsibility			
	D.	Man-power planning and appraisal Ensuring events conform to plans	(2 marks)		
	D.	Ensuring events contorni to plans	(2 marks)		
30.	Why w	vould an organisation prefer using an electronic filing system?			
	А.	Easy to store records in cabinets			
	В.	Minimum data storage			
	C.	Takes up a large space			
	D.	Easy to control access	(2 marks)		
31.	Which	one of the following is a feature of leadership?			
51.	A.	Relies on formal positions in an organisation			
	B.	Involve exercise of interpersonal influence			
	Б. С.	Exercised both on human and non-human resources			
			(2 montra)		
	D.	Concerned with conformity with organisation rules	(2 marks)		
32.	Choos	e a managerial role that involves setting priorities about the use of firm's facilities.			
	А.	Spokesperson role			
	В.	Liaison role			
	C.	Leadership role			
	D.	Resource allocator	(2 marks)		
33.	Identi	fy the phase of growth where a business determines its core strengths and capabilities.			
55.	A.	Early growth stage			
	B.	Maturity stage			
	Б. С.	Introduction stage			
	C. D.		(2 marks)		
	D.	Continuous growth	(2 marks)		
34.	Which	one of the following terms refers to identifiable stages of growth experienced by organisations?			
	А.	Business expansion			
	В.	Product cycle			
	C.	Life cycle			
	D.	Price stability	(2 marks)		
25	CI				
35.		e the meaning of the term "sustained growth" experienced by business organisations.			
	A.	Increase in sales over a short term			
	B.	Increase in products in short term			
	C.	Increase in profits over a long term			
	D.	Increase in aggressive competition	(2 marks)		
36.	Whick	one of the following statements could indicate that a business is growing too fast?			
	А.	Over-stretched staff			
	B.	Rising product quality			
	С.	Few customer's complaints			
	D.	Rising productivity	(2 marks)		
<u>-</u>					
37.		one of the following statements is the role of top management in relation to the planning function	n?		
	A. D	Determination of business policies			
	B.	Control exit and entry of people			
	C.	Representing the organisation	(2, 1)		
	D.	Arranging materials and tools	(2 marks)		

38.	А. В.	Monitoring the achievement of goals Directing and motivating employees	
	C. D.	Orientation and induction of staff Assigning responsibility and authority	(2 marks)
39.	Identify A.	a benefit that an organisation could derive from an effective control system. Useful in establishing contacts with experts	
	B.	Scheduling the delegation of authority	
	C.	Ensure timely correction of operational errors	
	D.	Gives direction to activities in an organisation	(2 marks)
40.		of the following management roles focuses on interpersonal contact? Liaison role	
	А. В.	Monitor role	
	C.	Entrepreneurial role	
	D.	Allocation role	(2 marks)
41.	Identify	the statement that explains 'up to date' with reference to an effective filing system.	
	A.	Only very current documents should be filed	
	B.	Ensure files are renewed after a certain period	
	C. D.	Records should be filed on a continuous basis	(2 marks)
	D.	Documents should be filed after proper dating	(2 marks)
42.		a way in which speed could be enhanced while handling outward mail.	
	A.	Making special delivery arrangements with post office	
	В. С.	Prompt distribution to appropriate departments	.9
	D.	Having time schedule for collection and dispatch Sorting and recording mail before distribution	(2 marks)
12	CI	Having time schedule for collection and dispatch Sorting and recording mail before distribution the term used to describe the process of assigning managerial authority and responsibility to er Centralisation Decentralisation Delegation	chopt
43.	Choose	the term used to describe the process of assigning managerial authority and responsibility to er	nployees
	A. B	Decentralisation	
	C.	Delegation	
	D.	Controlling	(2 marks)
44.	Identifv	a limitation of using monetary rewards to motivate employees.	
	A.	May be subjective	
	B.	Difficult to measure	
	C.	Offer intangible rewards	
	D.	Motivation is short-lived	(2 marks)
45.	Which of A.	of the following factors is a health and safety hazard at the work place? Building ventilations	
	B.	Fire extinguisher	
	C.	Extreme noise	
	D.	Clean environment	(2 marks)
46.		of the following functions of management involves providing leadership and motivation?	
	A. D	Staffing	
	В. С.	Controlling Directing	
	D.	Planning	(2 marks)
47.	Which 4	one of the following factors distinguishes leadership from management?	
• / •	A.	Concerned with achievement of goals	
	B.	Exerting influence on people	
	C.	Gets things done through other people	
	D.	Leadership relies on formal authority	(2 marks)

48.	Identify A. B. C. D.	the objective of establishing an effective filing system in an organisation. Implementing electronic systems Ensure easy accessibility of records Inappropriate classification of records Evaluation of data stored physically	(2 marks)
	D.	Evaluation of data stored physically	(2 marks)
49.	Identify	the key purpose of stamping inward mail.	
	А.	Ensure mail is recorded	
	B.	Indicate initials of sender	
	C.	Indicate value of stamp	
	D.	Indicate the date received	(2 marks)
50.	Which	one of the following factors could improve employee morale in an organisation?	
	А.	Promotion of employees	
	B.	Employee redundancy	
	C.	Employee demotions	
	D.	Employee separation	(2 marks)

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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 4 December 2023. Morning Paper.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1. Which of the following is a reward for entrepreneurship? Α. Patience B. Passion C. Profits D. Promotion (2 marks) 2. Identify a challenge faced by entrepreneurs when setting up a business. Lack of competitors A. Limited financing В. C. Multiple channels (2 marks) in the second Product maturity D. 3. Which of the following is a factor that distinguishes intrapreneurs from entrepreneurs? Intrapreneurs are innovative A. В. They seek new opportunities C. Their reward is wages or salaries D. They take moderate business risks (2 marks) 4. Choose a characteristic of an entrepreneurial venture from the following: Maintain modest business operations A. B. Have high potential for growth C. Involves less risk and low returns Non-profit oriented pursuing social problems (2 marks) D. 5. Choose a reason why government encourages the setting up of small businesses. Avoid establishment of large businesses A. Β. Promote balanced regional development C. Reduce the level of employment in the country Enable issuance of large number of licences D. (2 marks) 6. Identify an approach that entrepreneurs may use to establish a viable business opportunity. A. Find gaps in the market place B. Infrastructural development C. Accumulate business ideas Establish a legal framework (2 marks) D. 7. Which of the following term explains the process of turning an idea into a marketable product or service? A. Ideation Commercialisation В. C. Conceptualisation D. Validation (2 marks)

8.	Identify a role played by government in promoting entrepreneurship.	
	A. Providing political governanceB. Enforcing law and compliance	
	B. Enforcing law and complianceC. Provide an enabling environment	
	D. Provide business governance	(2 marks)
		(2 marks)
9.	Which of the following is a characteristic of an executive summary of a business plan?	
	A. Last to be read	
	B. First to be written	
	C. Short and comprehensive	
	D. Lengthy and detailed	(2 marks)
10.	Which of the following is a role of business incubation?	
10.	A. Provide skilled employees	
	B. Accelerate business growth	
	C. Act as business role models	
	D. Provide political stability	(2 marks)
		× ,
11.	Choose a form of business that has no separation between ownership and management.	
	A. Private limited company	
	B. Public limited company	
	C. A joint venture company	
	D. Sole proprietorship	(2 marks)
12.	Choose the importance of having a clearly drawn partnership agreement to the members.	
	A. Reduce disputes among partners	
	B. Liability of partners are limited	
	C. Legal framework is broadened	
	D. Minimises partners tax liability	(2 marks)
10		
13.	Which of the following factors is considered when choosing a business entry option?	
	A. Generating ideasB. Amount of finance	
	C. Business plan	
	D. Registration plan	(2 marks)
		(2 marks)
14.	What is the term used to describe a temporary partnership between companies to achieve a common ob	jective?
	A. Joint venture	-
	B. Merger	
	C. Acquisition	
	D. Franchise	(2 marks)
15.	Identify a description of a person who offers financing in exchange for part ownership.	
15.	A. Franchising partner	
	B. Debt financing	
	C. Equity investor	
	D. Acquiring partner	(2 marks)
16.	Identify a quality considered by commercial banks when lending to an entrepreneur.	
	A. Patience	
	B. PassionC. Character	
	D. Perseverance	(2 marks)
		(2 marks)
17.	Which of the following refers to raising funds from a large number of people through the internet?	
	A. Venture funding	
	B. Market funding	
	C. Crowd funding	
	D. Gift funding	(2 marks)

18.	 Which of the following is a form of external financing for entrepreneurs? A. Personal savings B. Bootstrapping C. Venture capital 	
	D. Friends and family loans	(2 marks)
19.	 Identify the source of finance that could be used by an entrepreneur who wishes to avoid loss of control. A. Equity finance B. Venture capital C. Debt capital D. Business angels 	(2 marks)
20.	Choose a factor that technology-driven companies look for in a potential location.	
20.	 A. Proximity to prospective customers B. Composition of local labour force C. Level of business competition 	
	D. Proximity to essential services	(2 marks)
21.	Identify the act of two or more businesses sharing the same space due to high cost of business premises.A.Retail storesB.Outlet centresC.Co-workingD.Non-traditional	(2 marks)
22.	Which of the following explains a set of positive attributes that people associate with a firm?A. TaglineB. Niche	
	C. Mapping D. Brand	(2 marks) opticote
23.	 Identify a way in which the government has enhanced the process of acquiring business licences. A. Increasing the number of licences B. Privatising the licencing procedure C. Initiating online licencing services D. Withdrawing all business licences 	(2 marks)
24.	Select a strategy that an entrepreneur could use to gain instant credibility of a new brand.	(2 marks)
	 A. Improving customer access B. Use of online retailers C. Influencer marketing D. Initiate mass production 	(2 marks)
25.	 Which of the following is a measure that could be instituted to ensure customer satisfaction? A. Multiple-channel support B. Many suppliers of inputs 	
	C. Increased customer demand D. Writing a business plan	(2 marks)
26.	 Which of the following defines the process of setting goals and deciding how to achieve them? A. Organising B. Leading C. Planning D. Controlling 	(2 marks)
27.	Choose a term that refers to a manager's role of arranging tasks, people and resources to achieve goals.A. LeadingB. Planning	
	C. Controlling D. Organising	(2 marks)

28.	Identify the role played by top level managers in an organisation. A. Implement policies	
	B. Supervise daily activities	
	C. Make long-term plans	
	D. Supervise and coordinate	(2 marks)
		()
29.	Identify a managerial skill that consists of the ability to think analytically and understand the orga whole.	nisation as a
	A. Technical skill	
	B. Human relations	
	C. Conceptual skills	
	D. Interpersonal skill	(2 marks)
30.	Choose the term that explains the process of achieving organisational goals with and through people.	
	A. Planning	
	B. Management	
	C. Intrapreneurship	
	D. Leadership	(2 marks)
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31.	Identify the skills of a manager that requires proficiency in methods, processes and procedures of a gi	ven activity.
	A. Organising skillsB. Diagnostic skills	
	8	
	1	(2
	D. Technical skills	(2 marks)
32.	Which of the following roles is played by a manager as a figure head?	
	A. Monitor the environment	
	B. Opportunity identification	
	C. Representing the organisation	
	D. Disseminating information	(2 marks)
33.	Identify the function of management that deals with hiring, training, compensation and develo	ping human
	resources.	
	A. Recruitment	
	B. Leadership	
	C. Supervision	
	D. Staffing	(2 marks)
24		
34.	Select a function performed by lower-level managers.	
	A. Handling routine duties	
	B. Coordination of departments	
	C. Formulation of strategiesD. Procedure and policy making	(2 montra)
	D. Procedure and policy making	(2 marks)
35.	Which of the following steps is undertaken before incoming mail is opened?	
	A. Weighing	
	B. Sorting	
	C. Recording	
	D. Date stamping	(2 marks)
36.	Which of the following terms refers to names and addresses stored on computers to enable quicl	c printing on
	envelopes?	
	A. Postage data	
	B. Processed mail	
	C. Mailing list	
	D. Postage scales	(2 marks)

37.		a technique that could be used to enhance customer support emails.	
	A.	Automated responses for known issues	
	B.	Replying the emails only when necessary	
	C.	Deleting and ignoring irritating messages	(2, 1)
	D.	Discouraging customers from writing emails	(2 marks)
38.		a problem that could be caused by disorderly filing of office records.	
	A.	Use of alphabetical filing	
	В.	Strict tracking of records	
	C.	Complex filing system	
	D.	Inability to retrieve records	(2 marks)
39.	Choose	the term used to explain the ability to influence employees to pursue goals.	
	A.	Planning	
	В.	Leadership	
	C.	Coercive power	
	D.	Reward power	(2 marks)
40.		a reason why motivation is important in an organisation.	
	A.	Increase employee turnover	
	В.	Eliminate need for managers	
	C.	Reduced resistance to change	
	D.	Grievances are likely to increase	(2 marks)
41.	Which	of the following could be a guide to recruiting the right employee?	
	A.	Salary	
	В.	Race	. Ye
	C.	Nationality	di cur
	D.	Competence	(2 marks) hon ^{ico, ke}
42.	Which	of the following statements describe the term "job specification"?	NAN
	А.	Statement of minimum acceptable human qualities necessary to perform a job	
	В.	Analysis of a job in order to determine the human resource requirements	
	С.	The various specific units of responsibility and authority designated as jobs	
	D.	Statement of duties and responsibilities required for a specific job	(2 marks)
43.	Identify	a measure that management could use to minimise recruitment and training costs.	
	А.	Use external sources of recruitment	
	В.	Implement employee retention strategies	
	C.	Avoid advertisement of vacant posts	
	D.	Use lower-level managers to hire workers	(2 marks)
44.	Select a	way in which conflict could be prevented in an organisation.	
	A.	Encouraging competition	
	B.	Introduction of change	
	C.	Sharing of resources	
	D.	Rules and procedures	(2 marks)
45.	Which	of the following could be a positive consequence of conflict in an organisation?	
	A.	Save time and resources in the organisation	
	B.	Reveal deeper problems that need to be solved	
	C.	Decrease stress and anxiety among employees	
	D.	Some employees may leave the organisation	(2 marks)
46.	Select a	reason why management should implement health and safety measures in an organisation.	
- 1	A.	To comply with the law	
	B.	Improve management skills	
	C.	Ensure punctuality of staff	
	D.	Limit number of visitors	(2 marks)

47.		Choose the stage of growth when the firm focuses on managing products efficiently rather than expanding into		
	new a			
	A.	Decline stage		
	B.	Maturity stage		
	C.	Innovation stage	(2 1)	
	D.	Early growth	(2 marks)	
48.	Ident	ify a risk that could affect safety at the work place.		
	A.	Security guards		
	В.	Preventive clothing		
	C.	Environmental hazards		
	D.	Indisciplined employees	(2 marks)	
49.	Ident	ify a source of a firm's decline in performance and eventual closure.		
	A.	Threat of innovative products		
	B.	Firm's competitive advantage		
	C.	Competitive sales advertising		
	D.	Adapting to environmental change	(2 marks)	
50.	Whic	h of the following should be the focus of an entrepreneur at the start-up stage of a busir	ness life cycle?	
001	A.	Forming Joint-ventures with others		
	B.	Automation and outsourcing services		
	С.	Adding new products to existing ones		
	D.		(2 marks)	



CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 21 August 2023. Morning Paper.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1.	Which A. B. C. D.	of the following indicates behaviours commonly displayed by successful entrepreneurs? Passion, preference, politeness, procreating and popular Patience, profiteering, political, popular and politeness Passion, perseverance, promotional, planning and professional Planning, promotion focus, profiteering, popular and passionate	(2 marks)
2.		e an entrepreneur who duplicates technological innovations in the market.	
	A.	Imitative	
	В. С.	Craft	2
	С. D.	Fabian Innovative	(2 montra) co.Ye
	D.	Innovative	(2 marks)
3.	Select	a set of qualities that describes a good business opportunity.	(2 marks) (2 marks) (2 marks)
	А.	Attractive, durable, anchored on product and timeliness	A
	В.	Attractive, high gains, short cycle and minimal resources	
	C.	Durable, abnormal profits, long cycle and unique market	
	D.	Anchored on product, profitable, short cycle and timely	(2 marks)
4.	Which	of the following describes a business idea?	
	A.	A window of opportunity for start-ups	
	B.	A thought that may become an opportunity	
	C.	Opportunity that meets customer needs	
	D.	A notion for business success	(2 marks)
5.	Identif	y the role played by a social entrepreneur in the country.	
	A.	Create profitable business	
	B.	Engage waste collection	
	C.	Use skill for common profit	
	D.	Create business for common benefit	(2 marks)
6.	Which	of the following is used by government to promote entrepreneurship?	
	A.	Allow business tax	
	B.	Support incubation	
	C.	Reduce food subsidy	
	D.	Apply centralisation	(2 marks)
7.	Which	of the following is a benefit of writing a good business plan?	
	A.	Attract competitors	
	В.	Sharing resources	
	C.	Choose founders	
	D.	Attract investors	(2 marks)

8.	Which o	of the following is a component of management plan?	
	А.	Financial ratios	
	В.	Working schedule	
	C.	Employees roles	
	D.	Product quality	(2 marks)
9.	Choose	a limitation of a partnership business organisation.	
	А.	Making snap decisions	
	B.	Unlimited liability	
	C.	Sharing of losses	
	D.	Use of skills	(2 marks)
10.	Choose	a factor considered when choosing a business entry option.	
	A.	Climate	
	B.	Politics	
	C.	Cost	
	D.	Rigidity	(2 marks)
11.	Which o	of the following describes the process of collecting first-hand information from customers?	
	А.	Census data	
	B.	Primary research	
	C.	Windshield research	
	D.	Industry research	(2 marks)
12.	Which 1	term is used to describe a form of business arrangement that allows others to use an established	l brand
	name?		
	А.	Merger	
	В.	Corporate	
	C.	Venturing	
	D.	Merger Corporate Venturing Franchising	(2 marks)
13.		of the following refers to a way of avoiding external financing through cost cutting?	
	А.	Crowdfunding	
	В.	Microfinancing	
	C.	Leasing	<i>(</i> - -)
	D.	Bootstrapping	(2 marks)
14.		a characteristic of management.	
	A.	Intangible	
	B.	Limited	
	C.	Regional	<i>(</i> - - - - - - - - - -
	D.	Individual	(2 marks)
15.		of the following attributes enable a manager to exercise fairness to people?	
	A.	Flexibility	
	В.	Honesty	
	C.	Tactful	
	D.	Impartiality	(2 marks)
16.		of the following is a step in the planning process?	
	А.	Monitoring performance and benchmarking	
	В.	Arranging tasks and other resources	
	C.	Setting goals and how to achieve them	
	D.	Influencing employees to achieve goals	(2 marks)

17.	Identify	the composition of managerial information roles that facilitate them perform their functions.	
	A.	Figure head, leader and resource allocation	
	B.	Entrepreneur, negotiator and resource allocation	
	C.	Monitoring, dissemination and spokesperson	
	D.	Conflict handler, leader and entrepreneur	(2 marks)
18.	Which o	f the following is a role played by middle level managers?	
10.	A.	Providing feedback	
	B.	Determining vision	
	С.	Setting policies	
	D.	Strategic planning	(2 marks)
19.	Choose	from the following a strategic level of management in an organization	
19.	A.	from the following a strategic level of management in an organisation. Middle level	
		Lower level	
		Operational level	
	С. D.	Top level	(2 marks)
	D.		(2 marks)
20.	Which o	f the following is a top-level management role in an organisation?	
	А.	Supervising of staff	
	В.	Policy implementation	
	C.	Determining the mission	
	D.	Operational instructions	(2 marks)
21.	Which o	f the following shows business behaviour at maturity stage?	
	А.	Business decline	Xe
	B.	Slow growth	with CO
	C.	High growth	chor
	D.	Low profits	(2 marks)
22.	Identify	a characteristic of innovative entrepreneurs.	
	А.	Open to new ideas	
	B.	Avoid carrying out research	
	C.	Fear taking risks	
	D.	Last to adopt to change	(2 marks)
23.	Why do	entrepreneurs require to generate new ideas?	
201	A.	Increase competition	
	B.	Promote business incubation	
	C.	Ensure business is legal	
	D.	Respond to market needs	(2 marks)
24.	Which o	f the following terms refer to a technique of stimulating creative ideas through group discussio	n?
	A.	Innovation	
	B.	Facilitation	
	C.	Brainstorming	
	D.	Research	(2 marks)
25.	Identifv	the component that introduces the contents of a business plan.	
	A.	Business description	
	B.	Executive summary	
	C.	Cover page	
	D.	Appendix	(2 marks)
			· /

26.	А. В.	se a factor that could encourage entrepreneurs to start a sole proprietorship form of business. Low start-up cost No tax charged		
	C. D.	Specialised management Unlimited liability	(2 marks)	
27.		h of the following business entry option would be appropriate for an entrepreneur who wisl ess secrets?	hes to maintain	
	А.	Company		
	В.	Sole proprietorship		
	C. D.	Franchise Partnership	(2 marks)	
20			()	
28.		would an entrepreneur prefer a long-term loan over a short-term loan?		
	А. В.	No collateral required Lower monthly repayments		
	Б. С.	Shorter approval procedure		
	D.	Easier to qualify for the loan	(2 marks)	
29.	Iedid	a wishes to open a salon. Which of the following factors should she consider while choosing	a a location for	
29.		usiness?	g a location for	
	A.	Nearness to competitors		
	B.	Availability of raw materials		
	C.	Accessibility to customers		
	D.	Nearness to distributors	(2 marks)	
20	Why would distribution channels be used by an entremos we are set on the interview of the set of the set			
30.	-	would distribution channels be used by an entrepreneur as a source of new business ideas?		
	А. В.	They are the final consumers of products They are familiar with market needs		
	Б. С.	They are likely to generate more ideas		
	D.	They are under the control of the entrepreneur	(2 marks)	
	Ъ.		(2 marks)	
31.	Whic	h of the following is an element of the extended marketing mix?		
	А.	Plan		
	В.	Place		
	C.	Profit	<i>(</i> - - - - - - - - - -	
	D.	People	(2 marks)	
32.	Whic	h of the following is an objective of digital marketing?		
	А.	Ensure use of technology		
	В.	Create brand awareness		
	C.	Comply with regulations	<i></i>	
	D.	Reduce prices of goods	(2 marks)	
33.		context of management functions, which of the following statement describes the term 'leading	ng'?	
	А.	Assigning roles, tasks and responsibilities to employees		
	B.	Setting procedures and policies and ways of attaining goals		
	C.	Directing and motivating human resources towards a common goal		
	D.	Determining strategies required to achieve long-term goals	(2 marks)	
34.	The f	ollowing are tasks undertaken by managers.		
	(i)	Making routine day to day decisions		
	(ii)	Coordinating interdepartmental activities		
	(iii)	Determining the organisation's vision and mission		
	(iv)	Appointment of staff		
	(v)	Solving employees' disputes		
	(vi)	Supervising operational employees		

	Whic	h of the following set represents tasks performed by lower-level management in an organisation?	
	A.	(i), (ii), (vi)	
	В.	(ii), (iii), (iv)	
	C.	(i), (v), (vi)	
	D.	(iv), (v), (vi)	(2 marks)
35.	Whic	h management function ensures that performance of activities compares favourably with plans se	t for them?
	A.	Controlling	
	В.	Organising	
	C.	Delegation	
	D.	Staffing	(2 marks)
36.	What	term refers to the management role of seeking and receiving information from external and inter	nal sources?
	A.	Liaison role	
	В.	Monitor role	
	C.	Spokesperson	
	D.	Disseminator	(2 marks)
37.	Identi	ify an activity that could be undertaken by a manager as a resource allocator.	
	А.	Negotiating	
	В.	Budgeting	
	С.	Motivating	
	D.	Informing	(2 marks)
38.		h of the following is an interpersonal skill of an effective manager?	×10
	A.	Active listening	· co.*
	B.	Goal achievement	hope
	C.	Logical thinking	() MAN
	D.	Project management	(2 marks)
39.		h of the following is a purpose of sorting incoming mail?	
	A.	Ensure mail is date-stamped	
	B.	To ensure efficient opening of mail	
	C.	Ensure delivery to the right recipient	(2, 1)
	D.	Ensure that it has the correct address	(2 marks)
40.		h of the following is an objective of filing business records?	
	A. D	Reduce the number of records stored	
	В. С.	Ensure there are trained filing clerks	
	C. D.	Use of alphabetical classification Allow easy retrieval of records	(2 marks)
	D.	Anow easy retrieval of records	(2 marks)
41.	Identify the style of leadership that always considers the decisions of a manager to be superior to that of subordinates.		
	A.	Democratic	
	B.	Participative	
	С.	Laissez-faire	
	D.	Autocratic	(2 marks)
42.	Whic	h of the following term refers to a desire and willingness of employees to achieve goals?	
	A.	Orientation	
	В.	Discipline	
	C.	Motivation	
	D.	Delegation	(2 marks)

43.	Whic	h of the following is included in a job description?			
	A.	Skills and abilities			
	B.	Employee's qualifications			
	C.	Emotional attributes			
	D.	Tasks and responsibilities	(2 marks)		
44.	Choo	Choose from the following a benefit that could accrue to an organisation from hiring competent employees?			
	A.	Reduce safety risks and hazards			
	B.	Enhance level of labour turnover			
	C.	Increase time needed for orientation			
	D.	Increase time taken to perform tasks	(2 marks		
45.	Ident	Identify the stage in a business growth when cash flow is likely to be negative.			
45.		Stabilisation	s likely to be negative.		
	A. D				
	B.	Start-up			
	C.	Maturity	(2 1		
	D.	Growth	(2 marks)		
46.	Whic	h is the first step in staff recruitment?			
	А.	Job application			
	В.	Job advertisement			
	C.	Job specification			
	D.	Vacancy identification	(2 marks		
47.	Which of the following is an advantage of delegation of authority?				
	A.	Enhance staff development			
	B.	Increases layers of management			
	С.	Increases competition for resources			
	D.	Allows centralisation of power	(2 marks		
48.	What	method of conflict management involves putting	the needs of the other party shead and letting them have		
40.		What method of conflict management involves putting the needs of the other party ahead and letting them have their way?			
	A.	Avoidance			
	B.	Accommodating			
	С.	Collaborating			
	С. D.	Compromising	(2 marks		
	р.	compromising	(2 mark)		
49.	Whic	h is the first statutory requirement while setting up	a business?		
	А.	Acquiring a tax PIN			
	В.	Registering a business name			
	C.	Acquiring a business permit			
	D.	Fire safety certification	(2 marks)		
50.	Whic	h of the following is a risk to health and safety of	employees at the work place?		
	А.	Wet floor			
	B.	Manned gate			
	C.	Unlocked door			
	D.	Fire extinguishers	(2 marks		
	2.		(2 mmm)		



CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 24 April 2023. Morning Paper.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL the questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C OR D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- Which of the following is a role played by entrepreneurs in your country?
 A. Increase level of dependence
 - B. Enhance level of unemployment
 - B. Ennance level of unemploymen
 - C. Reduce foreign exchange
 - D. Provide government revenue
- 2. Which of the following could inhibit the development of an entrepreneurial culture?
 - A. Low cost of production
 - B. Government support
 - C. Business incubation
 - D. Restrictive customs
- 3. Which of the following is a characteristic of drone entrepreneurs?
 - A. They like to buy ongoing businesses
 - B. Engage in research and innovative activities
 - C. Not ready to make changes in production methods
 - D. Have confidence in their inborn ability and talent
- 4. Which of the following is an advantage of venturing into business over seeking salaried employment?
 - A. More job satisfaction
 - B. Less responsibilities
 - C. Reduced decision-making
 - D. Certainty of earning income
- 5. From the following options, select the method used to promote intrapreneurship in business organisations.
 - A. Apply a rigid organisations structure
 - B. Observe strict compliance in operations
 - C. Apply firm budgetary rules and regulations
 - D. Allow freedom when executing duties
- 6. Which of the following statements explains the role played by social entrepreneurs?
 - A. Encourage firms generate super profits
 - B. Mobilise people to solve their problems
 - C. Provide services on a short-term contract
 - D. Give long-term service to private firms
- 7. Which component of the business plan describes the pricing strategy of a business?
 - A. Production plan
 - B. Financial plan
 - C. Marketing plan
 - D. Operational plan

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

(2 marks)

8.	The following information is included in a business plan:	
	(i) Methods of product promotion	
	(ii) Business location(iii) Background of the owner	
	(iv) Key personnel	
	(v) Production process	
	(vi) Products and services	
		c 1 · · · 1
	Which of the following set represents information included in the business description section of $A_{\text{(i)}}$ (ii) (iii) (iv)	t a business plan.
	A. (i), (iii), (iv) B. (ii), (iii), (vi)	
	C. $(iv), (v), (v)$	
	D. $(iii), (v), (vi)$	(2 marks)
9.	Which of the following is a disadvantage of munice a northernkin hydroge?	
9.	Which of the following is a disadvantage of running a partnership business?A. Partners can personally be sued for business debts	
	B. There are complex legal formalities involved	
	C. There is sharing of risks among the partners	
	D. Partners have no direct control over the business	(2 marks)
10.	Which of following is a benefit that could accrue to a franchisee from a franchising arrangement	·9
10.	A. Freedom of operation	•
	B. More control of business	
	C. Reduced chances of failure	
	D. There is room for creativity	(2 marks)
11.	Which of the following is a challenge associated with business inheritance?	
	A. Poor location	
	B. Lack of space	
	C. Lack of license	
	 Which of the following is a challenge associated with business inheritance? A. Poor location B. Lack of space C. Lack of license D. Family rivalries The following are sources of business finance: (i) Business angels 	(2 marks)
12.	The following are sources of business finance:	
	 (i) Business angels (ii) Debentures (iii) Microfinance funding (iv) Share capital 	
	(ii) Debentures	
	(iii) Microfinance funding	
	 (iv) Share capital (v) Personal finance 	
	(v) Bank overdraft	
	Which of the following set represents sources of debt capital?	
	A. (ii), (iii), (vi) B. (i), (iv), (vi)	
	C. $(i), (iv), (v)$	
	D. (iii), (iv), (vi)	(2 marks)
13.	Choose among the following a factor that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a source	e of finance
15.	A. Competition	e of finance.
	B. Cost	
	C. Durability	
	D. Market	(2 marks)
14.	Which of the following is a statutory requirement for all businesses?	
	A. Adequate capital	
	B. Skilled employees	
	C. Business permit	
	D. Business plan	(2 marks)
15.	Choose a method that government uses to promote entrepreneurship in the country.	
	A. Enforcing inhibiting business regulations	
	B. Restricting the movement of goods	
	C. Importation of goods in the countryD. Allowing an enabling business environment	(2 marks)
	D. Anowing an chaoting business environment	CM11 Page 2
		Out of 6

Out of 6

16.	Which one of the following is the reason why entrepreneurs get into partnership form of business ownerA. To increase prices of the productsB. To benefit from business closure	ship?
	C. To generate more business capital	(2, 1)
	D. To get higher business share value	(2 marks)
17.	Which of the following could hinder the ability to recognise a business opportunity?	
	A. Prior business experience	
	B. Business social networks	
	C. Entrepreneurial awareness	
	D. Inability to solve problems	(2 marks)
18.	Which one of the following is a benefit of brainstorming as a method of generating business ideas?	
	A. Many ideas are generated	
	B. Participants are criticised	
	C. Complex analytical reasoning	
	D. Moderator exercises partiality	(2 marks)
19.	Which among the following is a factor that distinguishes a partnership from sole proprietorship business	;?
	A. Perpetual continuity	
	B. Unlimited liabilityC. Limited owner's control	
	D. Shared responsibilities	(2 marks)
	D. Shared responsionnes	(2 marks)
20.	Which among the following is a benefit obtained by an entrepreneur who buys an ongoing business?	
	A. Ease of implementing change	
	B. Valuing stock acquired by owner	
	C. Fixed location for the business	(2
	D. Established customers in business	(2 marks)
21.	Which one of the following is the benefit of obtaining capital from a venture capitalist?	(2 marks) .co. ^{ye}
	A. Low profitability and low returns	A.
	B. An average working capital	
	C. Slow growth in the industry	(2 1)
	D. Strong management support	(2 marks)
22.	Choose the term that refers to money provided by professionals in exchange for equity.	
	A. Loan capital	
	B. Crowd funding	
	C. Venture capital	
	D. Seed capital	(2 marks)
23.	Why is management important in any business organisation?	
	A. Act as the link between employees and trade unions	
	B. Ensure plans are not changed before implementation	
	C. Maintain stability of operations in the organisation	
	D. Limit the resources required by staff to accomplish goals	(2 marks)
24.	Which statement describes the activity involved in the leading function?	
	A. Evaluating performance	
	B. Allocating resources	
	C. Influencing people	(2 1)
	D. Managing finances	(2 marks)
25.	Choose among the following, a strategy used by managers to retain customers.	
	A. Enhancing competitionB. Imitating services	
	C. Increased engagement	
	D. Product description	(2 marks)
	F	()

26.	Choos A. B. C.	e among the following, the statement describing the function of a cross-functional team. Eliminate production strategies Operational scheduling Pursue a common objective	
	D.	Analyse the job descriptions	(2 marks)
27.	Which A. B.	of the following is a disadvantage of compromising method of conflict management? Prolonged dispute Reduces hostility	
	Б. С.	Escalates disagreement	
	D.	Undermines quality	(2 marks)
28.	Which A.	of the following statement could provide information for writing a job description? Current employees holding the job	
	В.	Advertisement of a vacant position	
	C.	The top achiever in the organisation	(2 montra)
	D.	Business reports and correspondence	(2 marks)
29.		one of the following is the common experience of a business at the maturity stage?	
	А. В.	A business experiences a decline A business experiences sales growth	
	Б. С.	A business experiences slow growth	
	D.	A business experiences low profit	(2 marks)
30.	Choos	e the first stage in the rational decision making.	
50.	A.	State the problem	
	B.	Identify the problem	
	C.	Evaluate a problem	
	D.	Examine a problem	(2 marks)
31.	Choose a factor that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a business location.		
	A.	Space for expansion	
	B.	High competition	
	C. D.	Business cycle Cost of credit	(2 marks)
	D.		(2 marks)
32.	In the A.	context of marketing mix, which of the following role is a played by distribution channels? Production	
	В.	Consumption	
	C.	Transportation	
	D.	Financing	(2 marks)
33.		of the following makes up the 4Ps of the marketing mix? Price, People, place, profit	
	А. В.	Place, product, profit, promotion	
	С.	People, promotion, price, processes	
	D.	Promotion, place, price, product	(2 marks)
34.	Why does a manager require interpersonal skills?		
	А.	To operate machines	
	B.	To motivate others	
	C. D.	To establish structures For office operations	(2 marks)
			(2 11101185)
35.	Which of the following represents informational roles of a manager?		
	А. В.	Figurehead, spokesman and liaison Figurehead, liaison and leader	
	Б. С.	Negotiator, entrepreneur and monitor	
	С. D.	Monitor, disseminator and spokesman	(2 marks)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(

36.	Why is	it important for the mailing clerk to check outgoing mail before dispatch?	
	A.	Ensure mail is up to date	
	В.	Ensure mail is properly filed	
	C.	Confirm enclosure are attached	
	D.	Stamp the mail with date and time	(2 marks)
37.	Which	of the following determines postage charged on outgoing mail?	
	A.	Recipient	
	B.	Sender	
	C.	Cost of stamp	
	D.	Destination	(2 marks)
38.	Identify	the role of using emails in customer service?	
201	A.	Provide customer support	
	B.	Sending internal communication	
	C.	Communicating business secrets	
	С. D.	Discourage customer engagement	(2 marks)
39.	Which	one of the following term refers to the process of finding or locating old data, documents or re-	aarda?
39.		Records retrieval	corus?
	A. D		
	B.	Filing of records	
	C.	Records management	(2 1)
	D.	Electronic filing	(2 marks)
40.		of the following is a method that could be used to capture electronic data for filing?	
	А.	Printing	
	В.	Scanning	
	C.	Sending	Ye
	D.	Duplication	(2 marks)
41.	Identify	a mistake that could lead to poor hiring decisions in an organisation.	NW Ch-
	A.	High percentage of staff turn-over	Alt
	B.	Lack of adequate leadership talent	
	C.	Failure to encourage creativity by staff	
	D.	Lack of evidence-based selection process	(2 marks)
42.	Which	of the following could be a source of employee motivation?	
	A.	Job analysis	
	B.	Pay discrimination	
	<u>с.</u>	Job enlargement	
	С. D.	Employee discipline	(2 marks)
	D.		(2 marks)
43.		of the following is a benefit of effectively managing organisational conflict?	
	А. В.	Employee retention	
		Helps in self-defense	
	C.	Allows quick victory	(0 , 1)
	D.	Strained work relations	(2 marks)
44.	•	ould an organisation institute sound health and safety measures?	
	A.	Monitor employees' health	
	В.	Identify risks and hazards	
	C.	Ensure the gate is manned	
	D.	Eliminate sick employees	(2 marks)
45.	Identify	the function of top-level management in an organisation.	
	А.	Supervise workers	
	В.	Setting service lines	
	C.	Allocation of duties	
	D.	Set strategic goals	(2 marks)
			· /

Whic	Which of the following type of leadership could encourage creativity in an organisation?			
A.	Autocratic			
В.	Laissez-faire			
C.	Monocratic			
D.	Tyrannical	(2 marks)		
Choo	se a statement that explains the stabilisation stage of a business life cycle.			
A.	Involves expansion			
В.	Involves retrenchment			
C.	Involves mergers			
D.	Involves no change	(2 marks)		
Ident	ify a reason why control is needed in an organisation.			
A.	To discover errors			
В.	To eliminate work			
C.	To check finances			
D.	To break rules	(2 marks)		
Whic	h of the following is part of the organising function of management?			
А.	Forecasting			
В.	Coordination			
C.	Motivation			
D.	Monitoring	(2 marks)		
Ident	ify a role performed by a supervisor in an organisation.			
	Assign tasks and responsibilities			
	Coordinate work of departments			
	Setting overall organisation goals			
D.	Appointment and transfer of staff	(2 marks)		
	chopi.ce			
	A. B. C. D. Choo A. B. C. D. Ident: A. B. C. D. White A. B. C. D. Ident: A. B. C. D.	 A. Autocratic B. Laissez-faire C. Monocratic D. Tyrannical Choose a statement that explains the stabilisation stage of a business life cycle. A. Involves expansion B. Involves retrenchment C. Involves mergers D. Involves no change Identify a reason why control is needed in an organisation. A. To discover errors B. To eliminate work C. To check finances D. To break rules Which of the following is part of the organising function of management? A. Forecasting B. Coordination C. Motivation D. Monitoring Identify a role performed by a supervisor in an organisation. A. Assign tasks and responsibilities B. Coordinate work of departments C. Setting overall organisation goals 		



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 5 December 2022. Morning Paper. Time Allowed: 2 hours. This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL the questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C OR D) that represents the correct answer. Do NOT write anything on this paper. 1. Which type of entrepreneur adopts to change only when it is important for survival? Drone A. B. Imitative C. Fabian D. Innovative (2 marks) 2. Select the statement that describes an intrapreneur. A. A person who detects an untapped opportunity to make own income B. A person who buys products at a certain price with a view to sell them at a higher price C. An individual who brings factors of production together to start a business (2 marks) D. An employee who uses entrepreneurial skills to generate profit for the venture 3. Which of the following is a role of entrepreneurship in economic development? Reduce the level of exports in the country A. B. Promote balanced regional growth C. Formulating favourable regulations D. Providing an enabling environment (2 marks) 4. Choose a benefit attained by a country with high levels of entrepreneurial activity. High levels of business formation A. Β. High levels of cyclical unemployment C. High levels of business opportunities D. High levels of government intervention (2 marks) 5. Which of the following is a characteristic of an executive summary in a business plan? Summarises every chapter in the business plan. A. B. Prepared first before all other components C. Summarises the content of a marketing plan D. Appears on the cover page of a business plan (2 marks) 6. Which of the following is a role of business incubation? Α. Generate business idea B. Controlling business ideas C. Enhance business success D. Lower business capacity (2 marks) 7. Select the set of qualities that describes a good business opportunity. A. Attractive, high gains, short cycle and minimal resources B. Durable, abnormal profits, long cycle and unique market C. Anchored on product, profitable, short cycle and timely

D. Attractive, durable, anchored on product and timely

(2 marks)

CM11 Page 1 Out of 6

8.		se the statement that describes a business idea.	
	A.	A thought or impression that may or may not become an opportunity	
	В.	A window of opportunity that meets the criteria for start-up	
	C.	An opportunity that meets the needs and demands of customers	
	D.	A notion containing factors that contribute to business success	(2 marks)
9.	Whic	h business entry option could provide an entrepreneur exclusive rights to operate within a certain geo	ographical
	regio	n?	
	А.	Franchise	
	В.	Sole proprietorship	
	C.	Company	
	D.	Joint venture	(2 marks)
10.	Whic	h of the following is a benefit of buying an existing business?	
	А.	Enables partnering with existing owners	
	B.	Helps to avoid challenges of running a business	
	C.	Allows easy implementation of changes and innovation	
	D.	Facilitates evaluation of business performance	(2 marks)
	D.		(2 marks)
11.		h of the following activity could an entrepreneur undertake before choosing a market entry strategy?	
	А.	Acquire finances	
	В.	Sales promotion	
	C.	Product distribution	
	D.	Market research	(2 marks)
12.	Selec	t an advantage of running a sole proprietorship business. It is not easy to dissolve after registering It is very expensive to create the business Owner maintains complete control of it	
	A	It is not easy to dissolve after registering	
	B.	It is very expensive to create the business	
	D. C	Owner maintains complete control of it	
	С. D.	The losses are redistributed by the owner	(2 marks)
	D.	The losses are realisticated by the owner	(2 marks)
13.	What	term is used to refer to collecting and analysing first hand data for decision making?	
	А.	Customer surveys	
	В.	Primary research	
	С.	Windshield research	
	D.	Industry research	(2 marks)
14.	Whie	h of the following is a source of short-term finance?	
1	A.	Share capital	
	B.	Equity finance	
	C.	Trade credit	
	С. D.	Debentures	(2 marks)
	D.	Debendures	(2 marks)
15.	Whic	h of the following explains the meaning of retained earnings?	
	А.	Unpaid interest	
	В.	Profits earned	
	C.	Undistributed dividends	
	D.	Income from investment	(2 marks)
16.	Ident	ify a service provided by microfinance institutions.	
	A.	Business appraisal	
	В.	Savings and credit	
	C.	Business registration	
	D.	Business identity	(2 marks)
	D.	Dusiness montry	(2 marks)

17.	Identif A. B.	y a factor that venture capitalists could consider before investing in a business. Low profitability and low returns An average working capital	
	С.	Slow growth in the industry	
	D.	Strong management team	(2 marks)
10	XX 71 ·		
18.		s it important for an entrepreneur to choose a suitable business location?	
	A. D	Identify customer needs	
	B.	Market proximity	
	C. D.	Allow faster production Reduce distribution of goods	(2 marks)
	D.	Reduce distribution of goods	(2 marks)
19.		of the following increases customer engagement with a business?	
	A.	Customer analysis	
	B.	Selling quality products	
	C.	Use of technology	(2, 1)
	D.	Hiring competent employees	(2 marks)
20.	Choos	e the benefit realised by embracing social media marketing.	
	A.	The ability to obtain marketing financing	
	В.	The ability to market business at low cost	
	C.	The ability to borrow at low rates of interest	
	D.	The ability to make market differentiation	(2 marks)
21.	What a	name is given to a person who accomplishes objectives by directing the efforts of other people?	
	А.	Manager	0.Ke
	В.	Entrepreneur	Q.
	C.	Intrapreneur	N.Chu.
	D.	Director	(2 marks) door.co.ke
22.	Which	management function involves putting together required resources in order to execute plans?	
	А.	Planning	
	B.	Controlling	
	C.	Staffing	
	D.	Organising	(2 marks)
23.	Which	of the following is an interpersonal role of a manager?	
	А.	Monitoring role	
	B.	Spokesperson role	
	C.	Negotiation role	
	D.	Liaison role	(2 marks)
24.	Identif	y a way in which a manager performs the leading function in an organisation.	
	A.	Tasks and resources allocation	
	B.	Monitoring and evaluating performance	
	C.	Setting long and short-term goals	
	D.	Motivating and influencing people	(2 marks)
25.	Which	of the following is an objective of planning in the management process.	
	A.	To ensure rational allocation of resources	
	B.	To ensure quality control and assurance	
	C.	To ensure the use of accurate standards	
	D.	To ensure improvement is a priority	(2 marks)
		-	

26		
26.	Choose the role played by the top-level management in an organisation.	
	A. Design and implement policiesB. Set organisation schedules	
	C. Allocate operational resources	
	D. Formulate strategic goals	(2 marks)
27.	Which statement explains the meaning of leading as a function of management?	
	A. Responding to problems	
	B. Influencing behaviour	
	C. Forecasting future actions	
	D. Mobilising resourses	(2 marks)
28.	Which level of management is directly responsible to shareholders of a company?	
20.	A. Supervisory level	
	B. Middle level	
	C. Top level	
	D. Executory level	(2 marks)
20		
29.	Which statement describes a job-specific knowledge needed to perform well in a specialised field?A. Conceptual skills	
	A. Conceptual skillsB. Technical skills	
	C. Interpersonal roles	
	D. Decisional roles	(2 marks)
		(2 marito)
30.	Choose the first stage in the rational decision making.	
	A. State the problem	
	B. Identify the problem	
	C. Evaluate a problem	
	 Choose the first stage in the rational decision making. A. State the problem B. Identify the problem C. Evaluate a problem D. Examine a problem 	(2 marks)
31.	Which skills should a manager have to be able to deal objectively and fairly with subordinates?	
51.	A. Communication	
	B. Delegation	
	C. Technical	
	D. Interpersonal	(2 marks)
32.	What term is used to refer to a projected course of action?	
	A. DecisionB. Alternative	
	C. Report D. Plan	(2 marks)
		(2 marks)
33.	Which skills does a manager require to understand the overall working of the organisation and its envi	ronment?
	A. Strategic thinking skills	
	B. Leadership skills	
	C. Conceptual skills	
	D. Directing skills	(2 marks)
34.	Why is a retention policy important in ensuring a good filing system?	
	A. To prevent unauthorised access	
	B. Ensure it is simple to understand	
	C. Ensure removal of outdated records	
	D. Ensure the system is capable of expansion	(2 marks)

35.	The fo	llowing steps are involved in handling mail.	
	(i)	Distribution	
	(ii)	Receiving	
	(iii)	Storage	
	(iv)	Recording	
	(v)	Sorting	
	Which	of the following represents the correct order of handling incoming mail?	
	A.	(ii), (v), (iv), (i), (iii)	
	В.	(i), (ii), (iv), (v), (iii)	
	C.	(ii), (iv), (v), (i), (iii)	
	D.	(iii), (ii), (i), (v), (iv)	(2 marks)
36.		of the following is an advantage of microfilming as a method of storing information?	
	A.	Saves on space	
	В.	Easy to make corrections	
	C.	Fast retrieval	
	D.	It is minimised	(2 marks)
37.	Which	of the following could lead to inefficient filing?	
	А.	Use of electronic filing	
	B.	Not allowing access to everyone	
	C.	Regular filing of documents	
	D.	Inappropriate classification	(2 marks)
38.		the characteristic exhibited by a democratic leader.	(2 marks)
	A.	Increases resistance to change	opt.
	B.	Long channels of communication	W. Ole
	C.	Decentralisation of authority	A. A.
	D.	Utilises downward communication	(2 marks)
39.		statement describes the meaning of job analysis in management?	
	A.	Minimum qualifications a person must have to perform the job successfully	
	В.	To determine by examining and observing the basic elements of a job	
	C.	To draw an effective organisation structure for the organisation	
	D.	Minimum academic requirements to perform a specific technical job	(2 marks)
40.	Which	of the following is an advantage of internal recruitment in an organisation?	
	A.	It inspires and motivates employees within the organisation	
	B.	It gives the organisation a competitive advantage	
	C.	It enhances the reputation of the organisation	
	D.	It provides the required returns on human capital	(2 marks)
41.	Choose	e a conflict handling style that provides solutions that benefit all parties.	
	A.	Accommodating	
	B.	Collaborating	
	С.	Compromising	
	D.	Dominating	(2 marks)
42	Whist	of the following could contain a job description and a job gradification?	
42.		of the following could contain a job description and a job specification? Application for a specialised job	
	А. В.	Advertisement of a vacant position	
	Б. С.	Curriculum Vitae of a job applicant	
	C. D.	Invitation to an employment interview	(2 marks)
	D.	invitation to an employment met view	(2 marks)

43.	Which of the following is a responsibility of an employee with relation to health and safety issues?	
	A. Create and distribute a health and safety policy	
	B. Provide a safe working environment	
	C. Make proper use of tools and machinery	
	D. Provide training on health and safety issues	(2 marks)
44.	Which of the following could affect employee retention in an organisation?	
	A. Number of employees	
	B. Size of organisation	
	C. Leadership style	
	D. Levels of management	(2 marks)
45.	What is the purpose of holding job interviews?	
	A. Selection of right employees	
	B. Orientation of new employees	
	C. Presenting certificates and testimonials	
	D. Human resource planning	(2 marks)
46.	Choose the statement that represents a growth strategy in a competitive business.	
10.	A. Expanding into new products and services	
	B. Changing the ongoing business strategy	
	C. Engaging in a rationalisation process	
	D. Phasing out some of product lines	(2 marks)
	D. Phasing out some of product lines	(2 marks)
47.	Which of the following occurs at the stabilisation stage of a business life cycle?	
	A. Business expansion	
	B. Employee retrenchment.	
	C. Business mergers	
	D. Constant sales	(2 marks)
40		
48.	Which of the following is a demerit of a rapid growth in business?	
	A. Reduced product quality	
	B. Over-stretched staff	
	C. Market saturation	
	D. Constant productivity	(2 marks)
49.	Which of the following could be experienced at the maturity stage of a business life cycle?	
	A. Business decline	
	B. Sales growth	
	C. Slow growth	
	D. Low profit	(2 marks)
50.	At which stage of growth does a husiness experience possitive each flow?	
50.	At which stage of growth does a business experience negative cash flow?	
	A. Idea generation stageB. Start-up stage	
	B. Start-up stageC. Stabilisation stage	
	D. Innovation stage	(2 marks)
	D. mnovation stage	(2 marks)



CAMS LEVEL I

PILOT PAPER

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

SECTION ONE

[40 MARKS] [40 MINUTES]

November 2021.

This paper has three sections. Section One has forty (40) multiple choice questions. Section Two has twenty (20) short response questions. Section Three has one (1) essay question. All questions are compulsory. The marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question.

1.	Entre	Entrepreneurship may be defined as;	
	A.	Starting a business enterprise	
	В.	The process of undertaking business	
	С.	Process of creating incremental wealth	
	D.	Process of gathering resources.	
2.	The e	ntrepreneurial process of identifying and evaluating the business opportunity involves;	(1 mark)
	A.	Writing a business proposal plan	W. CHOY
	В.	Scanning the business environment	ANA
	C.	Seeking business finances	
	D.	Registering the business name.	
3.	The h	arvesting stage of the entrepreneurial process involves:	(1 mark)
	A.	Writing a business analysis report	
	В.	Consulting an entrepreneur	
	С.	Choosing an exit strategy	
	D.	Getting a return on investment.	
4.	Corpo	prate entrepreneurship may be defined as;	(1 mark)
	A.	Changing an organisation set up	
	В.	Re-structuring the organisation's management structure	
	С.	Engaging in external marketing in unique ways	
	D.	Entrepreneurship within an existing organisation.	
5.	Well	established organisations can promote Intrapreneurship by;	(1 mark)
	A.	Establishing rigid management organisation structures	
	В.	Applying a long and complex organisation structure	
	С.	Providing a working environment	
	D.	Penalising project and product failures.	
6.	Social entrepreneurship is a form of entrepreneurship that;		(1 mark)
	A.	Focuses on social environments	
	В.	Encourages individuals to make profits in an innovative way	
	C.	Supplies goods and services to the society	
	D.	Tackles social challenges in an innovative way.	

Time Allowed: Two Hours

7.	Entre A.	preneurship contributes to economic growth of the country through: Discussions and reports about the economy.	(1 mark)
	л. В.	Widening the economic gap in the country.	
	C.	Creation of high growth enterprises.	
	С. D.	Working on the country's economic policies.	
	D.	working on the country's economic poneles.	
8.		t the major characteristic of an entrepreneurial firm;	(1 mark)
	Α.	Continuous production of goods and services	
	B.	Bringing new products and services to the market	
	C.	It is a lifestyle firm	
	D.	Operated by individuals who are motivated by money.	
9.	The c	corporate entrepreneurship strategy process is composed of:	(1 mark)
	А.	External environment conditions	
	В.	Innovative strategic vision	
	C.	Competitive capability	
	D.	Strategic repositioning.	
10.		t one principle applied by successful innovative companies.	(1 mark)
	A. D	A broad organisational vision	
	B.	Use of a single management approach	
	C. D.	Small, flat organizational structure with small project teams. A complex market approach.	
11.		t a common source of entrepreneurial stress.	(1 mark)
	A.	Environmental stress	
	B.	Business cycles	
	C.	t a common source of entrepreneurial stress. Environmental stress Business cycles Political environment Need to achieve.	
	D.	Need to achieve.	
12.		preneurs enhance their business networks in order to;	(1 mark)
	А.	Increase prices of the products and services.	
	B.	Become popular	
	C.	To grow their businesses	
	D.	Earn higher returns in their investments.	
13.		ntrepreneur may be best defined as;	(1 mark)
	А.	Young and energetic	
	В.	Gamblers who take big risks	
	C.	A catalyst for economic growth	
	D.	Genetically predisposed to be successful.	
14.	Ident busin	ify one characteristic associated with entrepreneurial ego that may have destructive imp ess.	lications on the (1 mark)
	А.	Sense of trust	
	В.	Desire for success	
	C.	Overbearing need for control	
	D.	Unrealistic pessimism.	
15.	Ident A.	ify one characteristic not exhibited by successful entrepreneurs in general. Independence	(1 mark)
	B.	Reactive	
	C.	Ambitious	
	D.	Flexible.	
16			(1
16.	Whic A.	h of the following manifest needs was not proposed by McClelland. Need for affiliation	(1 mark)
	B.	Need for affection	
	C.	Need for power	
	D.	Need for achievement.	
			CM11 Dage 2

17.	Identi	fy the entrepreneurial motivator that is not classified under compelling factors.	(1 mark)
	A.	Unemployment	
	B.	Self-actualisation	
	C.	Dissatisfaction with job	
	D.	Utilisation of knowledge and skills.	
		-	
18.	Choo	se one characteristic exhibited by an entrepreneur that may have positive implicatio	ns to the businesses. (1 mark)
	A.	Sense of trust	(1 mark)
	В.	Overriding desire for success	
	C.	Overbearing need for control	
	D.	Unrealistic optimism.	
19.	Selec	t the theory that is not classified as an entrepreneurship theory.	(1 mark)
	A.	Economic theories	
	В.	Psychological theories	
	C.	Stakeholders' theories	
	D.	Sociological theories.	
20.	Based	I on Schumpeterian theory of entrepreneurship; innovation is defined as;	(1 mark)
	A.	Coming up with new ideas	
	В.	New products and services	
	С.	Technical work of invention	
	D.	Application of new things into practical and efficient use.	Nº
21.	Entre	preneurship sociological theories are based on;	(1 mark) (1 mark) (1 mark)
	A.	Political values	ANA .
	В.	Socio-cultural values	
	C.	Environmental considerations	
	D.	Technological development.	
22.	Selec	t one factor not considered under the Integrative approach to entrepreneurship.	(1 mark)
	A.	The organisation	
	В.	The environmental opportunities	
	C.	The individual entrepreneur	
	D.	The financial and nonfinancial resources.	
23.	Ident	fy the quality that does not define a viable business opportunity.	(1 mark)
	A.	Durability	
	В.	Timeliness	
	C.	An idea/thought	
	D.	Attractiveness.	
24.	Selec	t the factor that does not contribute to the recognition of a business opportunity.	(1 mark)
	A.	Observing trends	
	В.	Solving a problem	
	C.	Finding gaps in the market place	
	D.	Social discrimination and exclusion.	
25.	Ident	fy the personal characteristic that may hinder business opportunity recognition.	(1 mark)
	А.	Prior business experience	
	В.	Business social networks	
	C.	Entrepreneurial awareness	
	D.	Inability to solve problems.	
			CM11 Page 3

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26.	Selec	t a rule that is not observed when conducting a formal brainstorming session.	(1 mark)
	A.	No criticism is allowed	
	B.	Freewheeling	
	C.	Detailed analytical reasoning	
	D.	Leapfrogging.	
27.	Choo	se the behaviour that encourages creativity.	(1 mark)
	A.	Rigid organisational structure	
	В.	Investing in human resource	
	C.	Retaining employees in same job	
	D.	Penalising failed ideas.	
28.	Identi	ify the behaviour that discourages creativity.	(1 mark)
	A.	Listening actively	
	B.	Being pessimistic, judgmental and critical	
	C.	Protecting honest mistakes when learning	
	D.	Treating employees as equals.	
	D.	reating employees as equals.	
29.	Selec	t an environmental trend that does not suggest business or product gaps. (1 mark)	
	А.	Technological advances	
	В.	Economic forces	
	C.	Political instability	
	D.	Social forces.	
30.		preneurs choose business opportunities which have the qualities shown below. Select the preneurs may not consider.	e quality that (1 mark)
	A.	Opportunity that adds value to customers	
	В.	An open window of opportunity	
	C.	Timeliness of the opportunity	
	D.	Diversified market.	
31.	A bus	siness plan may be defined as;	(1 mark)
	A.	An entrepreneur's expression of interest	
	В.	A list of business ideas	
	C.	Entrepreneurs' diary of business activities	
	D.	A document on proposed venture.	
32.	Identi	ify a private form of business organisation from the list below.	(1 mark)
	A.	Partnerships	
	В.	Cooperatives	
	C.	Public social benefits organisations	
	D.	Savings and loans cooperative societies.	
33.	Selec	t the main disadvantage of a public limited company.	(1 mark)
	А.	Unlimited liability	
	В.	Loss of direct control by the shareholders	
	C.	Responsibilities and risks are shared on agreed proportions	
	D.	Possibility of raising large sums of money.	
34.		ify the major difference between sole proprietorship and partnerships.	(1 mark)
	A.	Perpetual continuity of business	
	B.	Unlimited liability	
	C.	Full control of the business by the owners	
	D.	Shared responsibilities.	
		1	

35.	Identi	fy the document that is presented to the registrar of companies during registration o	f a company. (1 mark)
	A.	Audited financial statements	(T mark)
	В.	Memorandum of Association	
	C.	A deed	
	D.	An environmental audit reports.	
36.	Identi	fy a major similarity between a general partnership and a private limited company.	(1 mark)
	А. В.	Unlimited liability	
	Б. С.	Continuity of business Low liquidity of investment	
	C. D.	Management control.	
37.		the main function of the articles of association.	(1 mark)
57.			(1 mark)
	А. В.	State the liability of members	
	Б. С.	Show the objectives of the company Guide the internal management of company	
	C. D.	Provide a list of directors.	
	D.	Trovide a list of directors.	
38.	Identi	fy the main purpose of a memorandum of association.	(1 mark)
	А.	Show the list of shares offered	
	B.	Show the class and rights of shareholders	
	C.	Show the company's broad objectives	
	D.	State the qualifications and duties of the directors.	Ke
39.	Select	the circumstance in which a sole proprietorship is regarded as a favorable form of	ownership., (1 mark)
	A.	Where owner prefers autonomy	(T main) www.
	B.	Where promptness is not required in decision making	4
	C.	Where personal attention is not an important aspect of business relationship	
	D.	Where the market is broad and requires large capital investment.	
40.	Partne	rship deed may be defined as;	(1 mark)
	A.	A document of capital appropriation	
	A. B.	A document of capital appropriation Articles of partnership stipulating the internal workings of the business	
	Б. С.	Document that allows transfer of shares	
	D.	Document of transfer of assets.	
	21		(T - 4 - 1, 40 1)
		SECTION TWO	(Total: 40 marks)
		[40 MARKS] [1 HOUR]	
You a	re advis	ed not to exceed forty words in answering each question.	
41.	List tv	vo bootstrapping methods a start up restaurant business can utilise to ensure busine	ss success.
			(2 marks)
42.	Define	e the term "venture capital".	(2 marks)
43.	Expla	in the term "window of opportunity".	(2 marks)
44.	Sugge	st two primary reasons why people become entrepreneurs.	(2 marks)
45.	Distin	guish between creativity and innovation in entrepreneurship.	(2 marks)
46.	Define	e the term "corridor principle".	(2 marks)
47.	Expla work.	in two reasons why corridor principle supports the fact that majority of business id	eas are conceived at (2 marks)

48.	Giving two examples, explain how "solving a problem" can create a business opportunity".	(2 marks)
49.	Identify two areas that a properly executed feasibility analysis explores.	(2 marks)
50.	Identify two challenges faced by an entrepreneur at the start up stage of the business.	(2 marks)
51.	Distinguish between a product franchise and a business format franchise.	(2 marks)
52.	Identify two benefits that accrue to an accounting firm that operates in form of a partnership.	(2 marks)
53.	Highlight two qualities to look for in a prospective Franchisee.	(2 marks)
54.	Explain how a manager can promote intrapreneurship.	(2 marks)
55.	Describe two qualities of an opportunistic entrepreneur.	(2 marks)
56.	Explain the challenges a prospective entrepreneur experiences at the idea generation stage.	(2 marks)
57.	Describe two factors that an entrepreneur whose business is at the stabilisation stage of business liconsider in order to grow.	fe cycle can (2 marks)
58.	Explain the characteristics of a business that is in the decline stage of business life cycle.	(2 marks)
59.	Explain two innovative strategies an entrepreneur may consider to apply at the business decl business life cycle.	ine stage of (2 marks)
60.	Explain the meaning of "generation of a new entry opportunity".	(2 marks)
	SECTION THREE	: 40 marks)
	120 MADESI 120 MINUPESI	

[20 MARKS] [20 MINUTES]

61. Bizz game is the brainchild of four trainees in accounting who want to spark student's interest in running a business. Their aim is to create a social enterprise that will help promote youth entrepreneurship more widely. In 2020, the team launched Bizzgame, an interactive business simulation game. Players increase their company's valuation through strategic decisions on buying goods, marketing, sales development and logistics management.

Students were initially reluctant to take up the challenge but several months of further trial and enhancements saw the game popularity increase among other trainees. Bizz game is gaining a following in the educational establishments across the country. The take-up has been enhanced by a series of Bizz game Youth challenge competitions. Although Bizz game has an appeal among consumers as the "new board game in town" the team has stuck to its original plan of promoting youth entrepreneurship. An online portal for training institutions and even a computer game version is being developed.

Required:

(a)	Define the term "social enterprise".	(2 marks)
(b)	Give two reasons that could have made the trainees come up with the idea of "Bizzgame"	'. (2 marks)
(c)	List three benefits of running Bizzgame as a social enterprise.	(3 marks)
(d)	State three methods that the team can use to promote Bizzgame in other training instituti	ons.
		(3 marks)
(e)	Give five challenges that the four undergraduates are likely to encounter as they p Bizzgame.	romote the
	<i>0</i>	(5 marks)
(f)	Explain three objectives achieved through playing the Bizzgame.	(3 marks)
(g)	Explain the plan that the four trainees have for the growth of Bizzgame. (Total:	(2 marks) 20 marks)



CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 4 April 2022. Morning paper.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

This paper is made up of a hundred (100) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL the questions by indicating the letter (a, b, c or d) that represents the correct answer. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1.	Which of the following is a challenge that an entrepreneur could encounter as a result of venturing into business?						
	(a)	Low competition.					
	(b)	Uncertainty of income.					
	(c)	Unlimited profits.					
	(d)	Self-employment.	(1 mark)				
2.	Whiel	n of the following statements BEST describes the term "business opportunity"?					
	(a)	Situation which can be translated to a business activity.					
	(b)	Business activity that already exists in the market.					
	(c)	A well-established business that generates large profits.					
	(d)	A business that attracts many customers.	(1 mark)				
3.	Identi	fy a reason why an entrepreneur could choose a partnership as a business entry option.	(1 mark) colte				
	(a)	High profits.	AN A				
	(b)	Fast decision-making.					
	(c)	Separate legal entity.					
	(d)	Share of risks.	(1 mark)				
4.	What	What term is used to refer to the personal investment of owners in a business?					
	(a)	Profits.					
	(b)	Equity.					
	(c)	Venture capital.					
	(d)	Informal capital.	(1 mark)				
5.	Whic	Which of the following is NOT a legal requirement for entrepreneurs?					
	(a)	Trade licence.					
	(b)	Tax compliance.					
	(c)	Infrastructure.					
	(d)	Environmental requirements.	(1 mark)				
6.	Which of the following sentences BEST explains a characteristic of Fabian entrepreneurs?						
	(a)	Imitate technology and techniques innovated by others.					
	(b)	Start a business using their acquired skills.					
	(c)	Are not interested in growing their business.					
	(d)	Do not show initiative in implementing new ideas.	(1 mark)				
7.	Why	Why do entrepreneurs require to generate new ideas?					
	(a)	Comply with government policy.					
	(b)	Ensure availability of resources.					
	(c)	Improve their skills.					
	(d)	Products have a limited life cycle.	(1 mark)				

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8.		ify one challenge associated with buying an existing business.				
	(a)	The business may be overpriced.				
	(b)	Lack of experienced employees.				
	(c)	Previous owners may interfere with the business. It is difficult to retain customers.				
	(d)	It is difficult to retain customers.	(1 mark)			
9.	What	do you call wealthy individuals who provide capital to business start-ups in return for part owned	ership?			
	(a)	Business incubators.				
	(b)	Business partners.				
	(c)	Debt financiers.				
	(d)	Business angels.	(1 mark)			
10.	Whic	h element of the marketing mix refers to the distribution channels used to reach the market?				
	(a)	People.				
	(b)	Processes.				
	(c)	Place.				
	(d)	Promotion.	(1 mark)			
11.	What	is the MAIN benefit of social entrepreneurship to your country?				
	(a)	Wealth creation.				
	(b)	Community development and improvement.				
	(c)	Increasing regional business activities.				
	(d)	Creation of employment.	(1 mark)			
12.	Whic	h of the following is a component of the executive summary of a business plan?				
	(a)	Marketing plan.				
	(b)	Acknowledgement.				
	(c)	Table of contents.				
	(d)	Cover page.	(1 mark)			
13.	What	is the best business entry option for an entrepreneur who does not wish to dilute their level of o	wnershin?			
13.	(a)	Company.	whership.			
	(b)	Joint venture.				
	(c)	Partnership.				
	(d)	Sole proprietorship.	(1 mark)			
14.	Whic	Which statement BEST describes the meaning of crowd funding?				
*		Raising large sums of money from several banks.				
	(b)	Payment of large sums of money to many people online.				
	(c)	Raising small amounts of money from a large number of people online.				
	(d)	Online sending and receiving of money.	(1 mark)			
15.	Whic	h of the following is NOT a role of an entrepreneur?				
	(a)	Initiate ideas.				
	(b)	Offer credit.				
	(c)	Mobilise resources.				
	(d)	Make decisions.	(1 mark)			
16.	Which of the following factors is likely to discourage an entrepreneur from entering a franchising arrangement?					
10.	(a)	Lack of customer awareness.	ingement.			
	(b)	Less freedom.				
	(c)	Standardised operations.				
	(d)	Use of franchisor's brand name.	(1 mark)			
17.	What	is the role of government in promoting entrepreneurial culture in your country?				
	(a)	Creation of an enabling environment.				
	(a) (b)	Opening up many businesses.				
	(c)	Generating new ideas.				
		Acting as a role model.	(1 mark)			
	(d)					

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18.	Whicl (a)	h component of the business plan contains the goals and objectives of the business? Business description.			
	(b)	Operations and production plan.			
	(c)	Organisation and management plan.	(1		
	(d)	Mission statement.	(1 mark)		
19.		fy the form of business ownership option adopted by most entrepreneurs in your country.			
	(a)	Company.			
	(b)	Partnership.			
	(c)	Sole proprietorship.	11		
	(d)	Franchising.	(1 mark)		
20.	Whic	h of the following BEST describes a strategy that an entrepreneur could use to retain customers?			
	(a)	Attractive packaging.			
	(b)	Advertising.			
	(c)	Good customer service.	Sector Sector Sector		
	(d)	Good corporate image.	(1 mark)		
21.	Selec	t a factor that could motivate an individual to become an entrepreneur.			
	(a)	Availability of jobs.			
	(b)	Skills in identifying risks.			
	(c)	Desire to work in a big company.			
	(d)	Opportunity to make a difference.	(1 mark)		
22.	Whic	th one of the following is NOT a source of business ideas?			
	(a)	Failed projects.			
	(b)	Business plan.	. co.ke		
	(c)	Customer complaints.	noPl.		
	(d)	Current trends.	(1 mark)op.cote		
23.	Identify one factor that may discourage small business owners from using debt to finance their business ventures.				
	(a)	Long repayment period.			
	(b)	Leads to bad image of the business.			
	(c)	Lack of collateral.			
	(d)	Lack of accountability.	(1 mark)		
24.	Whic	ch of the following BEST describes a study that involves gathering feedback from a sample custo	mer?		
	(a)	Consumer survey.			
	(b)	Customer care.			
	(c)	Questionnaires.			
	(d)	Interview.	(1 mark)		
25.		ch of the following is a type of entrepreneurship?			
	(a)	Selling.			
	(b)	Hustling.			
	(c) (d)	Franchising. Imitating.	(1 mark)		
24	1171-2	sk of the following is NOT a major consideration while according the visbility of a business appro-	rtunity?		
26.	(a)	ch of the following is NOT a major consideration while assessing the viability of a business oppo Return on investment.	ftunty?		
	(a) (b)	Skills.			
	(c)	Infrastructure.			
	(d)	Demand.	(1 mark)		
			(and)		
27.		ch of the following is an objective of sales promotion?			
	(a)	Direct distribution of products.			
	(b)	Increase level of skills.			
	(c) (d)	Reduce number of competitors.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Announce product existence.	(1 mark)		

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28.		ify one factor that is driving the growth of entrepreneurship in your country.			
	(a)	Technological advances.			
	(b)	Dependent lifestyles.			
	(c)	Increase in banking activities. Cultural blocks.	de transit		
	(d)	Cultural blocks.	(1 mark)		
29.		h of the following is a characteristic of a good business idea?			
	(a)	Requires excessive investment.			
	(b)	Involves high risks.			
	(c)	Has a long gestation period.			
	(d)	Easy to exit when necessary.	(1 mark)		
30.		is the BEST form of business ownership for an entrepreneur who wishes to limit their personal	liability?		
	(a)	Partnership.			
	(b)	Company.			
	(c)	Sole proprietorship.			
	(d)	Franchise.	(1 mark)		
31.		ollowing are sources of debt finance EXCEPT:			
	(a)	Personal savings.			
	(b)	Bank loan.			
	(c)	Trade credit.			
	(d)	Debentures.	(1 mark)		
32.	Identi	fy one step undertaken in the process of launching a new product.			
	(a)	Write a business plan.			
	(b)	Contact competitors.			
	(c)	Screen the product.			
	(d)	Conduct testing.	(1 mark)		
33.	Select one advantage of running a small business enterprise from the following:				
	(a)	Easy to control.			
	(b)	Experienced management.			
	(c)	Adequate resources.			
	(d)	Financial stability.	(1 mark)		
34.	What	do you call a combination of products offered for sale by a business?			
	(a)	Product line.			
	(b)	Product breadth.			
	(c)	Product depth.			
	(d)	Product mix.	(1 mark)		
35.		h of the following inhibits growth of entrepreneurship in your country?			
	(a)	White collar jobs.			
	(b)	Corruption.			
	(c)	Government support.	and the second second		
	(d)	Training.	(1 mark)		
36.	Identify one method of generating business ideas.				
	(a)	Shows and exhibitions.			
	(b)	Focus groups.			
	(c)	Role models.			
	(d)	Innovation.	(1 mark)		
37.		Which of the following is the MAIN reason for conducting market research before launching a business?			
	(a)	Establish demand.			
	(b)	Establish supply.			
	(c)	Know your products.			
	(d)	Know your location.	(1 mark)		

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38.	(a)	of the following BEST explains the meaning of bootstrapping? Using limited finances.	
	(b)	Use of borrowed finances.	
	(c)	Using personal finances.	(1 mark)
	(d)	Using finances from many sources.	(1 mark)
39.	Which	of the following strategy could be used by management to manage the rapid growth o	of an organisation?
	(a)	Sell part of the business.	
	(b)	Increase cash flow.	
	(c)	Hire competent employees.	
	(d)	Reduce sale promotion.	(1 mark)
40.	Identi	fy one role played by top management in an organisation.	
	(a)	Train supervisory staff.	
	(b)	Establish policies.	
	(c)	Routine decision making.	
	(d)	Link between other levels of management.	(1 mark)
41.	The n	nost basic and primary function of management is:	
41.	(a)	Staffing.	
	(b)	Planning.	
	(c)	Organising.	
	(d)	Co-ordination.	(1 mark)
42.	What	do you call the type of skills a manager requires to perform specialised tasks?	
42.	(a)	Technical skills.	
	(b)	Problems solving skills.	1 te
	(c)	Conceptual skills.	di.cu
	(d)	Work skills.	(1 mark)
			(1 mar \$ 001; 0)*
43.		or filing system could lead to:	
	(a)	Compactness of documents.	
	(b)	Paperless filing. Fast data retrieval.	
	(c) (d)	Duplication of documents.	(1 mark)
44.		h of the following BEST explains the process of inspiring employees to work w	illingly to achieve the
		ed goals?	
	(a) (b)	Management. Directing.	
	(c)	Persuading.	
	(d)	Motivation.	(1 mark)
45.		ify one challenge associated with the growth stage of a business life cycle.	
	(a) (b)	Difficulties in attracting staff. High cost of promoting the business.	
	(c)	Managing cash flows.	
	(d)	Lack of customers.	(1 mark)
	-		
46.		ollowing are steps in the process of controlling as a management function: Establish deviation.	
	(i) (ii)	Measure actual performance.	
	(iii)	Set standards.	
	(iv)	Take corrective action.	
	(v)	Compare actual performance with set standards.	
	W/L:	h of the following represents the correct order of stars of the controlling process?	
	(a)	th of the following represents the correct order of steps of the controlling process? (ii), (iii), (v), (iv), (i)	
	(a) (b)	(i), (iii), (v), (iv), (i) (i), (iii), (i), (v), (iv)	
	(c)	(ii), (ii), (v), (i), (v) (iii), (ii), (v), (i), (iv)	
	(d)	(iii), (iv), (i), (ii), (v)	(1 mark)
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47.	Deci	ision-making skills of a manager means:	
	(a)	Select the best choice among alternatives.	
	(b)	Direct employees on what to do.	
	(c)	Understand how a variety of factors are related.	
	(d)	Deal effectively with conflict.	(1 mark)
48.	Ident	tify one step undertaken while handling incoming mail.	
	(a)	Signing.	
	(b)	Folding.	
	(c)	Weighting.	
	(d)	Sorting.	(1 mark)
49.	Which	ch of the following is NOT a method that could be used to manage conflict in an organisation.	
47.	(a)	Reporting.	
	(a) (b)	Encouraging.	
	(c)	Resolving.	
	(d)	Preventing.	/1
	(u)	Preventing.	(1 mark)
50.		ch management function involves influencing the behaviour of employees towards achievement	of goals?
	(a)	Staffing.	
	(b)	Leading.	
	(c)	Disciplining.	
	(d)	Organising.	(1 mark)
51.	Whic	ch title is given to a person who is in charge of and coordinates the activities of a group of empl	ovees engaged
	in rel	lated activities within a unit of an organisation?	2 00
	(a)	Vendor.	
	(b)	Employee.	
	(c)	Manager.	
	(d)	Contractor.	(1 mark)
52.	What	t is a franking machine?	
52.	(a)		
	(a) (b)	This machine dampens and seals the flaps of the envelopes.	
		It is used to weigh the letters, envelopes and packets.	
	(c)	It is hired from a post office to print stamps on letters.	11
	(d)	The machine is used for printing addresses on envelopes.	(1 mark)
53.	The called	process of arranging and storing records, so that they can be located whenever	required is
	(a)	Indexing.	
	(b)	Filing.	
	(c)	Noting.	
	(d)	Arranging.	(1 mark)
54.	In wh	nat method of filing is duplication avoided but secrecy cannot be maintained?	
- 1.	(a)	Centralised.	
	(b)	Vertical.	
	(c)	Decentralised.	
	(d)	Horizontal.	(1 mark)
55.	What	tis defined as a suide to leasts the manipul file?	
55.		t is defined as a guide to locate the required file?	
	(a)	Filing.	
	(b)	Indexing.	
	(c)	Coding.	11
	(d)	Organising.	(1 mark)
56.		ify one precaution that a manager could take to ensure safety of employees at the work place.	
	(a)	Install burglar-proof door.	
	(b)	Ensure enough parking space.	
	(c)	Provide employees with uniforms.	/
	(d)	Install fire extinguishers.	(1 mark)
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		department is responsible for recruiting and hiring the right employees in an org	gamsanon?
	(a)	Finance department.	
	(b)	Supply chain management.	
	(c)	Planning and strategy.	(1 mark)
	(d)	Human resource management.	Te summer
		mong the following is a middle level manager?	
	(a)	Chief executive.	
	(b)	Supervisor.	
	(c)	General manager.	(1 mark)
	(d)	Finance manager.	
59.	Why s	hould in-coming mail be opened with caution?	
	(a)	Ensure safety of enclosures.	
	(b)	Not to damage the envelope.	
	(c)	Ensure efficiency in opening mail.	
	(d)	Safeguard against loss of mail.	(1 mark)
0	Which	of the following BEST describes employees' qualifications and character	istics required to perform a
60.	certain		
	(a)	Job description.	
	(b)	Job analysis.	
	(c)	Job specification.	
	(d)	Job design.	(1 mark)
61.	Whiel	n of the following is NOT a task undertaken in the process of filing business do	cuments?
01.	(a)	Indexing.	
	(b)	Retrieving.	
	(c)	Recording.	310
	(d)	Duplication.	(1 mark)
62.	Identi	fy one role played by top level management in an organisation.	
02.	(a)	Assigning jobs.	
	(b)	Motivation.	
	(c)	Training staff.	
	(d)	Monitoring the environment.	(1 mark)
(2)	XX71	is the MAIN reason why big organisations issue gate passes to visitors?	
63.		Identification.	
	(a)		
	(b)	Safety.	
	(c) (d)	Recording. Directing.	(1 mark)
64.		do managers need decision making skills?	
	(a)	Direct employees.	
	(b)	Solve problems.	
	(c)	Enhance control.	(1 mark)
	(d)	Improve efficiency.	(1 mark)
65.		h of the following is a step undertaken in the planning process?	
	(a)	Monitoring performance.	
	(b)	Designing jobs.	
	(c)	Forecasting.	(1 mark)
	(d)	Setting up an organisation structure.	(1 mark)
66.	Low	er level management may also be referred to as:	
	(a)	Operational management.	
	(b)	Strategic management.	
	(c)	Tactical management.	
	(d)	Direct management.	(1 mark)

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67.	(a)	ch of the following is a factor that determines the number of levels of management in an orga Location.	nisation?			
	(b)	Size.				
	(c)	Number of managers.				
	(d)	Number of branches.	(1 mark)			
68.	empi	ch of the following represents the skills a manager requires to assign authority and reloyees?	esponsibilities to			
	(a)	Leadership.				
	(b) (c)	Motivation. Interpersonal.				
	(d)	Delegation.	(1 mark)			
69.	Whic	ch of the following BEST explains why an organisation would choose to operate a dec	~			
	syste	m?				
	(a)	Uniformity of filing procedures.				
	(b)	Less duplication of files.				
	(c) (d)	Fast retrieval of documents. Improved control.				
	(u)	improved control.	(1 mark)			
70.		ify the MAIN purpose of good leadership in an organisation.				
	(a)	Provide direction.				
	(b)	Expansion of organisation.				
	(c)	Efficient management.				
	(d)	Performance appraisal.	(1 mark)			
71.	Whic	h of the following BEST explains why departments are important in an organisation?				
	(a)	Assign managers.				
	(b)	Manage office space.				
	(c)	Avoid conflict.				
	(d)	Specialisation.	(1 mark)			
72.	Which	h of the following is NOT a strategy that could enhance health and safety in an organisation?				
	(a)	Hiring competent and trained employees.				
	(b)	Adequate supervision and control.				
	(c)	Proper personal hygiene.				
	(d)	Installing fewer machines.	(1 mark)			
73.	At wh	At which level of management in an organisation would strategic thinking skills be MOST required?				
	(a)	Middle level,	u.			
	(b)	Top level.				
	(c)	Lower level.				
	(d)	Supervisory level.	(1 mark)			
74.	With	reference to management functions, identify one step in the organising process.				
	(a)	Division of work.				
	(b)	Setting objectives.				
	(c)	Budgeting.				
	(d)	Motivating staff.	(1 mark)			
75.	Which	n of the following may NOT be a consequence of conflict in an organisation?				
	(a)	Hostility.				
	(b)	Withdrawal.				
	(c)	Competition.				
	(d)	Motivation.	(1 mark)			
76.	Which	of the following is a procedure undertaken for both outgoing and incoming mail in an organ	isation?			
	(a)	Posting.	isation;			
	(b)	Weighing.				
	(c)	Distribution.				
	(d)	Recording.	(1 mark)			

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 (a) Training. (b) Performance appraisal. (c) Interview. (d) Compensation. (l) marks (e) Interview. (f) Compensation. (l) marks (i) Implementing policies and strategies. (ii) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (iv) Responsible for major innovations. (v) Appointment of staff. (b) Grid (ii), (iii) (c) (ii), (iii) (c) (iii), (iii) (c) (iii), (iii) (c) (iii), (iii) (c) (iii), (iv), (v) (c) Chronological. (d) Numerical. (e) Preparing the mail. (f) Reading matching material. (g) Reading matching material. (h) Preparing the mail. (i) Seating and stamping. (i) Seating and stamping. (i) A, 1, 5, 2, 3, 6. (i) A, 1, 5, 3, 2, 6. (ii) It can only be sent to one customer at a time. (b) It takes too long to be received by the customers. (c) It can be sent to one customer at a time. (b) It takes too long to be received by the customers. (c) It can be sent to one customer at a time. (b) It takes too long to be received by the customers. (c) It can be sent to any customers at once. (d) It is too expensive. (i) It is too expensive. (i) There is no risk of unauthorised access. (j) There is no risk of unauthorised access. 	77.		of the following BEST explains the process of identifying, attracting and hiring employ	ees with the right
(b) Recruinent. (c) Secreening. (1 mark) (d) Staffing. (1 mark) (e) Secreening. (1 mark) (f) Call centre. (1 mark) (g) Feedback centre. (1 mark) (g) Call centre. (1 mark) (g) Identify one step that could be undertaken in the process of hiring the right employees? (a) (a) Training. (1 mark) (f) Compensation. (1 mark) (g) Interview. (1 mark) (g) The following are roles performed by managers: (i) Implementing policies and strategies. (ii) Inplementing policies and strategies. (i) Imark) S0. The following are roles performed by managers: (i) (i) mark) (ii) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (iv) Responsible for major innovations. (v) Appointment of staff. Which of the following is NOT a method of classifying documents for filing? (i) (g) (ii) (iii) (iv) (v) (i) (i) (iii) (iii) (iv) (v) (g) Cheeordi				
(c) Screening. (1 mark) (d) Staffing. (1 mark) (e) Feedback contre. (1) (b) Customer department. (1) (c) Call centre. (1) (d) Marketing centre. (1) (e) Call centre. (1) (f) Marketing centre. (1) (e) Training. (1) (f) Performance appraisal. (1) (c) Interview. (1) (d) Compensation. (1) (f) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (i) (ii) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (ii) (iii) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (i) (iv) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (i) (i) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (i) (i) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (i) (ii) (i) (ii) (iii) (g) (i) (iii) (iii) (g)				
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 8. Which of the following could be established by a large organisation to offer customer support? (a) Feedback centre. (b) Customer department. (c) Call centre. (d) Marketing centre. (e) Theraining. (f) Performance appraisal. (c) Interview. (d) Compensation. (f) Interview. (g) The following are roles performed by managers: (i) Implementing policies and strategies. (ii) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (iv) Responsible for major innovations. (v) Appointment of staff. (v) Mich of the following represents a set of roles performed by middle level managers? (a) (i), (ii), (iii) (b) (iii), (iv) (c) Chronological. (d) Numerical. (e) Chronological. (f) Numerical. (g) Action of mail. (g) Centraling and standping. (g) 4, 1, 5, 2, 3, 6. (g) 4, 1, 5, 2, 3, 6. (h) 4, 1, 1, 5, 3, 2, 6. (i) trades be sent to one customer at a time. (h) it can only be sent to one customer at a time. (h) it can only be sent to one customer at a time. (h) it is no expressive. (i) it is no expressive. (i) it is no expressive. (i) the above only on the sent one customer at a time. (h) it is no expressive. (i) the sent one customer at a time. (i) it is no expressive. (i) the sent one customers at onece. (i) the above one site one customers at onece. (i) the relatively expensive. (i) the relatively expensive. 				(1 mark)
 (a) Feedback centre. (b) Customer department. (c) Call centre. (d) Marketing centre. (e) Callecarte. (f) Performance appraisal. (f) Performance appraisal. (g) Interview. (g) Compensation. (l) marking centre. (i) Interview. (j) Compensation. (i) Implementing policies and strategies. (ii) Representing the organisation to the outide world. (iv) Responsible for major innovations. (v) Appointment of staff. (iii) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i		4.4		
(b) Customer department. (c) Call centre. (1 mark) (d) Marketing centre. (1 mark) (e) Identify one step that could be undertaken in the process of hiring the right employces? (a) (a) Training. (b) Performance appraisal. (c) (f) Interview. (f) Compensation. (f) 80. The following are roles performed by managers: (f) (f) (f) (f) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (iv) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (iv) (g) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (g) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (g) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (g) (f) (f) <td>/8.</td> <td></td> <td>of the following could be established by a large organisation to oner easterner support</td> <td></td>	/8.		of the following could be established by a large organisation to oner easterner support	
(c) Call centre. (1 mark) (d) Marketing centre. (1 mark) (a) Training. (b) (b) Performance appraisal. (c) (c) Interview. (d) (d) Compensation. (1 mark) 80. The following are roles performed by managers: (i) Inplementing policies and strategies. (ii) Incurview. (a) Compensation to the outside world. (iv) (iv) Responsible for major innovations. (v) Appointment of staff. Which of the following represents a set of roles performed by middle level managers? (a) (i) (ii) (d) (iii), (iv) (i) (i) (iii) (e) Methodical. (i) (iii), (iv) (i) (f) (ii), (iv) (v) (i) (iii) (i) (iii), (iv) (v) (i) (iii) (i) (ii), (iv) (v) (i) (iii) (i) (iii), (iv) (v) (i) (iii) (ii) (iii), (iv) (v) (i) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
(d) Marketing centre. (1 mark) 79. Identify one step that could be undertaken in the process of hiring the right employees? (a) (a) Training. (b) (b) Performance appraisal. (c) (c) Interview. (d) Compensation. (1 mark) 80. The following are roles performed by managers: (i) Inplementing policies and strategies. (ii) (iii) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (v) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (iv) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (iv) (i) (ii) (d) Gi) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (i) (ii) (d) (iii) (iv) (v) (i) (i) (i) (iii) (e) (i) (iii) (iv) (v) (i) (i) (ii) (iii) (f) (iii) (iv) (v) (i) (i) (iii) (iii) (g) Which of the following is NOT a method of classifying documents for filing? (a) (a) (i) (iv) (v) (i) (ii) 81. Which of the following is an advantag				
 (d) Junkeing clutter. (e) Interview. (f) Performance appraisal. (f) Performance appraisal. (g) Interview. (g) Compensation. (l) Interview. (g) The following are roles performed by managers: (i) Implementing policies and strategies. (ii) Representing the organisation to the outside world. (iv) Responsible for major innovations. (v) Appointment of staff. (d) Cill. (iii) (iii) (e) (ii), (iii), (v) (f) (iii), (v) (g) (ii), (iii), (v) (g) (iii), (v), (v) (g) (iii)				(1 mark)
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 (c) There is no risk of unauthorised access. (d) It results in duplication of files. (1 mark 				
(d) It results in duplication of files. (1 mark				
			It results in duplication of files.	(1 mark) CM11 Page 9

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85.	Whi	ich of the following is NOT a characteristic of an effective leader?	
	(a)	Visionary.	
	(b)	Encourage innovation,	
	(c)	Resistant to change.	
	(d)	Team-leader.	(1 mark)
86.	Iden	tify a reason why delegation skills are important in management.	
	(a)	Allows proper allocation of responsibility and authority.	
	(b)	Demotivates employees.	
	(c)	Employees lack interest in the work assigned.	
	(d)	It may reduce performance levels.	(1 mark)
87.	Whic	ch of the following is NOT a technique that managers could use to resolve conflict in an organis	
Core.	(a)	Smoothing.	ation?
	(b)	Compromise.	
	(c)	Confrontation.	
	(d)	Training.	
	(u)	rranning.	(1 mark)
88.		ch of the following statements BEST defines the term "conflict"?	
	(a)	It is a disagreement between individuals arising out of a difference in thought proc	ess, attitudes.
		understanding, interests and other factors.	and and and and
	(b)	A discussion in which people expresses different opinions about something.	
	(c)	A discussion or argument carried out between two teams or sides.	
	(d)	Consideration of a subject by a group.	(1 mark)
90	TI		
89.	The	process of organising consists of the following steps EXCEPT:	
	(a)	Determining and defining the activities required for the achievement of planned goals.	
	(b)	Establishing standards for measuring work performance.	
	(c)	Grouping the activities into logical and convenient units.	
	(d)	Assigning the duties and activities to specific positions and people.	(1 mark)
90.	Whic	ch of the following is not a function of top management:	
	(a)	To appoint departmental and other key executives.	
	(b)	To coordinate the activities and efforts of different departments.	
	(c)	To assign jobs to workers and to make arrangements for their training and development.	
	(d)	To analyse, evaluate and deal with the environmental forces.	(1 mark)
91.	Whic	ch of the following functions entails bringing together the materials and human resources rec	minad for the
	achie	evement of desired goals?	lunca for the
	(a)	Planning.	
	(b)	Organising.	
	(c)	Leading.	
	(d)	Controlling,	(1 mark)
92.	Whiel	h of the following category of skills refers to the ability and knowledge in using the equipmer	4 4
	and p	procedures involved in performing specific tasks?	n, techniques
	(a)	Conceptual skills.	
	(b)	Human skills.	
	(c)	Writing skills.	
	(d)	Technical skills.	11
			(1 mark)
93.	Which	h role of a manager requires that they gather information, disseminate information or act as a second part of a company?	spokesperson
	(a)	Interpersonal role.	
	(b)	Informational role.	
	(c) (d)	Decision role.	
	(u)	Analytical role.	(1 mark)

CM11 Page 10 Out of 11

94.	The following are qualities of good managers EXCEPT:				
	(a)	Makes difficult decisions.			
	(b)	Has the ability to listen.			
	(c)	Uses micromanagement.	(1		
	(d)	Encourage teamwork.	(1 mark)		
95.	The fo	llowing are characteristics of successful entrepreneurs EXCEPT:			
	(a)	Creativity.			
	(b)	Perfectionist.			
	(c)	Risk-taking.	Section 2		
	(d)	Professionalism.	(1 mark)		
06.	Which	a component of the business plan details how an entrepreneur will generate income?			
	(a)	Business description.			
	(b)	Operations and production plan.			
	(c)	Customer analysis.	1.5 · · · 1.6		
	(d)	Financial plan.	(1 mark)		
97.	Which of the following statements BEST defines the term "staffing"?				
	(a)	Attracting candidates to fill a position in an organisation.			
	(b)	Process of choosing the most suitable person for a current position.			
	(c)	Managerial function of recruitment, selection, training, promotion and compensation of perso	nnel.		
	(d)	It is an instrument of developing employees by improving their skills and developing their be	haviour.		
			(1 mark)		
98.	Whic	h of the following statements BEST defines a "job description"?			
	(a)	The name of the position to be filled.			
	(b)	The scope of work to be performed by the candidate.			
	(c)	Various job-related activities to be performed by the candidates assigned the job.			
	(d)	It is the summary of all the tasks, roles and responsibilities with respect to a particular job.	(1 mark) ji?		
99.	The f	ollowing are strategies to retain employees EXCEPT:	WWW.CL		
	(a)	Discourage professional development.	4		
	(b)	Give recognition and rewards.			
	(c)	Offer incentives.			
	(d)	Build a culture employees want to be part of.	(1 mark)		
100.	Who	is responsible for collecting mail form the post office?			
	(a)	Security officer.			
	(b)	Messenger.			
	(c)	Gardener.			
	(d)	Receptionist.	(1 mark)		

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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

WEDNESDAY: 15 December 2021.

converting them into profitable undertakings?

Entrepreneurship.

1.

(a)

This paper has three sections. SECTION I has forty (40) multiple choice questions. SECTION II has twenty (20) short response questions. SECTION III has one (1) essay question. All questions are compulsory. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question.

SECTION 1 - 40 MARKS

Which of the following BEST explains the practice of empowering employees by valuing their ideas and

	(6)	Intrapreneurship.	
	(c)	Creativity.	
	(d)	Innovation.	(1 mark)
2.	Identify	one method of generating new business ideas.	
	(a)	Brainstorming.	×10
	(b)	Screening.	^{4.} 0 ₂
	(c)	Newspapers.	100Pt.
	(d)	Hobbies.	(1 mark)
	(4)		(T mane)
3.	Which	one of the following is NOT a factor to consider while choosing a business entry option?	(1 marts). Hoticolte
	(a)	Government regulation.	
	(b)	Commencement date.	
	(c)	Areas of operation.	
	(d)	Risks involved.	(1 mark)
			(
4.	Which	of the following is a limitation of debt finance?	
	(a)	It is a short-term finance.	
	(b)	Only available in small quantities.	
	(c)	It dilutes ownership.	
	(d)	Interest is a legal obligation.	(1 mark)
5.	Idontifi	one legal requirement for a start up husiness	
5.		y one legal requirement for a start-up business.	
	(a)	Accessibility to customers.	
	(b)	Enough capital.	
	(c)	Business name.	
	(d)	Qualified employees.	(1 mark)
6.	Which	of the following is a personal characteristic of a successful entrepreneur?	
	(a)	Dependent.	
	(b)	Fears risk.	
	(c)	Intolerant.	
	(d)	Confident.	(1 mark)
7.	Which	one of the following DEST evaluates the proceed of helping evaluation is a single	
1.	self-sus	one of the following BEST explains the process of helping small start-up business taining?	es to become
	(a)	Business incubation.	
	(b)	Business angels.	
	(c)	Business training.	
	(d)	Business finance.	(1 mark)
	N · 7		CM11 Page 1
			LIVELE FAVEL

Out of 6

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

8.	Which	of the following is NOT a component of the marketing mix?			
	(a)	People.			
	(b)	Profit.			
	(c)	Place.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Physical evidence.	(1 mark)		
9.	Identi	ly one type of entrepreneur.			
	(a)	Manager.			
	(b)	Networker.			
	(c)	Drone.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Risk taker.	(1 mark)		
10.	Which of the following BEST explains a business model where successful entrepreneurs allow other businesses to				
		t goods and services under their brand names?			
	(a)	Joint venture.			
	(b)	Partnership.			
	(c)	Cooperative.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Franchising.	(T mark)		
11.		fy one reason that has led to the popularity of microfinance institutions in your country.			
	(a)	Accessible to low income earners.			
	(b)	Give small amounts of money.			
	(c)	Require security.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	They are located near customers.	(T mark)		
12.	Whiel	Which statement best explains why it is important to create a schedule in the process of launching a new product?			
	(a)	Ensures customers are informed of the new product.			
	(b)	Ensures tasks are completed in time.			
	(c)	Ensures that the product is tested.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Ensures the product satisfies customers' needs.	(T mark)		
13.	Which of the following is NOT a factor that an entrepreneur could consider while identifying a target market?				
	(a)	Size.			
	(b)	Competition.			
	(c)	Availability of buildings.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Income levels.	(T mark)		
14.	ldenti	fy one factor that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a business location.			
	(a)	Promotion of products.			
	(b)	Labour.			
	(c)	Business management.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Business plan.	(T mark)		
15.	Which one of the following is a source of short-term finance?				
	(a)	Equity.			
	(b)	Debentures.			
	(c)	Bank overdraft.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Retained earnings.	(T mark)		
16.		ify one way that the government could promote entrepreneurship in your country.			
	(a)	Laws and regulations.			
	(b)	Corruption.			
	(c)	Buying from importers.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Building training institutions.	(T mark)		
17.	Which one of the following is an objective of evaluating a business idea?				
	(a)	Ensure it is well known by the customers.			
	(b)	Ensure that is tested by customers.			
	(c)	Ensure that it is not against competitor's expectations. Ensure it is not against society's expectations.	(1 mark)		
	(d)	Ensure it is not against society's expectations.	(1 11111)		

CM11 Page 2 Out of 6

18.	ldenti	fy one reason why an entrepreneur could choose to start a sole proprietorship form of busine	ess.
	(a)	Limited liabilities.	
	(b)	Large capital.	
	(c)	High secrecy.	<i></i>
	(d)	Sharing risks.	(1 mark)
19.	Whicl	one of the following is an objective of sending free samples to influencers before launching	g a new product?
	(a)	They are likely to buy more products.	
	(b)	They have a lot of money to buy products.	
	(c)	They are likely to share the samples with others.	
	(d)	They are likely to share details with followers.	(1 mark)
20	3371.5.1		1 10
20.		n one of the following BEST explains the art of getting things done through the efforts of ot	ner people?
	(a)	Delegation.	
	(b)	Management.	
	(c)	Leadership.	
	(d)	Authority.	(1 mark)
21.	Identi	fy one role performed by lower level management.	
	(a)	Long-term planning.	
	(b)	Appointment of other managers.	
	(c)	Setting up the overall organisation's goal.	
	(d)	Supervising operating employees.	(1 mark)
22.	Whiat	and of the following PFCT avalages the management function of monitoring plane to an	when that they are
22.		n one of the following BEST explains the management function of monitoring plans to ens followed?	sure that they are
	-		
	(a)	Controlling. Motivation.	
	(b)		. Ye
	(c)	Co-ordination.	(1 month) still
	(d)	Evaluation.	(1 mark) _{, D} op ^{i, OVE} eople.
23.	Identi	fy one type of skill that a manager may require to effectively interact and work with other p	eople.
	(a)	Conceptual skills.	
	(b)	Interpersonal skills.	
	(c)	Management skills.	
	(d)	Strategic thinking skills.	(1 mark)
24	Which	af the following is a characteristic of an officient filing system?	
24.		of the following is a characteristic of an efficient filing system? Confidential.	
	(a)		
	(b)	Large.	
	(c) (d)	Accessibility. Authorised.	(1 mark)
	(u)	Autorised.	(T mark)
25.		of the following BEST explains the summary tasks, roles and responsibilities of a sp	pecific job in an
	-	sation?	
	(a)	Job description.	
	(b)	Job specification.	
	(c)	Job enrichment.	
	(d)	Job analysis.	(1 mark)
26.	Which	of the following represents a decision that a manager may require to make at the sta	art-up stage of a
	busine		
	(a)	Recruit more staff.	
	(b)	Diversification.	
	(c)	Business closure.	
	(d)	Location.	(1 mark)
27.	Which	of the following is NOT a technique that could be used to motivate employees?	
<i>-</i> /.	(a)	Recognition.	
	(b)	Working conditions.	
	(c)	Job security.	
	(d)	Hiring employees.	(1 mark)
	()		CM11 Page 3
			Out of 6

28.	 Which of the following is NOT a reason for installing ventilations in office buildings? (a) Ensure health and safety of employees. (b) To comply with the law. 	
	(c) To ensure the building is secure.	
	(d) To ensure air circulation.	(1 mark)
29.	Identify one benefit that could accrue to an organisation from hiring the right employees.	
	(a) Pay high salaries.	
	(b) Easy to recruit.	
	(c) Reduce workload.	(1 - 1)
	(d) Improved performance.	(1 mark)
30.	Identify the basic function of management that involves grouping of jobs and assi responsibility to perform them.	gning authority and
	(a) Planning.	
	(b) Organising.	
	(c) Job enlargement.	
	(d) Job rotation.	(1 mark)
31.	Which of the following is a challenge associated with the stabilisation stage of a business life (a) Difficulties in attracting staff.	cycle?
	(b) High cost of promoting the business.	
	(c) Identifying opportunity for innovation.	(1 1)
	(d) Taking high risks.	(1 mark)
32.	Government can better help in forming new ventures by providing:	
	(a) Finance.	
	(b) Technology.	
	(c) Infrastructure.	
	(d) Funds.	(1 mark)
33.	Which of the following factor has allowed small companies to act like they are big ones?	
	(a) Customers.	
	(b) Competition.	
	(c) Economic development.(d) Technology.	(1 mark)
	(d) Technology.	(1 mark)
34.	Mary found out the reason her leg wear was not selling was due to its colour. What could this information?	be the best source of
	(a) Supplier.	
	(b) Retailer.	
	(c) Social media.	(1 monte)
	(d) Government bureau.	(1 mark)
35.	A typical inventor is usually	
	(a) Highly creative and in love with the invention.	
	(b) One that encourages change.	
	(c) Willing to modify the invention.	
	(d) Not enthusiastic.	(1 mark)
36.	Which of the following shows the process of creating something new?	
	(a) Business model.	
	(b) Design.	
	(c) Creative flexibility.	
	(d) Innovation.	(1 mark)
37.	The activity which occurs when the new venture is started is called	
	(a) Motivation.	
	(b) Business skills.	
	(c) Departure point.	
	(d) Goal orientation.	(1 mark)
		CM11 Page 4

CM11 Page 4 Out of 6

38.	Why (a) (b) (c)	 should an entrepreneur do a feasibility study for starting a new venture? To identify possible source of funds. To see if there are possible barriers to success. To estimate the expected sales. 	
	(d)	To explore potential customers.	(1 mark)
39.	Whie	h of the following is a typical characteristic of most entrepreneurs?	
	(a)	Choose high risk ventures.	
	(b)	Choose low risk ventures.	
	(c)	Choose moderate (or calculated) risk ventures.	
	(d)	Choose no risk ventures.	(1 mark)
40.	One c	of the disadvantages of a franchise business for a franchisee is	
	(a)	Lack of independence.	
	(b)	Franchise business typically have a high failure rate.	
	(c)	Lack of brand identity.	
	(d)	Training is not normally provided by the franchisor.	(1 mark)

SECTION II - 40 MARKS

In questions number 41 to 49, indicate whether the statement is True or False:			
41.	Buying an existing business is always advantageous to an entrepreneur.	(2 marks)	
42.	The business description component of a business plan contains the key management staff.	(2 marks)	
43.	Reduction of expenses is a bootstrapping technique.	(2 marks)	
44.	Hawking is a type of entrepreneurship.	(2 marks) (2 marks)	
45.	Imitating entrepreneurs do not have to invent anything new to make profit.	(2 marks)	
46.	All incoming mail should be opened in the mail room before they are delivered to the person concerned.	(2 marks)	
47.	All leaders are managers.	(2 marks)	
48.	All managers require decision making skills.	(2 marks)	
49.	Conflict in an organisation always leads to poor performance.	(2 marks)	
You ar	e advised not to exceed forty words in answering questions number 50 to 60.		
You ar 50.	re advised not to exceed forty words in answering questions number 50 to 60. Outline two benefits that an individual could achieve from becoming an entrepreneur.	(2 marks)	
		(2 marks) (2 marks)	
50.	Outline two benefits that an individual could achieve from becoming an entrepreneur.	, ,	
50. 51.	Outline two benefits that an individual could achieve from becoming an entrepreneur.	(2 marks)	
50. 51. 52.	Outline two benefits that an individual could achieve from becoming an entrepreneur. List two characteristics of a viable business idea. State two advantages of joint ventures.	(2 marks) (2 marks) (2 marks)	
 50. 51. 52. 53. 	Outline two benefits that an individual could achieve from becoming an entrepreneur. ' List two characteristics of a viable business idea. State two advantages of joint ventures. Highlight two reasons why an entrepreneur could prefer to finance a business using personal savings.	(2 marks) (2 marks) (2 marks) eting mix.	
 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 	Outline two benefits that an individual could achieve from becoming an entrepreneur. List two characteristics of a viable business idea. State two advantages of joint ventures. Highlight two reasons why an entrepreneur could prefer to finance a business using personal savings. List two product decisions that an entrepreneur could require to make while developing a marke	(2 marks) (2 marks) (2 marks) eting mix. (2 marks)	

CM11 Page 5 Out of 6

58.	State two characteristics of venture capitalists as a source of finance.	(2 marks)
59.	Identify two factors that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a business incubator.	(2 marks)
60.	Highlight two purposes of the appendix in a business plan.	(2 marks)

SECTION III - 20 MARKS

61.	(a)	Highlight five objectives of management.	(5 marks)
	(b)	Outline five advantages of conflicts to an organisation.	(5 marks)
	(c)	Describe five situations that may trigger innovation.	(5 marks)
	(d)	Explain five reasons why an entrepreneur may need a business plan for their new venture.	(5 marks)
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	

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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 30 August 2021.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks.

SECTION I

QUESTION ONE

(a)	Summa	The second second second second use to acquire capital assets for their busines	ss. (8 marks)
(b)	Describ	be four ways through which an entrepreneur could demonstrate innovativeness.	(8 marks)
(c)	Explair	the following types of entrepreneurs:	
	(i)	The sales person.	(2 marks) _v e
	(ii)	The achiever.	(2 marks) ⁰¹ (Total: 20 marks)
QUES	ΓΙΟΝ ΤΥ		www.
(a)	Analys	e five administrative challenges of new ventures.	(10 marks)
(b)	Outline	e six differences between an "entrepreneur" and a "business person".	(6 marks)
(c)	Explair	n four reasons why e-commerce could be expensive for small businesses to adopt.	(4 marks) (Total: 20-marks)
QUES	ΓΙΟΝ ΤΙ	HREE	
(a)	(i)	Define the term "e-money".	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Summarise six advantages of using e-money to an enterprise.	(6 marks)
(b)	Inadeq	uate access to markets is one reason why many new ventures fail.	
	Highlig	ght seven problems that could be encountered in accessing local markets in your country	y. (7 marks)
(c)	Outline	e five advantages of operating a business as a partnership.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
-	FION FO		
(a)	(i)	Distinguish between "promotional discounts" and "seasonal discounts".	(4 marks)
	(ii)	Examine six benefits of giving discounts to customers.	(6 marks)
(b)	In the c	context of bootstrapping, identify six measures that an entrepreneur could take to minim	nise external funding. (6 marks)
(c)	Analys	e four factors that could cause bad debts in a business organisation.	(4 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

SECTION II

QUESTION FIVE

QUES [*] (a)	TION FIVE Highlight six non-financial motivators that could be used to motivate employees.	(6 marks)
(b)	Outline four objectives of corporate governance.	(4 marks)
(c)	Identify five advantages of working on-line from home for employees.	(5 marks)
(d)	Propose five ways of ensuring efficient mail handling services in an organisation.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	TION SIX Explain five mechanisms that the management of an organisation could put in place in order in the office.	to minimise conflicts (10 marks)
(b)	In relation to principles of management, enumerate six reasons why employees should not from more than one supervisor.	t receive instructions (6 marks)
(c)	List four limitations of centralising office operations.	(4 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
OUES	TION SEVEN	
(a)	Identify six responsibilities of employees in ensuring a safe and healthy work environment.	(6 marks)
(b)	Explain four limitations of planning.	(8 marks)
(c)	Summarise three challenges facing corporate governance.	(6 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks.

SECTION I

QUESTION ONE

MONDAY: 17 May 2021.

(a)	Highlight five differences between debentures and preference share capital.	(10 marks)
(b)	State ten contents of a partnership deed.	(10 marks)
		(Total: 20 marks)
QUES'	ΓΙΟΝ ΤWΟ	. (Q
(a)	Outline six benefits associated with entrepreneurship.	(6 marks)
(b)	Outline six benefits associated with entrepreneurship. Summarise six interventions that the government could undertake to avoid failure of small and (SMEs). Identify eight limitations of a franchise arrangement.	d medium enterprises _s e ^{nov} (6 marks)
(c)	Identify eight limitations of a franchise arrangement.	(8 marks)
		(Total: 20 marks)
QUES	ΓΙΟΝ THREE	

(a) Explain the 5C's model of assessing the credit worthiness of a customer. (10 marks) (b) (i) Define the term innovation. (2 marks) Analyse four ways in which entrepreneurs could protect their business ideas. (ii) (8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

QUESTION FOUR

(c)	Explain five factors that may lead to an entrepreneur failing to realise his dreams.	(10 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
(b)	Outline five reasons for the increased use of mobile banking.	(5 marks)
(a)	In the context of credit control, highlight five ways of minimising bad debts.	(5 marks)

SECTION II

QUESTION FIVE

		(Total: 20 marks)
(c)	Propose eight strategies that a supervisor may apply to build a high performing team.	(8 marks)
(b)	State six benefits of planning to an organisation.	(6 marks)
(a)	Outline six features of management.	(6 marks)

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Time Allowed: 3 hours.

QUESTION SIX

(a)	Analyse five qualities of a good filing equipment.	(5 marks)
(b)	Outline five benefits of good governance practices to an organisation.	(5 marks)
(c)	Identify ten steps for handling outgoing mail in an office.	(10 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUESTION SEVEN (a) Highlight five situations where a manager would act as a disturbance handler.		(5 marks)
(b)	List seven guidelines that you could follow when making calls.	(7 marks)
(c)	Analyse four types of conflicts that could arise in organisaitions.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT Time Allowed: 3 hours. MONDAY: 23 November 2020. Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks. SECTION I **OUESTION ONE** Outline five reasons why it is important for an entrepreneur to prepare a business plan. (5 marks) (a) (7 marks) Identify seven sources of business ideas for entrepreneurs. (b) (4 marks) Explain four principles of innovation in entrepreneurship. (c) (i) (4 marks) Highlight four sources of innovation for entrepreneurs. (ii) (Total: 20 marks) **OUESTION TWO** (10 marks) Discuss five challenges faced by entrepreneurs in your country. (a) (5 marks) Highlight five disadvantages of buying an existing business. (b) (5 marks) Explain five reasons why an entrepreneur would set customer credit limits. (c) (Total: 20 marks) **OUESTION THREE** Explain the following forms of business organisations: (a) (2 marks) Sole proprietorship. (i) (2 marks) A partnership. (ii) (2 marks) A public limited company. (iii) (2 marks) (iv) A private limited company. (6 marks) Highlight six disadvantages of sole proprietorships. (b) (6 marks) Identify six sources of funds for entrepreneurs. (c) (Total: 20 marks) **QUESTION FOUR** Define the term "goodwill". (2 marks) (a) (i)

(8 marks) Explain four benefits of creating goodwill with customers. (ii) (2 marks) Define the term "e-commerce". (b) (i) (8 marks) Explain four advantages of e-commerce. (ii) (Total: 20 marks)

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SECTION II

QUESTION FIVE (a) Explain the following principles of management:

	(i)	Division of work.	(2 marks)	
	(ii)	Discipline.	(2 marks)	
	(iii)	Unity of direction.	(2 marks)	
	(iv)	Scalar chain.	(2 marks)	
	(v)	Stability of tenure.	(2 marks)	
(b)	Identi	fy five causes of inefficient filing in an organisation.	(5 marks)	
(c)	Summ	mmarise five functions performed by middle level management. (5 ma (Total: 20 ma		
QUES	STION S	IX	10.15	
(a)	Propo	se six measures that management of an organisation could take to ensure the safety of employ	vees. (6 marks)	
(b)	Outlin	e six positive consequences of conflict in an organisation.	(6 marks)	
(c)	Analyse four reasons why there has been a growing interest in corporate governance practice both in the private and			
(0)	public sectors. (8 ma		(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)	
OUE	STION S	EVEN		
(a)	Outlin	ne seven roles of a filing clerk.	(7 marks)	
(b)	Expla	in five benefits of communicating decisions to employees.	(5 marks)	
(c)	Discu	ss four risks faced by Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs).	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)	

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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

TUESDAY: 26 November 2019.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks.

SECTION I

 (a) With reference to the life cycle of an enterprise, list six features associated with the growth stage. (6 marks) (b) State six characteristics of creative entrepreneurs. (6 marks) (c) Identify eight factors which might motivate an individual to become an entrepreneur. (8 marks) (Total: 20 marks) QUESTION TWO (a) Highlight six circumstances which may lead to choosing a sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of enterprises. (6 marks)
 (c) Identify eight factors which might motivate an individual to become an entrepreneur. (8 marks) (Total: 20 marks) QUESTION TWO (a) Highlight six circumstances which may lead to choosing a sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of the sole proprietorship instead of the sole proprietors
(Total: 20 marks) QUESTION TWO (a) Highlight six circumstances which may lead to choosing a sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business of
(a) Highlight six circumstances which may lead to choosing a sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business
(a) Highlight six circumstances which may lead to choosing a sole proprietorship instead of the other forms of business
enterprises. (6 marks)
(b) Appropriate technology is designed to suit the needs of an entrepreneur.
With reference to the above statement:
(i) Summarise seven characteristics of appropriate technology. (7 marks)
(ii) Outline five factors to consider while selecting appropriate technology. (5 marks)
(c) With reference to protection of a business, explain the term "intellectual property". (2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUESTION THREE
(a) With reference to work environment, state ten ways of enhancing creativity in an organisation. (10 marks)
 (b) Discuss five methods that an entrepreneur of a small and medium enterprise could use to manage business risks. (10 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUESTION FOUR
(a) (i) Define the term "m-commerce". (2 marks)
(ii) Outline six advantages of using m-commerce to an enterprise. (6 marks)
(b) Distinguish between the terms "credit limit" and "credit control". (4 marks)

(c) Highlight eight barriers to creativity.

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(Total: 20 marks)

(8 marks)

SECTION II

QUES (a)	STION I Sumn	FIVE narise ten qualities of a successful manager.	(10 marks)
(b)	With reference to teamwork:		
• .	(i)	Explain the meaning of the term "team building".	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Describe four stages a group passes through in the process of developing an effective team	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	STION S Ident	SIX fy five routine office operations.	(5 marks)
(b)	Cite s	even duties of a supervisor.	(7 marks)
(c)	Analy	vse four merits of centralised mailing services.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	STION S In the	SEVEN context of management skills, distinguish between "diagnostic skills" and "conceptual skills"	. (4 marks)
(b)	List s	ix contributions of good corporate governance practices to an organisation.	(6 marks)
(c)	(i)	In relation to filing records, explain the term "cross referencing".	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Examine four situations when cross referencing could be necessary.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)



CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 20 May 2019. Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks. SECTION I

OUESTION ONE

QUES (a)	FION O With re	NE eference to sources of finance, explain the following terms:	
	(i)	Bank overdraft.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Owner's capital.	(2 marks)
(b)	Highlig	ght three disadvantages of bank overdraft as a source of finance.	(3 marks)
(c)	Outline	e three advantages of using trade credit in an enterprise.	(3 marks)
(d)	Discus	s five benefits of innovation to a business enterprise.	(3 marks) (10 marks), ^{chonic, ve} (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	TION T Highli	WO ght five services that business incubators could offer to start-up companies.	(5 marks)
(b)	Explai	n five ways through which an entrepreneur could maintain regular visits by customers t	o an enterprise website. (5 marks)
(c)	Descri	be five stages of the creative process for business ideas.	(10 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	TION T Explai	HREE n five factors which could limit the growth of entrepreneurship in a country.	(5 marks)
(b)	Identif	fy five challenges that entrepreneurs might encounter in the process of selecting a	new business venture. (5 marks)
(c)	Discus bad de	ss five measures which could be used to effectively control credit given to customers i obts.	n an enterprise to avoid (10 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	TION F	OUR e the term "preference shares".	(2 marks)

Explain four ways in which an entrepreneur could use to maintain competitive advantage in a business. (b) (8 marks) (c)

Discuss five e-commerce challenges that could affect the small and medium enterprises (SMEs) in a country. (10 marks) (Total: 20 marks) .

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Time Allowed: 3 hours.

SECTION II

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(a) Highlight five benefits of computerising the filing system in an organisation.	(5 marks)
(b) State five features of a sound policy.	(5 marks)
(c) Explain five roles of supervisory management in an organisation.	(5 marks)
(d) Outline five indicators of low motivation among employees in an organisation.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUESTION SEVEN	
(a) State three factors that could hinder team effectiveness.	(3 marks)
(b) Outline five causes of conflict in an organisation.	(5 marks)
(c) Highlight four guidelines that employees could observe to mitigate against accidents at the	work place. (4 marks)
(d) Explain four characteristics of good governance.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

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CAMS LEVEL I

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 26 November 2018.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks.

SECTION I

QUESTION ONE

(a)	Identify	five ways in which entrepreneurs contribute towards economic development in your country	y. (5 marits)	
(b)	Highligh	tt seven benefits that a business could gain from operating as a franchise.	(7 marks)	
(c)	Explain	four types of discounts that a trader might offer to customers.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)	~0.Ye
QUEST	TION TW		م	hopi
(a)	Identify	ten purposes of carrying out marketing research.	(10 marks)	
(b)	Explain the five stages of a business life-cycle. (10 (Total: 20)			
QUEST (a)	TON TH State for	REE ar reasons why some people prefer to be self-employed.	(4 marks)	
(b)	Outline	four limitations of using debt to finance a firm's operations.	(4 marks)	
(c)	(i)	Distinguish between "creativity" and "innovation".	(4 marks)	
	(ii)	Identify four types of innovation that an entrepreneur could adopt.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)	
QUEST (a)	TION FO Describe	UR e five factors that an entrepreneur should consider before purchasing an already existing bus	iness. (10 marks)	
(b)) Explain the following forms of credit sales:			
	(i)	Simple credit.	(2 marks)	
	(ii)	Monthly account.	(2 marks)	
	(iii)	Trade credit.	(2 marks)	
	(iv)	Hire purchase.	(2 marks)	
	(v)	Budget account.	(2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)	

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SECTION II

QUEST (a)	FION FI State fi	VE ve non-financial motivators that might be given to employees.	(5 marks)
(b)	List seven guidelines that should be followed in answering a telephone call in the office.		
(c)	Explain the following principles of management:		
	(i)	Espirit de corps.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Equity.	(2 marks)
	(iii)	Unity of command.	(2 marks)
	(iv)	Remuneration.	(2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUESTION SIX (a) Highlight six reasons why it is important to establish procedures to be followed in the daily operations of an organisation. (6 marks)			
(b)	State si	ix functions performed by top level management in an organisation.	(6 marks)
(c)	Explain	n four techniques that management could apply to resolve conflicts in an organisation.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	TION SI Highlig	EVEN ght five benefits of centralising office operations.	(5 marks)
(b)	Outline	e five objectives of maintaining good corporate governance systems in an organisation.	(5 marks)
(c)	State fi	ive features of a good organisational structure.	(5 marks)
(d)	Descri	be five sources of power that leaders possess.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

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PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 1 August 2022. Morning paper.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL the questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- 1. What name is given to the type of entrepreneurship that involves identifying a promising business and taking the initiative to acquire it? Researcher A. В. Hustler C. Buyer D. Innovative (2 mark) 2. is an indicator of a good business idea. A. High competition B. Good market scope C. More resource requirement (2 mark) con D. High government revenue 3. What is the name given to the process of building a business with minimal or no extra capital? Informal financing A. В. Micro financing C. Bootstrapping D. Crowd funding (2 mark) 4. Which of the following is **NOT** a factor that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a business location? A. Entrepreneur's skills Β. Security C. Potential for growth D. Accessibility (2 marks) 5. ? Intrapreneurship also refers to Corporate entrepreneurship A. Β. Internal entrepreneurship C. Business entrepreneurship (2 marks) D. Innovative entrepreneurship 6. Which one of the following is a challenge faced by entrepreneurs in your country. Low interest rates A. Β. Unregulated competition C. Supportive government policies D. Lack of employment (2 marks) 7. is a method of generating new ideas using suggested problems of known products. A. Brainstorming problems Focus groups problem solving method Β. Creative problem solving С.
 - D. Problem inventory analysis

(2 marks)

Time Allowed: 2 hours.



8.	 Why would an entrepreneur opt to buy an existing business instead of starting a new one? A. Lower cost of starting a business B. Ability to introduce a new product C. Established relationship with suppliers D. Support is assured by previous owners 	(2 marks)
9.	 Which of the following is a limitation of equity finance? A. Loss of control B. Lack of credit worthiness C. Money has to be repaid back D. High interest rates 	(2 marks)
10.	 What term is used to refer to all permits and licences that one must obtain before being allowed business in your country? A. Government requirements B. Statutory requirements C. Government policy D. Business requirements 	to operate a (2 marks)
11.	 Which of the following statements is NOT true about an entrepreneur? A. Is a catalyst of economic change. B. Identifies a business opportunity. C. Takes calculated risks. D. Success depends on luck. 	(2 marks)
12.	 Which of the following is NOT a factor to consider while choosing a business incubator? A. Success rate. B. Quality of services. C. Availability of market. D. Policies and procedures. 	(2 marks)
13.	 The following are the benefits that a franchisee gains from a franchisor EXCEPT? A. Training. B. Brand name. C. Product or service. D. Profit guarantee. 	(2 marks)
14.	Venture capital is a source of finance. A. Debt B. Equity C. Personal D. Micro	(2 marks)
15.	 Which of the following is NOT a reason for ensuring customer satisfaction? A. Customer attraction B. Customer experience C. Customer retention D. Customers to do one time purchase 	(2 marks)
16.	 Which of the following statements is TRUE about an imitating entrepreneur? A. They learn from mistakes of others to make their products and services better B. They start small and grow their business with hard work rather than capital C. They do as much research as possible before launching a product or service in the market D. They constantly come up with new ideas and turn them into profitable ventures 	(2 marks)
17.	 Why is it important to carry out competitors' analysis while writing a business plan? A. To evaluate the size of their businesses B. To know what kind of product they sell C. To determine their tastes and preferences D. To determine their strengths and weaknesses 	(2 marks)

18.	is a person who initiates, creates and manages a new business.	
	A. A leader B. A professional	
	B. A professionalC. An entrepreneur	
	D. A manager	(2 marks)
		(2 marito)
19.	Which type of entrepreneur utilises a chance to introduce a new technique or a new product?	
	A. Fabian entrepreneurs	
	B. Innovative entrepreneursC. Researchers	
	D. Businessmen	(2 marks)
		()
20.	Which of the following behaviour, is not associated with successful entrepreneur?	
	A. Continuous innovation and urgencyB. Production as per customers' requirements	
	C. Research and development	
	D. Running the business without planning	(2 marks)
21		
21.	Which of the following is NOT a source of ideas for an entrepreneur?A. Imported products	
	B. Emerging technologies	
	C. Cost of the project	
	D. Product profile	(2 marks)
22.	A business plan is important for all of the following reasons EXCEPT ?	
	A. It enables the business owners to systematically think through each aspect of the neB. It gives an assurance to lenders and investors that they will earn a decent return.	w venture.
	C. It is a selling document that enables a company to present itself to potential suppliers	and business partners
	D. It provides an investor with something to react to	(2 marks)
		chopt
23.	Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of entrepreneur?	and business partners. (2 marks) i cove
	A. Managerial trainingB. Creativity	*
	C. Innovation	
	D. Risk taking	(2 marks)
	6	
24.	Which of the following statements BEST describes the term leadership?	
	A. Managing human resources	
	B. Monitoring performance	
	C. Getting things done through peopleD. Influencing the behavior of others	(2 marks)
	D. Initialities the behavior of others	(2 marks)
25.	What stages of the business life cycle are sales the lowest?	
	A. Innovation	
	B. Stabilisation	
	C. Idea generation	$(2 \operatorname{marks})$
	D. Start-up	(2 marks)
26.	What name is given to the role of a manager that involves dealing with people outside the or	ganisation?
	A. Monitor role	
	B. Entrepreneurial roleC. Liaison role	
	D. Figurehead role	(2 marks)
		(2 marks)
27.	Identify the MAIN reason why planning is important in an organisation.	
	A. Helps in specialisationB. Defines the organisation structure	
	C. Gives a sense of direction	
	D. Helps in training new employees	(2 marks)
	D. Heips in training new employees	(2 marks)

28.	Which level of management makes up the smallest group of managers in an organisation?	
	A. Top level	
	B. Middle level	
	C. Intermediate level	
	D. Lower level	(2 marks)
29.	Which management skills would a manager require MOST while resolving conflict among employed A. Conceptual skills	es?
	B. Interpersonal skills	
	C. Strategic thinking skills	
	D. Delegation skills	(2 marks)
30.	Identify the MAIN challenge that an organisation could face in the process of recruiting suitable emp	oloyees?
	A. Inability to attract the right candidates	
	B. Inappropriate media to advertise vacancies	
	C. Lack of an interview panel	
	D. Failure to induct employees	(2 marks)
21	Which of the following is a number of the energiaing function of monogenerat?	
31.	Which of the following is a purpose of the organising function of management?A. Facilitate coordination	
	B. Set goals	
	e	
	11	(2 1)
	D. Motivate staff	(2 marks)
32.	Who among the following is NOT an operational level manager?	
	A. Foreman	
	B. Supervisor	
	C. Chief Executive Officer	
	D. Superintendent	(2 marks)
	D. Supermendent	(2 marks)
33.	Identify the skills a manager would require to choose amongst alternative courses of action.	
	A. Leadership skills	
	B. Communication skills	
	C. Operating skills	
	D. Decision-making skills	(2 marks)
	D. Devision making skins	(2 marks)
34.	Which of the following is not a challenge for an entrepreneur?	
	A. Choosing the product or service to sell in the market	
	B. Managing the cash flow of their business	
	C. Recruiting new employees	
	D. Formulating rules and regulations relating to conducting entrepreneurship in their country	(2 marks)
		()
35.	Who should prepare a firm's business plan?	
	A. Entrepreneur	
	B. Accountant	
	C. Engineer	
	D. Marketer	(2 marks)
26		
36.	What is the name given to the process of creating something new?	
	A. Management	
	B. Business	
	C. Creative flexibility	
	D. Innovation	(2 marks)
27	What is the number of a facility study while preserving to start a new verture?	
37.	What is the purpose of a feasibility study while preparing to start a new venture?A. Estimate sales	
	B. Exploring for potential customers	
	C. To understand if there are any barriers to success	(2, 1)
	D. To market the products	(2 marks)

38.	What are the three interpersonal roles of managers?A. Figurehead, organiser and spokesmanB. Communicator, organiser and spokesman	
	C. Director, coordinator and disseminatorD. Spokesman, leader and coordinator	(2 marks)
39.	Which of the following is NOT a recognised skill of management? A. Technical skills	
	B. Writing skills	
	C. Conceptual skills D. Human skills	(2 marks)
40.	What is the name given to the management function that involves determining whether the to standard?	
	A. Leading	
	B. Controlling	
	C. Organising D. Planning	(2 marks)
	-	(2 marks)
41.	When would cross referencing be important while filing office documents?A. When there are so many records to be filed.	
	B. In case documents require frequent retrievalC. To keep documents away from unauthorised users	
	D. In case a document can be filed under more than one heading	(2 marks)
42.	The following are components of a job description and a job specification:	
	(i) Job title(ii) Working environment	
	(iii) Education and training	o.ve
	(iv) Tasks to be performed	nopis
	(v) Skills(vi) Personality	www.dop.co.te
	Which of the following sets relate to a job specification?	
	A. (ii), (v), (vi)	
	B. (iii), (v), (vi)	
	C. (i), (iii), (v) D. (i), (ii), (iv)	(2 marks)
43.	Management skills applies to managers at which level?	
	A. All levels in an organisationB. Top level in an organisation	
	B. Top level in an organisationC. Executive level in an organisation	
	D. Middle level in an organisation	(2 marks)
44.	Which management function entails grouping of jobs?	
	A. Controlling	
	B. Planning	
	C. Organising D. Directing	$(2 \operatorname{marks})$
	D. Directing	(2 marks)
45.	Which type of decision making is carried out by lower level management and deals with sp	pecific daily tasks?
	A. Mid-level decision makingB. Administrative decision making	
	C. Operational decision making	
	D. Programmed decision making	(2 marks)
46.	What is the goal of an entrepreneur during the start-up stage of a business lifecycle?A. Enhance competitive edge	
	B. Growth	
	C. Survive	()
	D. Enhance reputation	(2 marks)
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47.	Which of the following is a benefit of electronic filing systems?			
	А.	Viruses can attack the computer		
	В.	Staff training is needed		
	С.	Staff need specialised training to use the system		
	D.	It reduces the number of staff that must be hired to manage records	(2 marks)	
48.	Whic	th of the following is not an important aspect of employee involvement?		
	А.	Employee empowerment		
	В.	Teamwork		
	C.	Keeping employee morale down		
	D.	Employee motivation	(2 marks)	
49.	Whic	ch of the following is a positive outcome of conflict?		
	А.	Stimulates creativity		
	В.	Strains relationships		
	С.	Promotes resistance		
	D.	Encourages poor performance	(2 marks)	

- 50. Which of the following is **NOT** an intervention that management could put in place to prevent health related issues in an organisation?
 - A. Proper furniture
 - B. Adequate stationery
 - C. Ventilation
 - D. Noise control

(2 marks)

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