

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

TUESDAY: 22 April 2025. Morning Paper.

This paper consists of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1.	Whic	h one of the following outcomes is a disadvantage of self-employment?		
	A.	Fluctuating income		
	В.	Steady income		
	C.	Low personal risk		
	D.	Flexible working time	(2 marks)	
2.	Intrap	oreneurs are motivated by		
	A.	profit and independence		
	B.	status and social prestige		
	C.	career growth and recognition		
	D.	high personal and financial risk	(2 marks)	
3.	Whic	th one of the following internal factors affects a business?	Way ig	
	A.	Competitive factor	A.	
	B.	Leadership factor		
	C.	Economic factor		
	D.	Socio-economic forces	(2 marks)	
4.	Which one of the following statements explains a way in which entrepreneurs could contribute to local			
	econo	omies?		
	A.	Expanding business to foreign markets		
	B.	Sourcing raw materials and labour locally		
	C.	Selling their products only in local markets		
	D.	Outsourcing local tasks to global dealers	(2 marks)	
5.	Whic	h one of the following benefits could accrue to a country from attracting foreign investment?		
	A.	Facilitates knowledge and technology transfer		
	B.	Enhances monopolisation of local industries		
	C.	Increases dependence on foreign markets		
	D.	Reduces competition in the local market	(2 marks)	
6.	Which one of the following entrepreneurial behaviours is commonly displayed by successful entrepreneurs?			
	A.	Perseverance		
	B.	Impatience		
	C.	Irresponsible		
	D.	Inflexible	(2 marks)	
7.	Whic	h one of the following techniques could be used by entrepreneurs to deal with high competition?		
	A.	Hire legal experts to ensure compliance		
	B.	Develop a unique value proposition		
	C.	Implement strict financial management		
	D.	Promote rapid growth of the business	(2 marks)	

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

8.	The p	rocess of creating something new is called		
	A.	generation		
	В.	management		
	C.	business		
	D.	innovation	(2 marks)	
9.		h one of the following sets of qualities describe a viable business opportunity?		
	A.	Attractive, high gains, short cycle and minimal resources		
	В.	Durable, abnormal profits, long cycle and unique market		
	C.	Anchored on product, profitable, short cycle and timely		
	D.	Attractive, durable, anchored on product and timely	(2 marks)	
10.	What	is the purpose of a feasibility study for starting a new venture?		
	A.	Segmenting the market		
	В.	Estimating the cost of sales		
	C.	Confirming market opportunities		
	D.	Advertising the commodities	(2 marks)	
11.	Whic	h one of the following characteristics is NOT associated with innovative entrepreneurs?		
	A.	Proactiveness in identifying market gaps		
	В.	Creating unique solutions to problems		
	C.	Disrupting industries with novel ideas		
	D.	Replicating existing business models	(2 marks)	
12.	An en	atrepreneur could ensure that a new business idea has potential for growth by	•	
	A.	evaluating the idea		
	В.	implementing the idea		
	C.	generating the idea		
	D.	brainstorming the idea	(2 marks)	
13.	Whic	h one of the following ways could social media be used as a source of business ideas?		
	A.	Conducting interviews		
	В.	Conducting SWOT analysis		
	C.	Getting customer feedback		
	D.	Representing ideas visually	(2 marks)	
14.		h one of the following statements describes the primary support provided by business in preneurs?	cubators to	
	A.	Customers, raw materials and skills		
	B.	Market, transportation and loans		
	C.	Capital, products and new ideas		
	D.	Tools, expertise and resources	(2 marks)	
15.	Whic	h one of the following statements describes the purpose of a table of content in a business plan?		
	A.	Contains a brief summary of the key points of the plan		
	B.	Allows readers to easily navigate through the sections		
	C.	Serves as the first impression of the business plan		
	D.	Provides the foundation of understanding the plan	(2 marks)	
16.	Which one of the following factors is LEAST likely to influence the timings of the business?			
	A.	Government policies		
	B.	Taxation rates		
	C.	Consumer expenditures		
	D.	Weather patterns	(2 marks)	
17.	Whic	h one of the following characteristics is associated with a joint venture?		
	A.	All partners have unlimited liability		
	B.	Requires a long-term commitment		
	C.	Formed for a specific time or purpose		
	D.	Operates under a single brand name	(2 marks)	

18.	Whic A.	h one of the following characteristics relates to decision-making in a partnership business? Quick-decision-making process	
	В.	Collective decision-making process	
	C.	Sole control over decision-making	
	D.	Spontaneous decision-making process	(2 marks)
19.	Whic A.	h one of the following items form a part of the content of the market analysis section of the bus The sales cycle	iness plan?
	В.	Competitor analysis	
	C.	Industry trends	
	D.	Revenue drivers	(2 marks)
20.	Whic	h one of the following documents is presented to the registrar of companies during registration Audited financial statements	of a business?
	B.	Memorandum of Association	
	C.	A management signed deed	
	D.	An environmental audit report	(2 marks)
21.	the b	th one of the following statements indicates the purpose of having a company's mission states usiness plan?	ment shown in
	A.	Define company's management structure	
	B.	Define why it exists and its aspirations	
	C.	Reinforce its position in the market	(21)
	D.	Define its relationship with others	(2 marks)
22.		o-finance institutions provide finance to	
	Α.	low growth businesses	
	В. С.	low-income entrepreneurs	
	D.	large successful businesses high-risk business ventures	(2 marks)
23.	Whic	h one of the following types of finance is usually the first source of capital for a small business Debt finance	ctart un?sikiki.
23.	A	Deht finance	start-up:
	В.	Venture capital	
	C.	Personal finance	
	D.	Share capital	(2 marks)
24.	Whic	th one of the following statements provides the purpose of writing the articles of association?	
	A.	State the liability of business partners	
	B.	Show the objectives of the company	
	C.	Give the internal managerial functions	
	D.	Show the directors of the company	(2 marks)
25.	Regis	stering a company with the relevant authority ensures	
	A.	availability of required capital	
	В.	protection from competition	
	C.	recognition as a legal entity	
	D.	tax exemptions and rebates	(2 marks)
26.	Whic	h one of the following statements describes the activity undertaken when performing the leading	g function?
	A.	Evaluating performance	
	B.	Allocating resources	
	C.	Influencing people	(2 1)
	D.	Managing finances	(2 marks)
27.		h one of the following elements is part of the 7P's in the marketing-mix?	
	A.	Performance	
	B.	Premium	
	C.	People	(2 ms-1)
	D.	Profit	(2 marks)

28.	Which one of the following functions is exercised by the top-level management in an o	organisation?		
	A. Supervise workers			
	B. Set Production linesC. Allocation of duties			
	D. Set long-term goals	(2 mortes)		
	D. Set long-term goals	(2 marks)		
29.	A local bakery has decided to run a 'buy one, get one free' promotion.			
	This strategy is aimed at A. engaging customers			
	B. attracting customers			
	C. segmenting customers			
	D. reducing product prices	(2 marks)		
30.	Which one of the following strategies is used by managers to win and retain customers	?		
50.	A. Broad marketing	•		
	B. Imitating services			
	C. Target marketing			
	D. Product description	(2 marks)		
	•	,		
31.	Which of the following statements describes the directing function of management? A. Taking corrective action of deviations			
	A. Taking corrective action of deviationsB. Issuing orders and instructions			
	C. Disseminating the information			
	D. Determining the activities	(2 marks)		
22				
32.	Which one of the following actions is part of the controlling function of management?			
	A. Providing direction and motivating to team members			
	B. Division of tasks and optimum allocation of resources			
	C. Ensuring a plan is followed and necessary changes made D. Setting long-term goals and strategies to meet goals	(2 montra)		
	D. Setting long-term goals and strategies to meet goals	(2 marks)		
33.	Resolving conflicts and providing guidance to employees is part of the	function of management.		
	A. leading			
	B. planning			
	C. organising	(0 1)		
	D. staffing	(2 marks)		
34.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Which one of the following statements indicates the reason why a manager could prefer internal recruiting for a position in the management?		
	A. To motivates employees within the organisationB. To gives the organisation a competitive advantage			
	C. It modifies the organisation structure			
	D. To give a high return on human capital	(2 marks)		
2.5		, , ,		
35.	Which one of the following conflict handling styles involve developing solutions that by	benefit all parties?		
	A. Accommodating			
	B. CollaboratingC. Compromising			
	D. Dominating	(2 marks)		
	D. Dominating	(2 marks)		
36.	Having delegation skills enables a manager to			
	A. generate multiple solutions to problems			
	B. empower subordinates to make decisions			
	C. anticipate threats and opportunities			
	D. manage conflicts and foster cooperation	(2 marks)		
37.	To be able to choose the best course of action from available alternatives, a manager re	equires		
	A. interpersonal skills			
	B. conceptual skills			
	C. communication skills			
	D. decision-making skills	(2 marks)		

38.	Whic field?	h one of the following functions describes a job-specific knowledge needed to perf	form well in a specialised
	A.	Conceptual skills	
	В.	Technical skills	
	C.	Interpersonal roles	
	D.	Decisional roles	(2 marks)
	υ.	Decisional foles	(2 marks)
39.		h one of the following actions represents the last step of handling incoming mail in	a large organisation?
	A.	Recording	
	В.	Writing	
	C.	Referencing	
	D.	Distribution	(2 marks)
40.		h one of the following statements explains the importance of verifying the weight of	outgoing mail?
	A.	Avoid information overload	
	B.	Make delivery of mail easier	
	C.	Know whether there are enclosures	(2 1-)
	D.	Ensure proper postage calculation	(2 marks)
41.	In rel calls?	ation to customer support, which one of the following statements justify the reaso	n for recording customer
	A.	Performance monitoring and improvements	
	B.	Help cater for a diverse customer base	
	C.	Reduced customer waiting and queuing time	
	D.	Automated responses to customer queries	(2 marks)
42.	Whic A.	h one of the following factors is NOT a characteristic of a good filing system? Accessibility	
	В.	Elasticity	0
	C.	Complexity	W. ell
	D.	Flexibility	(2 marks)
	ъ.	Tiomomity	(2 marks)
43.	Whic	h one of the following benefits could accrue to an organisation from the use of a clo	ud-based filing system?
	A.	Improved and secure retrieval of physical files	
	В.	Secure access to files from any location	
	C.	Enhanced use of paper-based back-ups	
	D.	Restricted storage capacity to secure files	(2 marks)
44.	Auto	cratic type of leadership is characterised by	
	A.	decentralised decision-making and leadership	
	B.	prioritising the leader's authority over team inputs	
	C.	use of a reward and punishment leadership system	
	D.	leader delegating decision-making to team members	(2 marks)
45.	Whic	h one of the following steps is essential in hiring the right employees?	
	A.	Undertaking training and development	
	B.	Conducting performance appraisal	
	C.	Developing a job description	
	D.	Promotion, placement and transfer	(2 marks)
46.	Wage	es, bonuses, salaries and insurance are examples of	
	A.	financial motivation	
	В.	non-financial motivation	
	C.	extrinsic motivation	
	D.	intrinsic motivation	(2 marks)
47.	Whic	h one of the following components is included in a job specification?	
	A.	Work experience	
	B.	Job summary	
	C.	Reporting structure	
	D.	Key responsibilities	(2 marks)
			CM11 Page 5
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48.	A.	n one of the following measures could be taken to enhance employee retention in an organisation? Disciplining employees	
	В.	Increasing turnover rate	
	C.	Increasing recruitment rate	
	D.	Competitive compensation	(2 marks)
49.	Which	n one of the following challenges could be experienced by a business at stabilisation stage?	
	A.	Market changes	
	B.	Environment impact	
	C.	Stiff competition	
	D.	Increased sales levels	(2 marks)
50.	The fo	ollowing are key activities taken during the stages of business growth.	
	(i)	Evaluating the viability of the business idea.	
	(ii)	Building brand awareness and attracting customers.	
	(iii)	Hiring the first team of competent employees.	
	(iv)	Launching the product or service in the market.	
	(v)	Defining the value proposition and target market.	
	(vi)	Brainstorming and identifying market gaps.	
	Which	n one of the following sets of activities is undertaken at the idea generation stage?	
	A.	(i), (ii), (iv)	
	В.	(iii), (iv) , (v)	
	C.	(ii), (v), (vi)	
	D.	(i), (v), (vi)	(2 marks)



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 2 December 2024. Morning Paper.

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

This paper consists of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- 1. Which one of the following gives the benefits obtained by a country that promotes an entrepreneurial culture?
 - A. High levels of white-collar jobs
 - B. Growth in domestic production
 - C. Business rules and regulations
 - D. Low level job opportunities

(2 marks)

- 2. Which one of the following statements explains the importance of entrepreneurship in a country?
 - A. Tool for economic development
 - B. Broad business incentives
 - C. Encourage salaried employment
 - D. Stimulate low investments

(2 marks)

- 3. Which one of the following describes the role of an entrepreneur at the early stage of a business?
 - A. Provide for government revenue
 - B. Compete and gain cost advantage
 - C. Generate a viable business idea
 - D. Eliminate financial risks

(2 marks)

- 4. Which one of the following is an external challenge entrepreneurs have to overcome in order to be successful?
 - A. Poor managerial skills
 - B. Unfavorable policies
 - C. Limited resources
 - D. Record keeping skills

(2 marks)

- 5. Which one of the following is a benefit of entrepreneurship for large companies?
 - A. Eliminates the need for external partnerships and collaborations
 - B. Allows company to diversify and adapt to market changes quickly
 - C. Reduces the overall number of employees needed in the company
 - D. Standardises all innovative processes throughout the company

(2 marks)

- 6. Which one of the following measures could be undertaken by the government to support and promote entrepreneurship?
 - A. Restricting access to venture capital for business start-ups
 - B. Introduction of high tax rates specifically for small companies
 - C. Providing grants and subsidies to support new business ventures
 - D. Increasing regulatory hurdles for small and medium-sized enterprises

(2 marks)

- 7. Which one of the following factors is not **TRUE** about innovative entrepreneurs?
 - A. Imitative entrepreneurs are creative
 - B. Imitative entrepreneurs are open-minded
 - C. Introduce new techniques in the market
 - D. Are mainly found in developed countries

(2 marks)

8.	A.	h one of the following stakeholders are a source of business ideas due to their familiarity with Distribution channels	the market?
	B.	Former employees	
	C.	Regular customers	(2 1)
	D.	Major competitors	(2 marks)
9.		h one of the following statements explains the reason why an entrepreneur should undertake f	easibility study
	before	e venturing into business?	
	A.	To generate new business ideas	
	B.	Determine barriers to success	
	C.	Enhance creativity and innovation	(2 1)
	D.	Boost awareness of the business	(2 marks)
10.	ventur		plan for a new
	A.	To demonstrate the viability of the business	
	B. C.	To ensure that all components are included	
	C. D.	To enhance the skills of an entrepreneur To help in reducing business competition	(2 marks)
	D.	To help in reducing business competition	(2 marks)
11.	Which marke		as of a potential
	A.	Brainstorming	
	B.	Market survey	
	C.	Focus group	(2
	D.	Library research	(2 marks)
12.		h one of the following elements describes a quality of a good business plan?	
	A.	Funding	
	B.	Broad	
	C.	Realistic	(2
	D.	Broad Realistic Conventional	(2 marks)
13.	Which	h one of the following items is a section in a business plan?	
	A.	Audience analysis	
	В.	Market analysis	
	C.	Pricing strategies	
	D.	Promotion strategies	(2 marks)
14.		Owino wishes to convert his sole proprietorship business to a private limited company. White wing could be the reason for making this decision?	nich one of the
	A.	Less legal compliance	
	B.	Continuity of existence	
	C.	Reduced set-up costs	(2 1)
	D.	Desire for confidentiality	(2 marks)
15.	Which A.	h one of the following reasons is considered when choosing a sole proprietorship form of busi Number of lenders	ness entry?
	B.	Level of control	
	C.	Delegation of duties	
	D.	Capital investors	(2 marks)
16.	busine	h one of the following terms describes a business entry option that offers an entreprene ess format?	eur a complete
	A.	Trade name franchise	
	B.	Pure franchising	
	C.	Distribution franchise	(2 1)
	D.	Product licensing	(2 marks)

1/.	W IIIC	n one of the following persons provides debt capital to a business entity?			
	A.	Lender			
	B.	Investor			
	C.	Shareholder			
	D.	Equity holder	(2 marks)		
18.	Whic	h one of the following is a source of finance for a small start-up business?			
	A.	Working capital			
	В.				
		Formal capital			
	C.	Retained earnings			
	D.	Venture capital	(2 marks)		
19.	Whice capita	h one of the following factors explains why an entrepreneur could prefer to use debt capital	over equity		
	A.	Has no repayment obligation while equity capital does not			
	B.	No additional financial burden while equity capital does not			
	C.	Interest is a tax-deductible expense while equity capital does not			
	D.	Has history of poor credit rating while equity capital does not	(2 marks)		
20.	to fin	h one of the following statements describes a possible drawback to an entrepreneur of using persance a new business enterprise?	sonal savings		
	A.	The amount will need to be repaid with interest			
	В.	The amount available may be limited			
	C.	It is an expensive form of finance			
	D.	The entrepreneur may lose control of the business	(2 marks)		
21.	Joram Kiptoo intends to sell custom-made furniture at a high price to wealthy individuals within his				
-1.		bourhood. This is a form of	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
	_				
	A.	market positioning			
	B.	market discrimination	8		
	C.	market targeting	والمتار		
	D.	market segregation	(2 marks)		
22.	Whic	h one of the following limitations is associated with conducting customer surveys?			
<i>LL</i> .					
	A.	Inadequate reference materials for the required information			
	В.	Unwillingness of respondents to give personal information			
	C.	Collection of information that is not from original sources			
	D.	Variables may be categorised differently from what is desired	(2 marks)		
23.		di Limited promotes its products through salespersons who call on individual customers nstrations.	and conduct		
	VV 71-:-	h an af tha fallaning to their an af and that are noticed in an date of health and it invited to			
		h one of the following techniques of product promotions is conducted by Ufundi Limited?			
	A.	Advertising			
	В.	Publicity			
	C.	Sales exhibition			
	D.	Personal selling	(2 marks)		
24.	Which one of the following factors explains the importance of choosing an ideal business location?				
27.					
	A.	Impact on weather patterns			
	В.	Impact on customer convenience			
	C.	Ensure good neighbourhood			
	D.	Ensure employees find it easily	(2 marks)		
25.	Whic	h one of the following factors could determine the type of permits that a business should have?			
	A.	Amount of tax paid			
	B.	Cost of the permit			
	C.	Nature of business			
	D.	Size of the premises	(2 marks)		

26.	Whic	h one of the following is the primary purpose of offering discounts to customers?	
	A.	Increase the perceived value of the product	
	В.	To reduce the company's operating costs	
	C.	To attract new customers and increase sales	
	D.	To increase employee satisfaction	(2 marks)
27.	Whic A.	h one of the following functions of management involves determining the structure and allocatio Recruitment	n of duties?
	B.	Delegating	
	C.	Organising	
	D.	Controlling	(2 marks)
28.	Contr	rolling function of management involves	
	A.	arranging, structuring and grouping activities	
	В.	motivating, communicating and leading people	
	C.	forecasting, supervising and evaluating performance	
	D.	monitoring, comparing and correcting deviations	(2 marks)
29.		h one of the following managerial tools is viewed as a means of control?	
	A.	Structure	
	B.	Technology	
	C. D.	Budget Forecasts	(2 marks)
20	* 0		,
30.		mation roles of a manager includes	
	A. B.	leadership, entrepreneurship and liaison roles figurehead, spokesperson and liaison roles	
	Б. С.	negotiator, resource allocator and monitoring	
	D.	monitoring, disseminating and spokesperson roles	(2 marks)
	Ъ.	momeoring, disseminating and spokesperson roles	(2 marks)
31.		n Lamayan, a supervisor, patiently listens to employees' grievances.	
		h one of the following management skills does Kelvin possess to effectively perform this role?	
	A.	Conceptual skills	
	B.	Technical skills	
	C.	Interpersonal skills	(2
	D.	Problem-solving skills	(2 marks)
32.		n Mweni is a branch manager of a large corporation. Which one of the following levels of man Mweni in?	anagement is
	A.	Top level	
	В.	Lower level	
	C. D.	Middle level Supervisory level	(2 marks)
			(2 marks)
33.		h one of the following statements represents the first step of effective problem solving?	
	A.	Evaluate the problem	
	B.	Summarise the problem	
	C.	Define the problem	(2 montes)
	D.	Brainstorm on solution	(2 marks)
34.		h of the following is NOT an element of an organisational structure?	
	A.	Categorisation	
	B.	Decentralisation	
	C.	Formalisation Controllisation	() 1 ->
	D.	Centralisation	(2 marks)
35.		h one of the following is an advantage of maintaining an inward mail register?	
	A.	Ensures that mail is promptly posted	
	B. C.	Keeps accurate records of postage expenses	
	C. D.	Helps to fix responsibility for lost mail Ensures that mail is opened securely	(2 marks)
	ν.	District that half is opened security	(2 marks)

30.	VV IIIC	n one of the following statements explains now a maining cierk should dear with enclosures?	
	A.	Attach them to covering letter	
	В.	File them for future reference	
	C.	Submit them promptly for signing	
	D.	Fold and place in an envelope	(2 marks)
37.	Whic	h one of the following methods of transmitting messages has given rise to a paperless office?	
	A.	Post office	
	В.	Fax messages	
	C.	E-mails	
			(2 montra)
	D.	Special messengers	(2 marks)
38.		h one of the following statements explains a characteristic of autocratic leadership?	
	A.	Encourages consultation and participation	
	В.	Associated with delayed decision-making	
	C.	Facilitates the decentralisation of power	
	D.	Unilateral decision-making	(2 marks)
39.	Whic	h one of the following statements describes a situation where horizontal filing could be used?	
	A.	Where documents to be filed are large in size	
	В.	Where space available for filing is inadequate	
	C.	Where there is need for quick retrieval of papers	
	D.	If the organisation is made up of many departments	(2 marks)
	D.	if the organisation is made up or many departments	(2 marks)
40.		h one of the following techniques could contribute to easy access and retrieval of electronic reco	ords?
	A.	Use of elastic system	
	В.	Effective file naming	
	C.	Proper file sharing	
	D.	Use of a single folder	(2 marks)
41.	Whic	h one of the following statements explains the term "recruitment" in the staffing process?	inglicht.
	A.	Process of assigning jobs to new employees	A PA
	В.	Creating job familiarity to new employees	
	C.		
	D.	Process of attracting potential employees Choosing the best candidate for promotion	(2 marks)
10	****		
42.		h one of the following documents could be a guide in recruiting the right employees?	
	A.	Training manual	
	В.	Job description	
	C.	Orientation guide	
	D.	Employment list	(2 marks)
43.	Empl	oyee promotions and cash bonuses are forms of	
	A.	intrinsic motivation	
	B.	negative motivation	
	C.	financial motivation	
	D.	external motivation	(2 marks)
44.	Whic	h one of the following styles of managing conflict is correctly matched with its meaning?	
тт.	A.	Avoidance-giving in and letting the other party win	
	B.	Accommodating-pursuing one's own desired solution	
	C.	Collaborating-finding a solution that works for all parties	
	D.	Competing-finding a solution that partially satisfies all	(2 marks)
45.	Whic	h one of the following measures could be undertaken to reduce employees' prolonged expos	ure to health
	hazar	ds and risks?	
	A.	Having designated staff uniform	
	В.	Installing electronic systems	
	C.	Controlling staff work time	
	D.	Conducting regular roll calls	(2 marks)

16.		h one of the following leadership styles allows employees complete freedom to make decisio erence from management?	ons without
	A.	Autocratic	
	B.	Democratic	
	C.	Laissez-faire	
	D.	Transformational	(2 marks)
17.	Which	h one of the following characteristics is associated with the start-up stage of business growth?	
	A.	Owner is assured of a workable business model	
	B.	Generation of enough cash flow to break-even	
	C.	Business can survive in this stage indefinitely	
	D.	Experimenting with several value prepositions	(2 marks)
1 8.		h one of the following statements is an indicator of firm's success at the start-up stage of growth?	
	A.	Steady and adequate cash flow	
	B.	Develop strategies for competition	
	C.	Saturation of similar products in market	
	D.	Change of existing management style	(2 marks)
19.		h one of the following statements explain the challenges experienced by entrepreneurs durin ation stage?	ng the idea
	A.	Inadequate management skills	
	В.	Regulation and compliance	
	C.	Lack of creativity	
	D.	Inadequate capital	(2 marks)
50.	Which	h one of the following strategies is often employed during the stabilisation stage of a business cycl	le?
	A.	Defensive market penetration	
	B.	Cost-cutting and efficiency improvements	
	C.	Diversification into unrelated markets	
	D.	Complete overhaul of the business model	(2 marks)



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 19 August 2024. Morning Paper.

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

This paper consists of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- 1. Which one of the following is a characteristic of small-scale entrepreneurs? Flexibility in operations A. B. Specialised knowledge C. Unlimited resources D. Longer gestation period (2 marks) 2. Entrepreneurs could contribute to balanced regional development in the country by ensuring taxes are high and paid in time exporting surplus manufactured goods B. C. setting up industries in rural areas D. forming useful business networks (2 marks) 3. Which one of the following factors could discourage entrepreneurial culture in a country? Lack of committed role models A. B. Unexploited local resources C. Lack of white-collar jobs D. High government subsidies (2 marks) 4. Which one of the following types of entrepreneurs could easily be pushed out of the market due to rapid innovations? A. Imitative entrepreneurs В. Corporate entrepreneurs
- 5. Mwarimbo Jones is a commercial poultry farmer located in a rural setting.

Which one of the following is a way in which he could contribute to the economic development of the country?

A. Paying taxes when due

C.

D.

B. Relocating the business to the city

Modern entrepreneurs

Drone entrepreneurs

- C. Sharing the eggs with neighbours
- D. Increasing importation of animal feeds

(2 marks)

(2 marks)

- 6. Which one of the following is a challenge that could be experienced by an entrepreneur due to unfavourable government regulations?
 - A. Mismanagement of business
 - B. Availability of licenses
 - C. High cost of compliance
 - D. Lack of skills and experience

(2 marks)

7.	Mwa	ndikwa Kalulu is a business owner who believes that the success or failure of the business dependent	nds on fate or	
		h one of the following entrepreneurial characteristics does Mwandikwa Kalulu lack?		
	A.	Persistent problem solving		
	В.	Internal locus of control		
	C.	Need for achievement		
	D.	Autonomy and independence	(2 marks)	
8.		h one of the following types of entrepreneurship could be undertaken by a charitable organisation	on?	
	A.	Hustler entrepreneurship		
	B.	Free entrepreneurship		
	C.	Social entrepreneurship	(2 1)	
	D.	Public entrepreneurship	(2 marks)	
9.	Whic	h one of the following is a way in which an entrepreneur could make use of focus groups?		
•	A.	Making strategic decisions		
	В.	Looking for business finance		
	C.	Preventing business risks		
	D.	Generating business ideas	(2 marks)	
		5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(
10.	Whic ventu	h one of the following components of a business plan describes the purpose and scope of the er re?	ntrepreneurial	
	A.	Operations plan		
	В.	Business description		
	C.	Organisational plan		
	D.	Production plan	(2 marks)	
11.	Whic	h one of the following explains the reason why an entrepreneur needs a new business idea?		
11.	A.	Demonstrate self-confidence		
	В.	Identify market for goods		
	C.	Develop a competitive edge		
	D.	Identify market for goods Develop a competitive edge Avoid the use of technology	(2 marks)	
12.	Whic	h one of the following is a factor to be considered when evaluating a business idea?		
	A.	Availability of many ideas		
	В.	Legal form of business		
	C.	Methods of promotion		
	D.	Personal competencies	(2 marks)	
13.	Tax consideration is an important factor while choosing the form of business ownership.			
		ation to the statement above, which one of the following statements describes double taxation?		
	A.	Tax charged on both the gross and net profit		
	B.	Payment of tax by a company twice in a year		
	C.	Tax charged on profits and dividends received	(2 1)	
	D.	Payment of corporation tax and value added tax	(2 marks)	
14.	Which one of the following statements describes the term "joint venture"?			
	A.	The merging of two small businesses to form a larger independent entity		
	В.	Combination of single projects that cannot be effectively achieved alone		
	C.	Buying an additional business that complements the already existing one		
	D.	Relationship that exists between two or more persons who form a business	(2 marks)	
1.5	7771 •	Long Charlette Control of the Contro		
15.		h one of the following statements explains why a company is costly to establish?		
	A.	Requires investment in large venture capital		
	B. C.	Has to comply with several legal requirements		
	C. D.	Requires investment in expansion strategies Has many alternative ways of raising capital	(2 marks)	
	ν.	many anomative ways of raising capital	(2 marks)	

16.		h one of the following is a disadvantage of running a sole proprietorship form of business?	
	A.	Inflexibility in transfer of business	
	В.	No sharing of business profits	
	C.	Owner has unlimited liability	
	D.	Long decision-making process	(2 marks)
17.	Whic	h one of the following sources of capital is also referred to as risk capital?	
	A.	Debt capital	
	B.	Informal capital	
	C.	Crowd funding	
	D.	Equity capital	(2 marks)
18.	Whic	h one of the following is a characteristic of equity finance?	
	A.	Must be provided by a single financier	
	B.	Involves selling of fixed income products	
	C.	Must be repaid back to the financier	
	D.	Usually raised by all types of ventures	(2 marks)
19.	Whic	h one of the following is a benefit that a venture capitalist expects to get after investing in a busi	ness?
	A.	Capital gains from selling of shares	
	В.	Interest charged on money invested	
	C.	Return of their original investment	
	D.	Mentorship and business networks	(2 marks)
20.	Whic	h one of the following statements refers to a way in which entrepreneurs could avoid giving	in control of
20.		business at the start-up stage?	ap control of
	A.	Form strong partnerships with equity investors only	
	В.	Raise the needed capital from venture capitalists	
	C.	Avoid use of high interest, short-term debt capital	
	D.	Launch the business using personal financing	(2 marks)
21.	Whic	h one of the following statements explains the reason why it is important to search and reserv	zo o bucialoss
21.		in the process of registering a business?	c a business
	A.	Acquire a business certificate	
	В.	Ensure the business is legal	
	В. С.	Ensure the name is known	
	D.		(2 marks)
	D.	Ensure the name is unique	(2 marks)
22.		sess permits are issued by	
	A.	county government	
	B.	revenue authority	
	C.	cabinet secretary	(2 1)
	D.	business incubator	(2 marks)
23.		h one of the following marketing-mix components could help increase brand recognition?	
	A.	Place	
	В.	Product	
	C.	Promotion	
	D.	Price	(2 marks)
24.		h one of the following could be an outcome of customer satisfaction?	
	A.	Good customer service	
	В.	Customer loyalty	
	C.	Reasonable pricing	
	D.	Quality products	(2 marks)
25.	Whic	h one of the following is a term used to describe the effort taken by entrepreneurs to ensure cust	omers do not
	switch	h to competitors' products?	
	A.	Customer attraction	
	B.	Market expansion	
	C.	Market acquisition	
	D.	Customer retention	(2 marks)

26.	Which	n one of the following terms explains a projected course of action?	
	A.	Goal	
	B.	Plan	
	C.	Mission	
	D.	Target	(2 marks)
27.	Which	n one of the following statements describes the term forecasting?	
	A.	Avoiding unfavorable events	
	B.	Determination of objectives	
	C.	Prediction of possible changes	
	D.	Determining schedules of work	(2 marks)
28.	Which	n one of the following levels of management is also known as operational management?	
	A.	Top management	
	B.	Board of directors	
	C.	First line management	
	D.	Strategic management	(2 marks)
29.	Which	n one of the following statements explains how failure to plan could adversely affect the con	trolling function
		nagement?	aronning runduron
	A.	Lack of deviations to correct	
	В.	Lack of standards to compare	
	C.	Poor utilisation of resources	
	D.	Failure to foresee uncertainties	(2 marks)
	Δ.	Tantale to foresee uncertainties	(2 marks)
30.		h one of the following is a way in which conceptual skills are useful in management?	
	A.	Helps the manager to effectively supervise staff	
	В.	Helps to deal effectively with conflict among staff	
	C.	Encourages employee participation and involvement	
	D.	Helps in identifying and exploiting new opportunities	(2 marks)
31.	Which	n one of the following terms describes the manager's role of arranging tasks, people a	nd resources to
	achiev	ve goals?	
	A.	Leading Planning Controlling	
	B.	Planning	
	C.	Controlling	
	D.	Organising	(2 marks)
32.	Which faciliti	n one of the following is a managerial role that involves setting priorities about the use of ies?	f organisation's
	A.	Spokesperson role	
	B.	Liaison role	
	C.	Leadership role	
	D.	Resource allocation	(2 marks)
33.	Which goals?	n one of the following terms is used to explain the ability to influence employees to pursu	e organisational
	A.	Dissemination	
	В.	Leadership	
	C.	Coercive power	
	D.	Reward power	(2 marks)
2.4	XX 71 · 1		
34.		n one of the following is a challenge experienced at the continuous growth stage of an organi	sation?
	A.	Choosing the best idea Rela of foundaries not defined	
	B. C.	Role of founder is not defined	
		Need for financing the firm Distributing the firm's profits	(2 montra)
	D.	Distributing the firm's profits	(2 marks)

35.	Michael Kililo, the managing director of Kopa Limited, recently represented the company in ceremony organised by the county government. Which one of the following management roles was performed by Michael Kililo? A. Figure head B. Liaison role C. Leader role D. Spokesman	a tree planting (2 marks)
36.	Which one of the following represents types of plans?	, ,
	A. Controls, rules, objectives and goals	
	B. Structures, deviations, missions and budgets	
	C. Policies, programs, procedures and schedules	(2 1)
	D. Reports, tasks, schedules and strategies	(2 marks)
37.	In the context of management roles, which one of the following statements describes a entrepreneur? A. Deals with operational problems	manager as an
	B. Schedules subordinates' workC. Initiates change in the organisation	
	D. Gathers useful external information	(2 marks)
38.	 Which one of the following statements explains why technical skills are important for lower-level. A. Enable them supervise employees effectively B. Enable them keep track of the environment C. Solve complex problems in the organisation 	managers?
	D. Help them improve their interpersonal skills	(2 marks)
39.	 Which one of the following roles is performed by middle level managers in an organisation? A. Establishing mission B. Interpreting policies C. Arranging tools D. Overall control 	(2 marks)
40.	Which one of the following statements is a reason that makes backing up electronic data	important in an
	organisation?	
	A. Protect data against unauthorised accessB. Guard against loss of important information	
	C. Ensure efficiency in information retrieval	
	D. Ensure easy storage and use of information	(2 marks)
41.	 Which one of the following statements explains sorting of inward mail in an organisation? A. Separating incoming and outgoing mail B. Group incoming mail in a specific order 	
	C. Stamping the date and time of receipt	
	D. Recording mail in the mail inward register	(2 marks)
42.	 Which one of the following represents the order of a typical filing routine? A. Collecting, coding, sorting, indexing and cross referencing B. Collecting, sorting, cross-referencing, indexing and coding C. Collecting, indexing, cross-referencing, coding and sorting D. Coding, sorting, cross-referencing, indexing and collecting 	(2 marks)
43.	 Which one of the following statements describes visionary leaders? A. Leaders with ability to foresee the future potential of an organisation B. Leaders who come up with the overall interim goal of an organisation C. Leaders who bring positive change in their followers' behaviour 	
	D. People recognised and acknowledged in the society as leaders	(2 marks)

44.	Whic	h one of the following statements describes a job specification?	
	A.	Statement summarising the duties and responsibilities in a job	
	B.	Detailed analysis of each job or position in an organisation	
	C.	Statement of minimum requirements to be able to do a job	
	D.	Nature and scope of a job in terms of tasks and operations	(2 marks)
45.	Whic	h of the following documents could entrepreneurs use to help them prioritise an organisation	on's hiring needs?
	A.	Job description	
	B.	Job design	
	C.	Skills profile	
	D.	Hiring firms	(2 marks)
46.	Whic	th one of the following is a responsibility of employees in taking care of their health	and safety at the
	work	place?	
	A.	Providing protective clothing	
	B.	Leaving their working areas	
	C.	Reporting injuries and strains	
	D.	Maintain workplace records	(2 marks)
47.	Whic	th one of the following skills could be required by management to successfully negotiate an	d solve conflicts?
	A.	Coordinating skills	
	B.	Communication skills	
	C.	Planning skills	
	D.	Supervisory skills	(2 marks)
48.	Whic	th one of the following could be a cause of trips and falls at the work place?	
	A.	Workplace stress	
	B.	Poor ventilation	
	C.	Poor lighting	
	D.	Workplace stress Poor ventilation Poor lighting Unoccupied space	(2 marks)
49.	Whic	h one of the following is a challenge experienced by an entrepreneur at the growth stage of	a business?
	A.	Creating and attracting a stable customer base.	
	B.	Addressing the increasing customer demand	
	C.	Reinventing the business to remain relevant	
	D.	Deciding on the form of business ownership	(2 marks)
50.	Whic	h one of the following actions should be the focus of an entrepreneur at the seed stage of b	usiness growth?
	A.	Expanding management team	
	B.	Automation and outsourcing	
	C.	Training and hiring employees	
	D.	Undertaking business planning	(2 marks)



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 22 April 2024. Morning Paper.

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- 1. Identify a characteristic displayed by an entrepreneur who introduces new products in the market. Credibility A. B. Tolerance C. Innovativeness D. Reliability (2 marks) 2. Which one of the following challenges is associated with entrepreneurship? Inflexibility of work High demand B. C. Low competition (2 marks) D. Loss of investment 3. Choose a role played by entrepreneurship to the economic development of a country. Capital formation A. B. Provision of subsidies C. Licensing of business D. Determining form of business (2 marks) 4. Which of the following factors could motivate an individual to become an entrepreneur? Management A. Unemployment B. C. Risk taking D. High competition (2 marks) 5. Identify a factor that could enhance corporate entrepreneurship among businesses today. Business registration A. Working environment B. C. Business strategies D. Competitive environment (2 marks) 6. Identify the statement that describes an entrepreneur as a risk-taker. A. Achieving goals by targeting a greater number of customers В. Having to form their own opinion without consulting others C. Searching new ways and techniques of production and marketing D. Implementing decisions whose success cannot be guaranteed (2 marks)
- 7. Which of the following strategies could be used as a method of generating new business ideas?
 - A. Legal compliance
 - B. Business downsizing
 - C. Internet research
 - D. Business planning (2 marks)

8.	Whic A. B.	h of the following reasons could make a start-up entrepreneur seek the services of a business incu Reduced cost of launching a business The fear of starting a business alone	bator?
	C.	Helps in taking calculated risk	
	D.	Helps in brainstorming of ideas	(2 marks)
9.	Ident	ify a term used to describe the process of generating multiple ideas to solve a business problem.	
	A.	Diversification	
	В.	Brainstorming	
	C.	Specialisation	(2 1)
	D.	Standardisation	(2 marks)
10.	Choo	se a method that could be used to promote an entrepreneurial culture within an organisation.	
	A.	Condemn business failure	
	В.	Recognise entrepreneurs	
	C.	Enhance stigma for failure	
	D.	Discourage diversity	(2 marks)
11.		ify a benefit obtained by writing and presenting a good business plan.	
	Α.	Generate new business idea	
	B.	Increase liability of business	
	C.	Increased chance of success	(2 1)
	D.	Greater legal compliance	(2 marks)
12.	Whic A.	h of the following factors distinguishes a partnership from a sole proprietorship? Few legal formalities	
	В.	Has unlimited liability	
	C.	Total control of business	
	D.	Capacity for more capital	(2 marks)
13.		h of the following forms of business allows easy change of ownership?	
	A. B.	Franchise arrangement	
	Б. С.	Partnership business Public limited company	
	D.	Private limited company	(2 marks)
	Β.	Titvate innited company	(2 marks)
14.		se a characteristic displayed by a partnership form of business ownership.	
	A.	Enjoy perpetual succession	
	В.	Maintenance of business secrets	
	C.	Sharing of duties in management	(2 1)
	D.	Shares are easily transferred	(2 marks)
15.	Ident	ify the form of business ownership whose success relies more on the owner's ability.	
	A.	Company	
	В.	Sole proprietorship	
	C.	Franchise	
	D.	Joint-venture	(2 marks)
16.	Choo	se a disadvantage of obtaining debt financing for business growth.	
10.	A.	Payback with interest	
	В.	Full control of business	
	C.	Shares business profits	
	D.	Retains ownership	(2 marks)
1.7	****		1'. 0
17.	Whic A.	h one of the following business entry options offers owners greater protection from personal liabi	lity?
	А. В.	Company Sole proprietorship	
	Б. С.	Partnership	
	D.	Franchise	(2 marks)

18.	Identify	y a reason that could make an entrepreneur use debt capital to finance a small start-up business.	
	Α.	Inadequate working capital	
	B.	Writing a business plan	
	C.	Encourage investors	
			(2
	D.	Nonpayment of interest	(2 marks)
19.	Which	one of the following services provided by business incubators to entrepreneurs helps in capacity	building?
	A.	Access to financing	8.
	В.	Market research	
	C.	Space availability	(2 1)
	D.	Business mentoring	(2 marks)
20.	Which process	one of the following statements explains the reason why some franchisors control the si	te selection
	A.	Ensure standardised business location	
	B.	Know where franchisee is located	
	C.	Ensure suitable business location	
	D.	Enhance standardised operations	(2 marks)
	Ъ.	Elinance standardised operations	(2 marks)
21.	Which A.	one of the following is a benefit obtained by an organisation for having a well-defined target ma Increased competition	arket?
	В.	Reduced marketing costs	
	C.	Limited customer base	
	D.	Decreased product demand	(2 marks)
22	XX71- : -1-		9
22.		one of the following legal requirements does an entrepreneur need to successfully set up a busing	less?
	A.	Unique personal identification	
	В.	Personal identification number	
	C.	Write a business proposal	نيخ
	D.	Business certificate number	(2 marks) notice
23.	Which	one of the following is the first step in the process of registering a business name?	THE WAY
23.	A.	Applying for a business licenses	•
	B.	Searching and reserving a name	
	C.	Submitting documents to registrar	
	D.	Submitting reservation certificate	(2 marks)
24.	testimo	enterprises provides cleaning services to urban households and businesses. There have be nies of satisfied customers on social media about their excellent services. of the following marketing-mix element is demonstrated by the positive customer reviews?	en positive
	A.	Promotion	
	В.	Physical evidence	
	C.	Processes	
	D.	People	(2 marks)
		•	
25.	-	y a description for a person who offers financing in exchange for part ownership.	
	A.	Franchising partner	
	В.	Angel financing	
	C.	Equity investor	
	D.	Acquiring partner	(2 marks)
26.	Chaosa	the term that explains the process of achieving organisational goals with and through people.	
20.			
	A.	Planning	
	B.	Management	
	C.	Intrapreneurship	
	D.	Staffing	(2 marks)
27.	Which	one of the following is part of the organising function of a manager?	
21.	A.	Selecting the organisation's mission statement	
		beloeing the organisation of mission statement	
	B.	Designing effective organisation structure	
			(2 marks)

28.	Which one of the following managerial positions represents the strategic level?			
	A. Top level			
	B. Middle level			
	C. Lower level			
	D. Supervisory level	(2 marks)		
29.	Which of the following is an aim of controlling as a management function?			
	A. Providing guidance to employees			
	B. Creation of authority and responsibility			
	C. Man-power planning and appraisal			
	D. Ensuring events conform to plans	(2 marks)		
30.	Why would an organisation prefer using an electronic filing system?			
	A. Easy to store records in cabinets			
	B. Minimum data storage			
	C. Takes up a large space			
	D. Easy to control access	(2 marks)		
31.	Which one of the following is a feature of leadership?			
	A. Relies on formal positions in an organisation			
	B. Involve exercise of interpersonal influence			
	C. Exercised both on human and non-human resources			
	D. Concerned with conformity with organisation rules	(2 marks)		
32.	Choose a managerial role that involves setting priorities about the use of firm's facilities.			
	A. Spokesperson role			
	B. Liaison role			
	C. Leadership role			
	D. Resource allocator	(2 marks)		
33.	Identify the phase of growth where a business determines its core strengths and capabilities.			
	A. Early growth stage			
	B. Maturity stage			
	C. Introduction stage			
	D. Continuous growth	(2 marks)		
34.	Which one of the following terms refers to identifiable stages of growth experienced by organisation	s?		
	A. Business expansion			
	B. Product cycle			
	C. Life cycle			
	D. Price stability	(2 marks)		
35.	Choose the meaning of the term "sustained growth" experienced by business organisations.			
	A. Increase in sales over a short term			
	B. Increase in products in short term			
	C. Increase in profits over a long term			
	D. Increase in aggressive competition	(2 marks)		
36.	Which one of the following statements could indicate that a business is growing too fast?			
	A. Over-stretched staff			
	B. Rising product quality			
	C. Few customer's complaints			
	D. Rising productivity	(2 marks)		
37.	Which one of the following statements is the role of top management in relation to the planning func	tion?		
	A. Determination of business policies			
	B. Control exit and entry of people			
	C. Representing the organisation			
	D. Arranging materials and tools	(2 marks)		

38.	Which one of the following statements is a component of the organising function of management? A. Monitoring the achievement of goals	
	B. Directing and motivating employees	
	C. Orientation and induction of staff	(2 1)
	D. Assigning responsibility and authority	(2 marks)
39.	Identify a benefit that an organisation could derive from an effective control system.	
	A. Useful in establishing contacts with experts	
	B. Scheduling the delegation of authority	
	C. Ensure timely correction of operational errors	
	D. Gives direction to activities in an organisation	(2 marks)
40.	Which of the following management roles focuses on interpersonal contact?	
	A. Liaison role	
	B. Monitor role	
	C. Entrepreneurial role	
	D. Allocation role	(2 marks)
41.	Identify the statement that explains 'up to date' with reference to an effective filing system.	
	A. Only very current documents should be filed	
	B. Ensure files are renewed after a certain period	
	C. Records should be filed on a continuous basis	(2 1)
	D. Documents should be filed after proper dating	(2 marks)
42.	Identify a way in which speed could be enhanced while handling outward mail.	
	A. Making special delivery arrangements with post office	
	B. Prompt distribution to appropriate departments	
	C. Having time schedule for collection and dispatch	(2 1)
	D. Sorting and recording mail before distribution	(2 marks)
43.	Choose the term used to describe the process of assigning managerial authority and responsibility to	o employees, w.c.
	A. Celitalisation	4
	B. Decentralisation	
	C. Delegation	(2 1)
	D. Controlling	(2 marks)
44.	Identify a limitation of using monetary rewards to motivate employees.	
	A. May be subjective	
	B. Difficult to measure	
	C. Offer intangible rewards	(2 1)
	D. Motivation is short-lived	(2 marks)
45.	Which of the following factors is a health and safety hazard at the work place?	
	A. Building ventilations	
	B. Fire extinguisher	
	C. Extreme noise	(2 1)
	D. Clean environment	(2 marks)
46.	Which of the following functions of management involves providing leadership and motivation?	
	A. Staffing	
	B. Controlling	
	C. Directing	(2 1)
	D. Planning	(2 marks)
47.	Which one of the following factors distinguishes leadership from management?	
	A. Concerned with achievement of goals	
	B. Exerting influence on people	
	C. Gets things done through other people	(0 1 :
	D. Leadership relies on formal authority	(2 marks)

48.	Ident	ify the objective of establishing an effective filing system in an organisation.	
	A.	Implementing electronic systems	
	B.	Ensure easy accessibility of records	
	C.	Inappropriate classification of records	
	D.	Evaluation of data stored physically	(2 marks)
49.	Ident	ify the key purpose of stamping inward mail.	
	A.	Ensure mail is recorded	
	B.	Indicate initials of sender	
	C.	Indicate value of stamp	
	D.	Indicate the date received	(2 marks)
50.	Whic	h one of the following factors could improve employee morale in an organisation?	
	A.	Promotion of employees	
	B.	Employee redundancy	
	C.	Employee demotions	
	D.	Employee separation	(2 marks)

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PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 4 December 2023. Morning Paper.

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- this paper. 1. Which of the following is a reward for entrepreneurship? A. Patience B. Passion C. **Profits** D. Promotion (2 marks) 2. Identify a challenge faced by entrepreneurs when setting up a business. Lack of competitors A. Limited financing В. C. Multiple channels Product maturity D. 3. Which of the following is a factor that distinguishes intrapreneurs from entrepreneurs? Intrapreneurs are innovative A. В. They seek new opportunities C. Their reward is wages or salaries D. They take moderate business risks (2 marks) 4. Choose a characteristic of an entrepreneurial venture from the following: Maintain modest business operations A. B. Have high potential for growth C. Involves less risk and low returns Non-profit oriented pursuing social problems (2 marks) D. 5. Choose a reason why government encourages the setting up of small businesses. Avoid establishment of large businesses A. B. Promote balanced regional development C. Reduce the level of employment in the country Enable issuance of large number of licences D. (2 marks) 6. Identify an approach that entrepreneurs may use to establish a viable business opportunity. A. Find gaps in the market place B. Infrastructural development C. Accumulate business ideas
- 7. Which of the following term explains the process of turning an idea into a marketable product or service?
 - A. Ideation

D.

B. Commercialisation

Establish a legal framework

- C. Conceptualisation
- D. Validation (2 marks)

(2 marks)

٥.	identify	a role played by government in promoting entrepreneurship.	
	A.	Providing political governance	
	B.	Enforcing law and compliance	
	C.	Provide an enabling environment	
	D.	Provide business governance	(2 marks)
9.	Which	of the following is a characteristic of an executive summary of a business plan?	
	A.	Last to be read	
	B.	First to be written	
	C.	Short and comprehensive	
	D.	Lengthy and detailed	(2 marks)
10.	Which	of the following is a role of business incubation?	
10.	A.	Provide skilled employees	
	В.	Accelerate business growth	
	Б. С.	Act as business role models	
			(2 1-)
	D.	Provide political stability	(2 marks)
11.		a form of business that has no separation between ownership and management.	
	A.	Private limited company	
	В.	Public limited company	
	C.	A joint venture company	
	D.	Sole proprietorship	(2 marks)
12.	Choose	the importance of having a clearly drawn partnership agreement to the members.	
	A.	Reduce disputes among partners	
	B.	Liability of partners are limited	
	C.	Legal framework is broadened	
	D.	Minimises partners tax liability	(2 marks)
12	XX/1-:-1-	- fall - fall - min - fa - fan - i i d d - min d - min	
13.		of the following factors is considered when choosing a business entry option?	
	A.	Generating ideas	
	В.	Amount of finance	
	C.	Business plan	
	D.	Registration plan	(2 marks)
14.	What is	the term used to describe a temporary partnership between companies to achieve a common of	bjective?
	A.	Joint venture	5
	B.	Merger	
	C.	Acquisition	
	D.	Franchise	(2 marks)
15.	Idontifi	y a description of a nerson who offers financing in evaluates for next expression	
13.		a description of a person who offers financing in exchange for part ownership. Franchising partner	
	A.	C I	
	B.	Debt financing	
	C.	Equity investor	
	D.	Acquiring partner	(2 marks)
16.	Identify	a quality considered by commercial banks when lending to an entrepreneur.	
	A.	Patience	
	B.	Passion	
	C.	Character	
	D.	Perseverance	(2 marks)
17.	Which	of the following refers to raising funds from a large number of people through the internet?	
- / •	A.	Venture funding	
	В.	Market funding	
	Б. С.	Crowd funding	
	D.		() martes)
	υ.	Gift funding	(2 marks)

18.	Which	of the following is a form of external financing for entrepreneurs?	
	A.	Personal savings	
	В.	Bootstrapping	
	C.	Venture capital	
	D.	Friends and family loans	(2 marks)
19.	Identify	the source of finance that could be used by an entrepreneur who wishes to avoid loss of control.	
	A.	Equity finance	
	В.	Venture capital	
	C.	Debt capital	
	D.	Business angels	(2 marks)
20.	Choose	a factor that technology-driven companies look for in a potential location.	
	A.	Proximity to prospective customers	
	B.	Composition of local labour force	
	C.	Level of business competition	
	D.	Proximity to essential services	(2 marks)
21.	Identify	the act of two or more businesses sharing the same space due to high cost of business premises.	
	A.	Retail stores	
	B.	Outlet centres	
	C.	Co-working	
	D.	Non-traditional	(2 marks)
			(=)
22.	Which	of the following explains a set of positive attributes that people associate with a firm?	
	A.	Tagline	
	B.	Niche	
	C.	Mapping	
	D.	Brand	(2 marks)
23.	Identify	a way in which the government has enhanced the process of acquiring business licences.	A KARAN S
	A.	Increasing the number of licences	4
	B.	Privatising the licencing procedure	
	C.	Initiating online licencing services	
	D.	Withdrawing all business licences	(2 marks)
24.	Select a	strategy that an entrepreneur could use to gain instant credibility of a new brand.	
47.	A.	Improving customer access	
	В.	Use of online retailers	
	Б. С.	Influencer marketing	
	D.	Initiate mass production	(2 marks)
a =	*****	•	,
25.		of the following is a measure that could be instituted to ensure customer satisfaction?	
	A.	Multiple-channel support	
	B.	Many suppliers of inputs	
	C.	Increased customer demand	(2 1)
	D.	Writing a business plan	(2 marks)
26.	Which	of the following defines the process of setting goals and deciding how to achieve them?	
	A.	Organising	
	В.	Leading	
	C.	Planning	
	D.	Controlling	(2 marks)
27.	Choose	a term that refers to a manager's role of arranging tasks, people and resources to achieve goals.	
	A.	Leading	
	B.	Planning	
	C.	Controlling	
	D.	Organising	(2 marks)

28.	Identify	the role played by top level managers in an organisation.	
	A.	Implement policies	
	B.	Supervise daily activities	
	C.	Make long-term plans	
	D.	Supervise and coordinate	(2 marks)
	Б.	Supervise and coordinate	(2 marks)
29.	Identify whole.	a managerial skill that consists of the ability to think analytically and understand the organ	nisation as a
	A.	Technical skill	
	B.	Human relations	
	C.	Conceptual skills	
	D.	Interpersonal skill	(2 marks)
20	Chaaga	the terms that explains the manages of achieving appeniestional goals with and through morals	
30.		the term that explains the process of achieving organisational goals with and through people.	
	A.	Planning	
	B.	Management	
	C.	Intrapreneurship	(2 1)
	D.	Leadership	(2 marks)
31.	Identify	the skills of a manager that requires proficiency in methods, processes and procedures of a giv	en activity.
	A.	Organising skills	
	В.	Diagnostic skills	
	C.	Conceptual skills	
	D.	Technical skills	(2 marks)
22	XX/1.: -1.	-64b - 6-11	
32.		of the following roles is played by a manager as a figure head?	
	A.	Monitor the environment	
	B.	Opportunity identification	
	C.	Representing the organisation	(2 1)
	D.	Disseminating information	(2 marks)
33.	Identify	the function of management that deals with hiring, training, compensation and develop	ping human
	resourc	es.	
	A.	es. Recruitment Leadership Supervision	
	В.	Leadership	
	C.	Supervision	
	D.	Staffing	(2 marks)
34.	Select a	a function performed by lower-level managers.	
<i>.</i>	A.	Handling routine duties	
	В.	Coordination of departments	
	C.	Formulation of strategies	
	D.	Procedure and policy making	(2 marks)
	Б.	Troccure and poncy making	(2 marks)
35.	Which	of the following steps is undertaken before incoming mail is opened?	
	A.	Weighing	
	В.	Sorting	
	C.	Recording	
	D.	Date stamping	(2 marks)
36.		of the following terms refers to names and addresses stored on computers to enable quick	printing on
	envelop		
	A.	Postage data	
	В.	Processed mail	
	C.	Mailing list	
	D.	Postage scales	(2 marks)

37.	Choose a technique that could be used to enhance customer support emails.					
	A.	Automated responses for known issues				
	В.	Replying the emails only when necessary				
	C.	Deleting and ignoring irritating messages				
	D.	Discouraging customers from writing emails	(2 marks)			
38.	Identi	fy a problem that could be caused by disorderly filing of office records.				
	A.	Use of alphabetical filing				
	B.	Strict tracking of records				
	C.	Complex filing system				
	D.	Inability to retrieve records	(2 marks)			
39.	Choose the term used to explain the ability to influence employees to pursue goals.					
	A.	Planning				
	B.	Leadership				
	C.	Coercive power				
	D.	Reward power	(2 marks)			
40.	Identi	fy a reason why motivation is important in an organisation.				
	A.	Increase employee turnover				
	В.	Eliminate need for managers				
	C.	Reduced resistance to change				
	D.	Grievances are likely to increase	(2 marks)			
			(2 marks)			
41.	Whic	h of the following could be a guide to recruiting the right employee?				
	A.	Salary				
	В.	Race				
	C.	Nationality				
	D.	Competence	(2 marks) no			
42.	Whic	h of the following statements describe the term "job specification"?	WANTE			
	A.	Statement of minimum acceptable human qualities necessary to perform a job				
	B.	Analysis of a job in order to determine the human resource requirements				
	C.	The various specific units of responsibility and authority designated as jobs				
	D.	Statement of duties and responsibilities required for a specific job	(2 marks)			
43.	Identi	fy a measure that management could use to minimise recruitment and training costs.				
	A.	Use external sources of recruitment				
	B.	Implement employee retention strategies				
	C.	Avoid advertisement of vacant posts				
	D.	Use lower-level managers to hire workers	(2 marks)			
44.	Selec	Select a way in which conflict could be prevented in an organisation.				
	A.	Encouraging competition				
	B.	Introduction of change				
	C.	Sharing of resources				
	D.	Rules and procedures	(2 marks)			
45.	Which of the following could be a positive consequence of conflict in an organisation?					
	A.	Save time and resources in the organisation				
	В.	Reveal deeper problems that need to be solved				
	C.	Decrease stress and anxiety among employees				
	D.	Some employees may leave the organisation	(2 marles)			
	υ.	Some employees may leave the organisation	(2 marks)			
46.	Select a reason why management should implement health and safety measures in an organisation.					
	A. B.	To comply with the law				
		Improve management skills				
	C.	Ensure punctuality of staff	(2 - 1-)			
	D.	Limit number of visitors	(2 marks)			

47.	Choose new are	the stage of growth when the firm focuses on managing products efficiently rather than expanses	nding into	
	A.	Decline stage		
	В.	Maturity stage		
	C.	Innovation stage		
	D.	Early growth	(2 marks)	
48.	Identify	a risk that could affect safety at the work place.		
	Α.	Security guards		
	B.	Preventive clothing		
	C.	Environmental hazards		
	D.	Indisciplined employees	(2 marks)	
49.	Identify a source of a firm's decline in performance and eventual closure.			
	A.	Threat of innovative products		
	B.	Firm's competitive advantage		
	C.	Competitive sales advertising		
	D.	Adapting to environmental change	(2 marks)	
50.	Which of the following should be the focus of an entrepreneur at the start-up stage of a business life cycle?			
	A.	Forming Joint-ventures with others		
	В.	Automation and outsourcing services		
	C.	Adding new products to existing ones		
	D.	Establishing a reliable customer base	(2 marks)	
		co.Le		
		Establishing a reliable customer base		



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 21 August 2023. Morning Paper.

B.

C.

D.

Sharing resources

Choose founders

Attract investors

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1. Which of the following indicates behaviours commonly displayed by successful entrepreneurs? Passion, preference, politeness, procreating and popular Patience, profiteering, political, popular and politeness B. C. Passion, perseverance, promotional, planning and professional D. Planning, promotion focus, profiteering, popular and passionate (2 marks) 2. Choose an entrepreneur who duplicates technological innovations in the market. A. **Imitative** B. Craft C. Fabian D. Innovative 3. Select a set of qualities that describes a good business opportunity. Attractive, durable, anchored on product and timeliness B. Attractive, high gains, short cycle and minimal resources C. Durable, abnormal profits, long cycle and unique market D. Anchored on product, profitable, short cycle and timely (2 marks) 4. Which of the following describes a business idea? A. A window of opportunity for start-ups B. A thought that may become an opportunity C. Opportunity that meets customer needs D. A notion for business success (2 marks) 5. Identify the role played by a social entrepreneur in the country. Create profitable business A. B. Engage waste collection C. Use skill for common profit Create business for common benefit D. (2 marks) 6. Which of the following is used by government to promote entrepreneurship? A. Allow business tax B. Support incubation C. Reduce food subsidy Apply centralisation (2 marks) D. 7. Which of the following is a benefit of writing a good business plan? Attract competitors A.

(2 marks)

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

8.	Which	h of the following is a component of management plan?			
	A.	Financial ratios			
	B.	Working schedule			
	C.	Employees roles			
	D.	Product quality	(2 marks)		
	D.	1 Todact quanty	(2 marks)		
9.	Choos	se a limitation of a partnership business organisation.			
	A.	Making snap decisions			
	B.	Unlimited liability			
	C.	Sharing of losses			
	D.	Use of skills	(2 marks)		
10.	Choose a factor considered when choosing a business entry option.				
10.	A.	Climate			
	В.	Politics			
	C.	Cost			
	D.	Rigidity	(2 marks)		
1.1	3371 1 1				
11.	A.	h of the following describes the process of collecting first-hand information from customers? Census data			
	В.	Primary research			
	Б. С.	Windshield research			
	D.	Industry research	(2 marks)		
	υ.	muusu y research	(2 marks)		
12.	Which term is used to describe a form of business arrangement that allows others to use an established brand				
	name	?			
	A.	Merger			
	В.	Corporate			
	C.	Venturing			
	D.	Franchising	(2 marks)		
13.	Which	h of the following refers to a way of avoiding external financing through cost cutting?			
10.	A.	Crowdfunding			
	В.	Microfinancing			
	C.	Leasing			
	D.	Bootstrapping	(2 marks)		
			,		
14.	Choos	se a characteristic of management.			
	A.	Intangible			
	В.	Limited			
	C.	Regional			
	D.	Individual	(2 marks)		
15.	Which of the following attributes enable a manager to exercise fairness to people?				
	A.	Flexibility			
	B.	Honesty			
	C.	Tactful			
	D.	Impartiality	(2 marks)		
1.6	7771 · 1				
16.		h of the following is a step in the planning process?			
	A.	Monitoring performance and benchmarking			
	B.	Arranging tasks and other resources			
	C.	Setting goals and how to achieve them	(2 1)		
	D.	Influencing employees to achieve goals	(2 marks)		

17.		fy the composition of managerial information roles that facilitate them perform their functions.				
	A.	Figure head, leader and resource allocation				
	В.	Entrepreneur, negotiator and resource allocation				
	C.	Monitoring, dissemination and spokesperson	(2			
	D.	Conflict handler, leader and entrepreneur	(2 marks)			
18.	Which of the following is a role played by middle level managers?					
	A.	Providing feedback				
	B.	Determining vision				
	C.	Setting policies				
	D.	Strategic planning	(2 marks)			
19.	Choose from the following a strategic level of management in an organisation.					
	A.	Middle level				
	B.	Lower level				
	C.	Operational level				
	D.	Top level	(2 marks)			
20.	Which	n of the following is a top-level management role in an organisation?				
	A.	Supervising of staff				
	В.	Policy implementation				
	C.	Determining the mission				
	D.	Operational instructions	(2 marks)			
21.	Which of the following shows business behaviour at maturity stage?					
	A.	Business decline				
	B.	Slow growth				
	C.	High growth	, chi			
	D.	Low profits	(2 marks)			
22.	Identi	fy a characteristic of innovative entrepreneurs.				
	A.	Open to new ideas				
	В.	Avoid carrying out research				
	C.	Fear taking risks				
	D.	Last to adopt to change	(2 marks)			
23.	Why	do entrepreneurs require to generate new ideas?				
	A.	Increase competition				
	В.	Promote business incubation				
	C.	Ensure business is legal				
	D.	Respond to market needs	(2 marks)			
24.	Which of the following terms refer to a technique of stimulating creative ideas through group discussion?					
	A.	Innovation				
	B.	Facilitation				
	C.	Brainstorming				
	D.	Research	(2 marks)			
25.	Identi	fy the component that introduces the contents of a business plan.				
	A.	Business description				
	B.	Executive summary				
	C.	Cover page				
	D.	Appendix	(2 marks)			

26.		se a factor that could encourage entrepreneurs to start a sole proprietorship form of business.			
	A.	Low start-up cost			
	B.	No tax charged			
	C.	Specialised management	(2 1)		
	D.	Unlimited liability	(2 marks)		
27.		Which of the following business entry option would be appropriate for an entrepreneur who wishes to maintain			
		ess secrets?			
	A.	Company			
	В.	Sole proprietorship			
	C.	Franchise	(21)		
	D.	Partnership	(2 marks)		
28.	-	would an entrepreneur prefer a long-term loan over a short-term loan?			
	A.	No collateral required			
	B.	Lower monthly repayments			
	C.	Shorter approval procedure	(2 1)		
	D.	Easier to qualify for the loan	(2 marks)		
29.		a wishes to open a salon. Which of the following factors should she consider while choosing a siness?	location for		
	A.	Nearness to competitors			
	B.	Availability of raw materials			
	C.	Accessibility to customers			
	D.	Nearness to distributors	(2 marks)		
30.	Why	would distribution channels be used by an entrepreneur as a source of new business ideas?			
	A.	They are the final consumers of products			
	B.	They are familiar with market needs			
	C.	They are likely to generate more ideas			
	D.	They are under the control of the entrepreneur	(2 marks)		
31.	Which	n of the following is an element of the extended marketing mix?			
	A.	Plan			
	B.	Place			
	C.	Profit			
	D.	People	(2 marks)		
32.	Whiel	n of the following is an objective of digital marketing?			
	A.	Ensure use of technology			
	B.	Create brand awareness			
	C.	Comply with regulations			
	D.	Reduce prices of goods	(2 marks)		
33.	In the	context of management functions, which of the following statement describes the term 'leading'	?		
	A.	Assigning roles, tasks and responsibilities to employees			
	B.	Setting procedures and policies and ways of attaining goals			
	C.	Directing and motivating human resources towards a common goal			
	D.	Determining strategies required to achieve long-term goals	(2 marks)		
34.	The fo	ollowing are tasks undertaken by managers.			
	(i)	Making routine day to day decisions			
	(ii)	Coordinating interdepartmental activities			
	(iii)	Determining the organisation's vision and mission			
	(iv)	Appointment of staff			
	(v)	Solving employees' disputes			
	(vi)	Supervising operational employees			

	W IIIC	n of the following set represents tasks performed by lower-level management in an organisati	OII!		
	A.	(i), (ii), (vi)			
	B.	(ii), (iii), (iv)			
	C.	(i), (v), (vi)			
	D.	(iv), (v), (vi)	(2 marks)		
35.	Which management function ensures that performance of activities compares favourably with plans set for them?				
	A.	Controlling			
	B.	Organising			
	C.	Delegation			
	D.	Staffing	(2 marks)		
36.	What term refers to the management role of seeking and receiving information from external and internal sources?				
	A.	Liaison role			
	B.	Monitor role			
	C.	Spokesperson			
	D.	Disseminator	(2 marks)		
37.	Ident	ify an activity that could be undertaken by a manager as a resource allocator.			
	A.	Negotiating			
	B.	Budgeting			
	C.	Motivating			
	D.	Informing	(2 marks)		
38.	Which of the following is an interpersonal skill of an effective manager?				
	A.	Active listening			
	В.	Goal achievement	~		
	C.	Logical thinking	144 igh		
	D.	Project management	(2 marks)		
39.		h of the following is a purpose of sorting incoming mail?			
	A.	Ensure mail is date-stamped			
	В.	To ensure efficient opening of mail			
	C.	Ensure delivery to the right recipient	<i>(</i> 2 1)		
	D.	Ensure that it has the correct address	(2 marks)		
40.		Which of the following is an objective of filing business records? A. Reduce the number of records stored			
	A.				
	B.	Ensure there are trained filing clerks			
	C.	Use of alphabetical classification	(21)		
	D.	Allow easy retrieval of records	(2 marks)		
41.	Identify the style of leadership that always considers the decisions of a manager to be superior to that of subordinates.				
	A.	Democratic			
	В. С.	Participative Laissez-faire			
	D.	Autocratic	(2 marks)		
	υ.	Autorialic	(2 marks)		
42.	Which of the following term refers to a desire and willingness of employees to achieve goals?				
	A. B.	Orientation Discipline			
	Б. С.	Motivation			
	D.	Delegation	(2 marks)		
	.	2-1-0-1-1-1	(2 mans)		

43.	Whic	h of the following is included in a job description?			
	A.	Skills and abilities			
	B.	Employee's qualifications			
	C.	Emotional attributes			
	D.	Tasks and responsibilities	(2 marks)		
44.	Choo	se from the following a benefit that could accrue to an organisation from hiring competent en	nployees?		
	A.	Reduce safety risks and hazards			
	B.	Enhance level of labour turnover			
	C.	Increase time needed for orientation			
	D.	Increase time taken to perform tasks	(2 marks)		
45.	Ident	ify the stage in a business growth when cash flow is likely to be negative.			
	A.	Stabilisation			
	B.	Start-up			
	C.	Maturity			
	D.	Growth	(2 marks)		
46.	Whic	h is the first step in staff recruitment?			
	A.	Job application			
	B.	Job advertisement			
	C.	Job specification			
	D.	Vacancy identification	(2 marks)		
47.	Whic	Which of the following is an advantage of delegation of authority? Enhance staff development			
	A.	Enhance staff development			
	В.	Increases layers of management			
	C.	Increases competition for resources			
	D.	Allows centralisation of power	(2 marks)		
48.	What	method of conflict management involves putting the needs of the other party ahead and le	tting them have		
	their		S		
	A.	Avoidance			
	В.	Accommodating			
	C.	Collaborating			
	D.	Compromising	(2 marks)		
49.	Which is the first statutory requirement while setting up a business?				
.,.	A.	Acquiring a tax PIN			
	В.	Registering a business name			
	C.	Acquiring a business permit			
	D.	Fire safety certification	(2 marks)		
	D.	The salety certification	(2 marks)		
50.		h of the following is a risk to health and safety of employees at the work place? Wet floor			
	A.				
	B.	Manned gate			
	C.	Unlocked door	(2 1)		
	D.	Fire extinguishers	(2 marks)		
		•••••			



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 24 April 2023. Morning Paper.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL the questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C OR D) that represents the correct answer. Each question is allocated two (2) marks. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- 1. Which of the following is a role played by entrepreneurs in your country?
 - A. Increase level of dependence
 - B. Enhance level of unemployment
 - C. Reduce foreign exchange
 - D. Provide government revenue (2 marks)
- 2. Which of the following could inhibit the development of an entrepreneurial culture?
 - A. Low cost of production
 - B. Government support
 - C. Business incubation
 - D. Restrictive customs

(2 marks) or ico

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

- 3. Which of the following is a characteristic of drone entrepreneurs?
 - A. They like to buy ongoing businesses
 - B. Engage in research and innovative activities
 - C. Not ready to make changes in production methods
 - D. Have confidence in their inborn ability and talent (2 marks)
- 4. Which of the following is an advantage of venturing into business over seeking salaried employment?
 - A. More job satisfaction
 - B. Less responsibilities
 - C. Reduced decision-making
 - D. Certainty of earning income

- (2 marks)
- 5. From the following options, select the method used to promote intrapreneurship in business organisations.
 - A. Apply a rigid organisations structure
 - B. Observe strict compliance in operations
 - C. Apply firm budgetary rules and regulations
 - D. Allow freedom when executing duties

(2 marks)

- 6. Which of the following statements explains the role played by social entrepreneurs?
 - A. Encourage firms generate super profits
 - B. Mobilise people to solve their problems
 - C. Provide services on a short-term contract
 - D. Give long-term service to private firms

(2 marks)

- 7. Which component of the business plan describes the pricing strategy of a business?
 - A. Production plan
 - B. Financial plan
 - C. Marketing plan
 - D. Operational plan

(2 marks)

8.	The fo	bllowing information is included in a business plan:		
	(i)	Methods of product promotion		
	(ii)	Business location		
	(iii)	Background of the owner		
	(iv)	Key personnel		
	(v)	Production process		
	(vi)	Products and services		
	Which	of the following set represents information included in the business description section of	f a business plan.	
	A.	(i), (iii), (iv)		
	В.	(ii), (iii), (vi)		
	C.	(iv), (v), (vi)		
	D.	(iii), (v), (vi)	(2 marks)	
9.	Which	of the following is a disadvantage of running a partnership business?		
	A.	Partners can personally be sued for business debts		
	B.	There are complex legal formalities involved		
	C.	There is sharing of risks among the partners		
	D.	Partners have no direct control over the business	(2 marks)	
10.	Which	n of following is a benefit that could accrue to a franchisee from a franchising arrangement	?	
	A.	Freedom of operation		
	В.	More control of business		
	C.	Reduced chances of failure		
	D.	There is room for creativity	(2 marks)	
11.	Which	of the following is a challenge associated with business inheritance?		
	A.	Poor location		
	В.	Lack of space		
	C.	Lack of license		
	D.	Poor location Lack of space Lack of license Family rivalries bllowing are sources of business finance: Business angels	(2 marks)	
12.	The fo	bllowing are sources of business finance: Business angels Debentures Microfinance funding Share capital		
	(i)	Business angels		
	(ii)	Debentures		
	(iii)	Microfinance funding		
	(iv)	Share capital		
	(v)	Personal finance		
	(vi)	Bank overdraft		
	Which	of the following set represents sources of debt capital?		
	A.	(ii), (iii), (vi)		
	B.	(i), (iv) , (vi)		
	C.	(ii), (iv) , (v)		
	D.	(iii), (iv), (vi)	(2 marks)	
13.	Choose among the following a factor that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a source of finance.			
	A.	Competition		
	В.	Cost		
	C.	Durability		
	D.	Market	(2 marks)	
14.	Which	n of the following is a statutory requirement for all businesses?		
	A.	Adequate capital		
	B.	Skilled employees		
	C.	Business permit		
	D.	Business plan	(2 marks)	
15.	Choos	se a method that government uses to promote entrepreneurship in the country.		
	A.	Enforcing inhibiting business regulations		
	B.	Restricting the movement of goods		
	C.	Importation of goods in the country		
	D.	Allowing an enabling business environment	(2 marks)	
			CM11 Page 2	
			Out of 6	

10.	W IIIC	n one of the following is the reason why entrepreneurs get into partnership form of business owner	smp:
	A.	To increase prices of the products	
	В.	To benefit from business closure	
	C.	To generate more business capital	
	D.	To get higher business share value	(2 marks)
17.	Whic	h of the following could hinder the ability to recognise a business opportunity?	
	A.	Prior business experience	
	В.	Business social networks	
	C.	Entrepreneurial awareness	
	D.	Inability to solve problems	(2 marks)
10	VV /l-:-	h	
18.		h one of the following is a benefit of brainstorming as a method of generating business ideas?	
	A.	Many ideas are generated	
	В.	Participants are criticised	
	C.	Complex analytical reasoning	
	D.	Moderator exercises partiality	(2 marks)
19.	Whic	h among the following is a factor that distinguishes a partnership from sole proprietorship business	?
	A.	Perpetual continuity	
	B.	Unlimited liability	
	C.	Limited owner's control	
	D.	Shared responsibilities	(2 marks)
	D.	Shared responsionates	(2 marks)
20.	Whic	h among the following is a benefit obtained by an entrepreneur who buys an ongoing business?	
	A.	Ease of implementing change	
	B.	Valuing stock acquired by owner	
	C.	Fixed location for the business	
	D.	Established customers in business	(2 marks)
	D.	Established editorners in outsiness	(2 marks)
21.	Whic	h one of the following is the benefit of obtaining capital from a venture capitalist?	, WIN . O.
	A.	Low profitability and low returns	2h
	B.	An average working capital	
	C.	Slow growth in the industry	
	D.	Strong management support	(2 marks)
	D.	Strong management support	(2 marks)
22.	Choo	se the term that refers to money provided by professionals in exchange for equity.	
	A.	Loan capital	
	B.	Crowd funding	
	C.	Venture capital	
	D.	Seed capital	(2 marks)
	ъ.	Social Culp Inc.	(2 marks)
23.	Why	is management important in any business organisation?	
	A.	Act as the link between employees and trade unions	
	В.	Ensure plans are not changed before implementation	
	C.	Maintain stability of operations in the organisation	
	D.	Limit the resources required by staff to accomplish goals	(2 marks)
24.	Whic	h statement describes the activity involved in the leading function?	
4-7•	A.	Evaluating performance	
		<u> </u>	
	В.	Allocating resources	
	C.	Influencing people	<i>(</i> 2
	D.	Managing finances	(2 marks)
25.	Choo	se among the following, a strategy used by managers to retain customers.	
	A.	Enhancing competition	
	B.	Imitating services	
	C.	Increased engagement	
	D.	Product description	(2 marks)
	٠.		(=)

20.	Choo	se among the following, the statement describing the function of a cross-functional team.			
	A.	Eliminate production strategies			
	B.	Operational scheduling			
	C.	Pursue a common objective			
	D.	Analyse the job descriptions	(2 marks)		
27.	Whic	h of the following is a disadvantage of compromising method of conflict management?			
	A.	Prolonged dispute			
	В.	Reduces hostility			
	C.	Escalates disagreement	(2 1)		
	D.	Undermines quality	(2 marks)		
28.		h of the following statement could provide information for writing a job description?			
	A.	Current employees holding the job			
	В.	Advertisement of a vacant position			
	C.	The top achiever in the organisation			
	D.	Business reports and correspondence	(2 marks)		
29.	Whic	h one of the following is the common experience of a business at the maturity stage?			
	A.	A business experiences a decline			
	В.	A business experiences sales growth			
	C.	A business experiences slow growth			
	D.	A business experiences low profit	(2 marks)		
	D.	A business experiences low profit	(2 marks)		
30.		se the first stage in the rational decision making.			
	A.	State the problem			
	В.	Identify the problem			
	C.	Evaluate a problem			
	D.	Examine a problem	(2 marks)		
31.	Choo	se a factor that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a business location.			
	A.	Space for expansion			
	B.	High competition			
	C.	Business cycle			
	D.	Cost of credit	(2 marks)		
32.		context of marketing mix, which of the following role is a played by distribution channels? Production			
	A.				
	B.	Consumption			
	C.	Transportation	(2 1)		
	D.	Financing	(2 marks)		
33.	Which of the following makes up the 4Ps of the marketing mix?				
	A.	Price, People, place, profit			
	B.	Place, product, profit, promotion			
	C.	People, promotion, price, processes			
	D.	Promotion, place, price, product	(2 marks)		
34.	Why does a manager require interpersonal skills?				
51.	A.	To operate machines			
	B.	To motivate others			
	C.	To establish structures	(2 1)		
	D.	For office operations	(2 marks)		
35.	Whic	h of the following represents informational roles of a manager?			
	A.	Figurehead, spokesman and liaison			
	В.	Figurehead, liaison and leader			
	C.	Negotiator, entrepreneur and monitor			
	D.	Monitor, disseminator and spokesman	(2 marks)		

36.	Why A. B.	is it important for the mailing clerk to check outgoing mail before dispatch? Ensure mail is up to date Ensure mail is properly filed				
	C.	Confirm enclosure are attached				
	D.	Stamp the mail with date and time	(2 marks)			
37.	Whic	h of the following determines postage charged on outgoing mail?				
	A.	Recipient				
	В.	Sender				
	C.	Cost of stamp	(2 1)			
	D.	Destination	(2 marks)			
38.	Identi	ify the role of using emails in customer service?				
	A.	Provide customer support				
	В.	Sending internal communication				
	C.	Communicating business secrets	(2 1)			
	D.	Discourage customer engagement	(2 marks)			
39.	Which	h one of the following term refers to the process of finding or locating old data, documents or Records retrieval	records?			
	В.	Filing of records				
	C.	Records management				
	D.	Electronic filing	(2 marks)			
40.	Whic	Which of the following is a method that could be used to capture electronic data for filing? A. Printing				
	В.	Scanning				
	C.	Sending				
	D.	Duplication	(2 marks)			
41.	Ident	ify a mistake that could lead to poor hiring decisions in an organisation.	cal cho			
	A.	High percentage of staff turn-over	Way.			
	В.	Lack of adequate leadership talent				
	C.	Failure to encourage creativity by staff				
	D.	Lack of evidence-based selection process	(2 marks)			
42.	Whic	h of the following could be a source of employee motivation?				
	A.	Job analysis				
	B.	Pay discrimination				
	C.	Job enlargement				
	D.	Employee discipline	(2 marks)			
43.	Whic	h of the following is a benefit of effectively managing organisational conflict?				
	A.	Employee retention				
	В.	Helps in self-defense				
	C.	Allows quick victory				
	D.	Strained work relations	(2 marks)			
44.	Why	should an organisation institute sound health and safety measures?				
	A.	Monitor employees' health				
	B.	Identify risks and hazards				
	C.	Ensure the gate is manned				
	D.	Eliminate sick employees	(2 marks)			
45.	Ident	ify the function of top-level management in an organisation.				
	A.	Supervise workers				
	В.	Setting service lines				
	C.	Allocation of duties				
	D.	Set strategic goals	(2 marks)			

46.	Which of the following type of leadership could encourage creativity in an organisation?					
	A.	Autocratic				
	В.	Laissez-faire				
	C.	Monocratic				
	D.	Tyrannical	(2 marks)			
47.	Choo	se a statement that explains the stabilisation stage of a business life cycle.				
	A.	Involves expansion				
	B.	Involves retrenchment				
	C.	Involves mergers				
	D.	Involves no change	(2 marks)			
48.	Ident	ify a reason why control is needed in an organisation.				
	A.	To discover errors				
	B.	To eliminate work				
	C.	To check finances				
	D.	To break rules	(2 marks)			
49.	Whic	Which of the following is part of the organising function of management?				
	A.	Forecasting				
	B.	Coordination				
	C.	Motivation				
	D.	Monitoring	(2 marks)			
50.	Identify a role performed by a supervisor in an organisation.					
	A.	Assign tasks and responsibilities				
	B.	Coordinate work of departments				
	C.	Setting overall organisation goals				
	D.	Appointment and transfer of staff	(2 marks)			



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 5 December 2022. Morning Paper.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL the questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C OR D) that represents the correct answer. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

- 1. Which type of entrepreneur adopts to change only when it is important for survival?
 - A. Drone
 - B. Imitative
 - C. Fabian
 - D. Innovative (2 marks)
- 2. Select the statement that describes an intrapreneur.
 - A. A person who detects an untapped opportunity to make own income
 - B. A person who buys products at a certain price with a view to sell them at a higher price
 - C. An individual who brings factors of production together to start a business
 - D. An employee who uses entrepreneurial skills to generate profit for the venture

(2 marks)

Time Allowed: 2 hours.

- 3. Which of the following is a role of entrepreneurship in economic development?
 - A. Reduce the level of exports in the country
 - B. Promote balanced regional growth
 - C. Formulating favourable regulations
 - D. Providing an enabling environment (2 marks)
- 4. Choose a benefit attained by a country with high levels of entrepreneurial activity.
 - A. High levels of business formation
 - B. High levels of cyclical unemployment
 - C. High levels of business opportunities
 - D. High levels of government intervention (2 marks)
- 5. Which of the following is a characteristic of an executive summary in a business plan?
 - A. Summarises every chapter in the business plan.
 - B. Prepared first before all other components
 - C. Summarises the content of a marketing plan
 - D. Appears on the cover page of a business plan (2 marks)
- 6. Which of the following is a role of business incubation?
 - A. Generate business idea
 - B. Controlling business ideas
 - C. Enhance business success
 - D. Lower business capacity (2 marks)
- 7. Select the set of qualities that describes a good business opportunity.
 - A. Attractive, high gains, short cycle and minimal resources
 - B. Durable, abnormal profits, long cycle and unique market
 - C. Anchored on product, profitable, short cycle and timely
 - D. Attractive, durable, anchored on product and timely (2 marks)

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	A.	A thought or impression that may or may not become an opportunity	
	В.	A window of opportunity that meets the criteria for start-up	
	C.	An opportunity that meets the needs and demands of customers	
	D.	A notion containing factors that contribute to business success	(2 marks)
9.		h business entry option could provide an entrepreneur exclusive rights to operate within a certain geo	graphical
	regio		
	A.	Franchise	
	В.	Sole proprietorship	
	C.	Company	(2 1)
	D.	Joint venture	(2 marks)
10.		h of the following is a benefit of buying an existing business?	
	A.	Enables partnering with existing owners	
	В.	Helps to avoid challenges of running a business	
	C.	Allows easy implementation of changes and innovation	<i>(</i> a 1)
	D.	Facilitates evaluation of business performance	(2 marks)
11.	Whic	h of the following activity could an entrepreneur undertake before choosing a market entry strategy?	
	A.	Acquire finances	
	В.	Sales promotion	
	C.	Product distribution	
	D.	Market research	(2 marks)
12.	Selec	t an advantage of running a sole proprietorship business. It is not easy to dissolve after registering	
	A.	It is not easy to dissolve after registering	
	B.	It is very expensive to create the business	
	C.	Owner maintains complete control of it	
	D.	The losses are redistributed by the owner	(2 marks)
13.	What	term is used to refer to collecting and analysing first hand data for decision making?	
	A.	Customer surveys	
	B.	Primary research	
	C.	Windshield research	
	D.	Industry research	(2 marks)
14.	Whic	h of the following is a source of short-term finance?	
	A.	Share capital	
	B.	Equity finance	
	C.	Trade credit	
	D.	Debentures	(2 marks)
15.	Which of the following explains the meaning of retained earnings?		
	A.	Unpaid interest	
	B.	Profits earned	
	C.	Undistributed dividends	
	D.	Income from investment	(2 marks)
16.	Ident	ify a service provided by microfinance institutions.	
	A.	Business appraisal	
	B.	Savings and credit	
	C.	Business registration	
	D.	Business identity	(2 marks)

8.

Choose the statement that describes a business idea.

17.	Identify a factor that venture capitalists could consider before investing in a business.					
	A.	Low profitability and low returns				
	B.	An average working capital				
	C.	Slow growth in the industry				
	D.	Strong management team	(2 marks)			
18.	Why	is it important for an entrepreneur to choose a suitable business location?				
	A.	Identify customer needs				
	В.	Market proximity				
	C.	Allow faster production				
	D.	Reduce distribution of goods	(2 marks)			
19.	Whic	h of the following increases customer engagement with a business?				
	A.	Customer analysis				
	В.	Selling quality products				
	C.	Use of technology				
	D.	Hiring competent employees	(2 marks)			
20.	Choo	se the benefit realised by embracing social media marketing.				
	A.	The ability to obtain marketing financing				
	B.	The ability to market business at low cost				
	C.	The ability to borrow at low rates of interest				
	D.	The ability to make market differentiation	(2 marks)			
21.	What	What name is given to a person who accomplishes objectives by directing the efforts of other people?				
	A.	Manager				
	B.	Entrepreneur	S			
	C.	Intrapreneur	a die			
	D.	Director	(2 marks)			
22.	Whic	h management function involves putting together required resources in order to execute plans?				
	A.	Planning				
	B.	Controlling				
	C.	Staffing				
	D.	Organising	(2 marks)			
23.	Whic	h of the following is an interpersonal role of a manager?				
	A.	Monitoring role				
	В.	Spokesperson role				
	C.	Negotiation role				
	D.	Liaison role	(2 marks)			
24.	Ident	ify a way in which a manager performs the leading function in an organisation.				
	A.	Tasks and resources allocation				
	В.	Monitoring and evaluating performance				
	C.	Setting long and short-term goals				
	D.	Motivating and influencing people	(2 marks)			
25.	Whic	h of the following is an objective of planning in the management process.				
	A.	To ensure rational allocation of resources				
	В.	To ensure quality control and assurance				
	C.	To ensure the use of accurate standards				
	D.	To ensure improvement is a priority	(2 marks)			

26.	Choose the role played by the top-level management in an organisation.				
	A.	Design and implement policies			
	В.	Set organisation schedules			
	C.	Allocate operational resources			
	D.	Formulate strategic goals	(2 marks)		
27.	Whic	h statement explains the meaning of leading as a function of management?			
	A.	Responding to problems			
	В.	Influencing behaviour			
	C.	Forecasting future actions			
	D.	Mobilising resourses	(2 marks)		
28.	Whic	h level of management is directly responsible to shareholders of a company?			
	A.	Supervisory level			
	В.	Middle level			
	C.	Top level			
	D.	Executory level	(2 marks)		
29.	Whic	h statement describes a job-specific knowledge needed to perform well in a specialised field?			
	A.	Conceptual skills			
	В.	Technical skills			
	C.	Interpersonal roles			
	D.	Decisional roles	(2 marks)		
30.	Choo	se the first stage in the rational decision making.			
	A.	State the problem			
	B.	Identify the problem			
	C.	Evaluate a problem			
	D.	se the first stage in the rational decision making. State the problem Identify the problem Evaluate a problem Examine a problem	(2 marks)		
31.	Whic	h skills should a manager have to be able to deal objectively and fairly with subordinates?			
	A.	Communication			
	B.	Delegation			
	C.	Technical			
	D.	Interpersonal	(2 marks)		
32.	What	term is used to refer to a projected course of action?			
	A.	Decision			
	B.	Alternative			
	C.	Report			
	D.	Plan	(2 marks)		
33.		Which skills does a manager require to understand the overall working of the organisation and its environment?			
	A.	Strategic thinking skills			
	В.	Leadership skills			
	C.	Conceptual skills			
	D.	Directing skills	(2 marks)		
34.	-	is a retention policy important in ensuring a good filing system?			
	A.	To prevent unauthorised access			
	B.	Ensure it is simple to understand			
	C.	Ensure removal of outdated records	,		
	D.	Ensure the system is capable of expansion	(2 marks)		

35.	The fo	ollowing steps are involved in handling mail.				
	(i)	Distribution				
	(ii)	Receiving				
	(iii)	Storage				
	(iv)	Recording				
	(v)	Sorting				
	Whiel	n of the following represents the correct order of handling incoming mail?				
	A.	(ii), (v), (iv), (i), (iii)				
	B.	(i), (ii), (iv), (v), (iii)				
	C.	(ii), (iv), (v), (i), (iii)				
	D.	(iii), (ii), (i), (v), (iv)	(2 marks)			
36.		Which of the following is an advantage of microfilming as a method of storing information?				
	A.	Saves on space				
	B.	Easy to make corrections				
	C.	Fast retrieval	(2 1)			
	D.	It is minimised	(2 marks)			
37.		n of the following could lead to inefficient filing?				
	A.	Use of electronic filing				
	В. С.	Not allowing access to everyone				
	C. D.	Regular filing of documents Inappropriate classification	(2 marks)			
	D.	mappropriate classification	(2 marks)			
38.		the characteristic exhibited by a democratic leader.				
	A.	Increases resistance to change	300			
	В.	Long channels of communication	184 CIT			
	C.	Decentralisation of authority	(2 44)			
	D.	Utilises downward communication	(2 marks)			
39.		n statement describes the meaning of job analysis in management?				
	A.	Minimum qualifications a person must have to perform the job successfully				
	B.	To determine by examining and observing the basic elements of a job				
	C.	To draw an effective organisation structure for the organisation				
	D.	Minimum academic requirements to perform a specific technical job	(2 marks)			
40.	Which	n of the following is an advantage of internal recruitment in an organisation?				
	A.	It inspires and motivates employees within the organisation				
	B.	It gives the organisation a competitive advantage				
	C.	It enhances the reputation of the organisation				
	D.	It provides the required returns on human capital	(2 marks)			
41.	Choos	Choose a conflict handling style that provides solutions that benefit all parties.				
	A.	Accommodating				
	B.	Collaborating				
	C.	Compromising				
	D.	Dominating	(2 marks)			
42.	Whiel	n of the following could contain a job description and a job specification?				
	A.	Application for a specialised job				
	B.	Advertisement of a vacant position				
	C.	Curriculum Vitae of a job applicant				
	D.	Invitation to an employment interview	(2 marks)			

43.	Which of the following is a responsibility of an employee with relation to health and safety issues?					
	A.	Create and distribute a health and safety policy				
	B.	Provide a safe working environment				
	C.	Make proper use of tools and machinery				
	D.	Provide training on health and safety issues	(2 marks)			
44.	Whic	h of the following could affect employee retention in an organisation?				
	A.	Number of employees				
	В.	Size of organisation				
	C.	Leadership style				
	D.	Levels of management	(2 marks)			
			,			
45.	What	is the purpose of holding job interviews?				
	A.	Selection of right employees				
	В.	Orientation of new employees				
	C.	Presenting certificates and testimonials				
	D.	Human resource planning	(2 marks)			
46.	Choo	se the statement that represents a growth strategy in a competitive business.				
	A.	Expanding into new products and services				
	В.	Changing the ongoing business strategy				
	C.	Engaging in a rationalisation process				
	D.	Phasing out some of product lines	(2 marks)			
			,			
47.	Whic	Which of the following occurs at the stabilisation stage of a business life cycle?				
	A.	Business expansion				
	B.	Employee retrenchment.				
	C.	Business mergers				
	D.	Constant sales	(2 marks)			
48.		h of the following is a demerit of a rapid growth in business?				
	A.	Reduced product quality				
	В.	Over-stretched staff				
	C.	Market saturation				
	D.	Constant productivity	(2 marks)			
49.	Which of the following could be experienced at the maturity stage of a business life cycle?					
	A.	Business decline				
	В.	Sales growth				
	C.	Slow growth				
	D.	Low profit	(2 marks)			
	ъ.	Low profit	(2 marks)			
50.		nich stage of growth does a business experience negative cash flow?				
	A.	Idea generation stage				
	В.	Start-up stage				
	C.	Stabilisation stage	(0.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1			
	D.	Innovation stage	(2 marks)			



PILOT PAPER

PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

SECTION ONE

[40 MARKS] [40 MINUTES]

November 2021. Time Allowed: Two Hours

This paper has three sections. Section One has forty (40) multiple choice questions. Section Two has twenty (20) short response questions. Section Three has one (1) essay question. All questions are compulsory. The marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question.

1. Entrepreneurship may be defined as;

(1 mark)

- A. Starting a business enterprise
- B. The process of undertaking business
- C. Process of creating incremental wealth
- D. Process of gathering resources.
- 2. The entrepreneurial process of identifying and evaluating the business opportunity involves; (1 mark)
 - A. Writing a business proposal plan
 - B. Scanning the business environment
 - C. Seeking business finances
 - D. Registering the business name.
- 3. The harvesting stage of the entrepreneurial process involves: (1 mark)
 - A. Writing a business analysis report
 - B. Consulting an entrepreneur
 - C. Choosing an exit strategy
 - D. Getting a return on investment.
- 4. Corporate entrepreneurship may be defined as; (1 mark)
 - A. Changing an organisation set up
 - B. Re-structuring the organisation's management structure
 - C. Engaging in external marketing in unique ways
 - D. Entrepreneurship within an existing organisation.
- 5. Well established organisations can promote Intrapreneurship by; (1 mark)
 - A. Establishing rigid management organisation structures
 - B. Applying a long and complex organisation structure
 - C. Providing a working environment
 - D. Penalising project and product failures.
- 6. Social entrepreneurship is a form of entrepreneurship that; (1 mark)
 - A. Focuses on social environments
 - B. Encourages individuals to make profits in an innovative way
 - C. Supplies goods and services to the society
 - D. Tackles social challenges in an innovative way.

7.	Entrepreneurship contributes to economic growth of the country through: A. Discussions and reports about the economy. B. Widening the economic gap in the country. C. Creation of high growth enterprises. D. Working on the country's economic policies.	(1 mark)
8.	Select the major characteristic of an entrepreneurial firm; A. Continuous production of goods and services B. Bringing new products and services to the market C. It is a lifestyle firm D. Operated by individuals who are motivated by money.	(1 mark)
9.	The corporate entrepreneurship strategy process is composed of: A. External environment conditions B. Innovative strategic vision C. Competitive capability D. Strategic repositioning.	(1 mark)
10.	Select one principle applied by successful innovative companies. A. A broad organisational vision B. Use of a single management approach C. Small, flat organizational structure with small project teams. D. A complex market approach.	(1 mark)
11.	Select a common source of entrepreneurial stress. A. Environmental stress B. Business cycles C. Political environment D. Need to achieve.	(1 mark)
12.	Entrepreneurs enhance their business networks in order to; A. Increase prices of the products and services. B. Become popular C. To grow their businesses D. Earn higher returns in their investments.	(1 mark)
13.	An entrepreneur may be best defined as; A. Young and energetic B. Gamblers who take big risks C. A catalyst for economic growth D. Genetically predisposed to be successful.	(1 mark)
14.	Identify one characteristic associated with entrepreneurial ego that may have destructive implication business. A. Sense of trust B. Desire for success C. Overbearing need for control D. Unrealistic pessimism.	ons on the (1 mark)
15.	Identify one characteristic not exhibited by successful entrepreneurs in general. A. Independence B. Reactive C. Ambitious D. Flexible.	(1 mark)
16.	Which of the following manifest needs was not proposed by McClelland. A. Need for affiliation B. Need for affection C. Need for power D. Need for achievement.	(1 mark)

17.	A.	ify the entrepreneurial motivator that is not classified under compelling factors. Unemployment	(1 mark)		
	B.	Self-actualisation			
	C. D.	Dissatisfaction with job Utilisation of knowledge and skills.			
	D .	Othisation of knowledge and skins.			
18.		se one characteristic exhibited by an entrepreneur that may have positive implications	to the businesses. (1 mark)		
	A.	Sense of trust			
	В.	Overriding desire for success			
	C.	Overbearing need for control			
	D.	Unrealistic optimism.			
19.	Selec	t the theory that is not classified as an entrepreneurship theory.	(1 mark)		
	A.	Economic theories			
	В.	Psychological theories			
	C.	Stakeholders' theories			
	D.	Sociological theories.			
20.	Based	d on Schumpeterian theory of entrepreneurship; innovation is defined as;	(1 mark)		
	A.	Coming up with new ideas			
	В.	New products and services			
	C.	Technical work of invention			
	D.	Application of new things into practical and efficient use.			
21.	Entre	preneurship sociological theories are based on;	(1 mark)		
	A.	Political values	WWW		
	B.	Socio-cultural values	•		
	C.	Environmental considerations			
	D.	Technological development.			
22.	Selec	t one factor not considered under the Integrative approach to entrepreneurship.	(1 mark)		
	A.	The organisation			
	B.	The environmental opportunities			
	C.	The individual entrepreneur			
	D.	The financial and nonfinancial resources.			
23.	Ident	ify the quality that does not define a viable business opportunity.	(1 mark)		
	A.	Durability			
	B.	Timeliness			
	C.	An idea/thought			
	D.	Attractiveness.			
24.	Selec	Select the factor that does not contribute to the recognition of a business opportunity. (1 mark)			
	A.	Observing trends			
	B.	Solving a problem			
	C.	Finding gaps in the market place			
	D.	Social discrimination and exclusion.			
25.	Ident	ify the personal characteristic that may hinder business opportunity recognition.	(1 mark)		
	A.	Prior business experience			
	B.	Business social networks			
	C.	Entrepreneurial awareness			
	D	Inability to solve problems			

26.	Selec	t a rule that is not observed when conducting a formal brainstorming session.	(1 mark)		
	A.	No criticism is allowed			
	В.	Freewheeling			
	C.	Detailed analytical reasoning			
	D.	Leapfrogging.			
27.	Choo	se the behaviour that encourages creativity.	(1 mark)		
	A.	Rigid organisational structure			
	В.	Investing in human resource			
	C.	Retaining employees in same job			
	D.	Penalising failed ideas.			
28.	Identi	ify the behaviour that discourages creativity.	(1 mark)		
	A.	Listening actively			
	В.	Being pessimistic, judgmental and critical			
	C.	Protecting honest mistakes when learning			
	D.	Treating employees as equals.			
29.	Selec	t an environmental trend that does not suggest business or product gaps. (1 mark)			
	A.	Technological advances			
	B.	Economic forces			
	C.	Political instability			
	D.	Social forces.			
30.	Entrepreneurs choose business opportunities which have the qualities shown below. Select the quality that entrepreneurs may not consider. (1 mark)				
			,		
	A.	Opportunity that adds value to customers			
	B.	An open window of opportunity			
	C.	Timeliness of the opportunity			
	D.	Diversified market.			
31.	A business plan may be defined as; (1 m		(1 mark)		
	A.	An entrepreneur's expression of interest			
	В.	A list of business ideas			
	C.	Entrepreneurs' diary of business activities			
	D.	A document on proposed venture.			
32.	Identi	Identify a private form of business organisation from the list below. (1 mark)			
	A.	Partnerships			
	B.	Cooperatives			
	C.	Public social benefits organisations			
	D.	Savings and loans cooperative societies.			
33.		t the main disadvantage of a public limited company.	(1 mark)		
	A.	Unlimited liability			
	B.	Loss of direct control by the shareholders			
	C.	Responsibilities and risks are shared on agreed proportions			
34.	D. Identi	Possibility of raising large sums of money. ify the major difference between sole proprietorship and partnerships.	(1 mark)		
	A.	Perpetual continuity of business			
	B.	Unlimited liability			
	C.	Full control of the business by the owners			
	D.	Shared responsibilities.			

35.	Identify	y the document that is presented to the registrar of companies during registration of a comp	any. (1 mark)
	A.	Audited financial statements	(1 1111111)
	B.	Memorandum of Association	
	C.	A deed	
	D.	An environmental audit reports.	
36.	Identify	y a major similarity between a general partnership and a private limited company.	(1 mark)
	A.	Unlimited liability	
	В.	Continuity of business	
	C.	Low liquidity of investment	
	D.	Management control.	
37.	Select t	he main function of the articles of association.	(1 mark)
	A.	State the liability of members	
	В.	Show the objectives of the company	
	C.	Guide the internal management of company	
	D.	Provide a list of directors.	
38.	Identify	the main purpose of a memorandum of association.	(1 mark)
	A.	Show the list of shares offered	
	B.	Show the class and rights of shareholders	
	C.	Show the company's broad objectives	
	D.	State the qualifications and duties of the directors.	
39.	Select t	he circumstance in which a sole proprietorship is regarded as a favorable form of ownersh	
	A.	Where owner prefers autonomy	(1 mark) S
	B.	Where promptness is not required in decision making	4
	C.	Where personal attention is not an important aspect of business relationship	
	D.	Where the market is broad and requires large capital investment.	
40.	Partner	ship deed may be defined as;	(1 mark)
	A.	A document of capital appropriation	
	B.	Articles of partnership stipulating the internal workings of the business	
	C.	Document that allows transfer of shares	
	D.	Document of transfer of assets.	
		(Total:	40 marks)
		SECTION TWO	
		[40 MARKS] [1 HOUR]	
You ar	e advised	d not to exceed forty words in answering each question.	
41.	List two	o bootstrapping methods a start up restaurant business can utilise to ensure business succes	s. (2 marks)
42.	Define	the term "venture capital".	(2 marks)
43.	Explain	the term "window of opportunity".	(2 marks)
44.	Sugges	t two primary reasons why people become entrepreneurs.	(2 marks)
45.	Disting	uish between creativity and innovation in entrepreneurship.	(2 marks)
46.	Define	the term "corridor principle".	(2 marks)
47.	Explain work.	n two reasons why corridor principle supports the fact that majority of business ideas are c	onceived at (2 marks)

18.	Giving	two examples, explain how "solving a problem" can create a business opportunity".	(2 marks)
19.	Identif	y two areas that a properly executed feasibility analysis explores.	(2 marks)
50.	Identif	by two challenges faced by an entrepreneur at the start up stage of the business.	(2 marks)
51.	Disting	guish between a product franchise and a business format franchise.	(2 marks)
52.	Identif	by two benefits that accrue to an accounting firm that operates in form of a partnership.	(2 marks)
53.	Highli	ght two qualities to look for in a prospective Franchisee.	(2 marks)
54.	Explai	n how a manager can promote intrapreneurship.	(2 marks)
55.	Descri	be two qualities of an opportunistic entrepreneur.	(2 marks)
56.	Explai	n the challenges a prospective entrepreneur experiences at the idea generation stage.	(2 marks)
57.		be two factors that an entrepreneur whose business is at the stabilisation stage of business er in order to grow.	life cycle can (2 marks)
58.	Explai	n the characteristics of a business that is in the decline stage of business life cycle.	(2 marks)
59.		n two innovative strategies an entrepreneur may consider to apply at the business dess life cycle.	cline stage of (2 marks)
50.	Explai	n the meaning of "generation of a new entry opportunity".	(2 marks) al: 40 marks)
		SECTION THREE	ai. 40 mai ks)
		[20 MARKS] [20 MINUTES]	
	busine In 202 compa manag Studer saw th establi	ame is the brainchild of four trainees in accounting who want to spark student's interests. Their aim is to create a social enterprise that will help promote youth entrepreneurship 20, the team launched Bizzgame, an interactive business simulation game. Players my's valuation through strategic decisions on buying goods, marketing, sales development ement. Its were initially reluctant to take up the challenge but several months of further trial and e game popularity increase among other trainees. Bizz game is gaining a following in the shments across the country. The take-up has been enhanced by a series of Bizz game You titions. Although Bizz game has an appeal among consumers as the "new board game in the same popularity increases."	more widely. increase their t and logistics enhancements ne educational outh challenge
		ack to its original plan of promoting youth entrepreneurship. An online portal for training en a computer game version is being developed.	ng institutions
	Requi	red: Define the term "social enterprise".	(2 marks)
	(b)	Give two reasons that could have made the trainees come up with the idea of "Bizzgar	ne". (2 marks)
	(c)	List three benefits of running Bizzgame as a social enterprise.	(3 marks)
	(d)	State three methods that the team can use to promote Bizzgame in other training instit	utions.
			(3 marks)
	(e)	Give five challenges that the four undergraduates are likely to encounter as they	promote the
		Bizzgame.	(5 marks)
	(f)	Explain three objectives achieved through playing the Bizzgame.	(3 marks)
	(g)	Explain the plan that the four trainees have for the growth of Bizzgame. (Tot	(2 marks) al: 20 marks)



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 4 April 2022. Morning paper.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

This paper is made up of a hundred (100) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL the questions by indicating the letter (a, b, c or d) that represents the correct answer. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1.	Which of the following is a challenge that an entrepreneur could encounter as a result of venturing into business?					
	(a)	Low competition.				
	(b)	Uncertainty of income.				
	(c)	Unlimited profits.				
	(d)	Self-employment.	(1 mark)			
2.	Whiel	n of the following statements BEST describes the term "business opportunity"?				
	(a)	Situation which can be translated to a business activity.				
	(b)	Business activity that already exists in the market.				
	(c)	A well-established business that generates large profits.				
	(d)	A business that attracts many customers.	(1 mark)			
3.	Identi	fy a reason why an entrepreneur could choose a partnership as a business entry option.	www.dtop			
	(a)	High profits.	MAN			
	(b)	Fast decision-making.				
	(c)	Separate legal entity.				
	(d)	Share of risks.	(1 mark)			
4.	What	What term is used to refer to the personal investment of owners in a business?				
	(a)	Profits.				
	(b)	Equity.				
	(c)	Venture capital.				
	(d)	Informal capital.	(1 mark)			
5.	Whic	Which of the following is NOT a legal requirement for entrepreneurs?				
	(a)	Trade licence.				
	(b)	Tax compliance.				
	(c)	Infrastructure.				
	(d)	Environmental requirements.	(1 mark)			
6.	Which of the following sentences BEST explains a characteristic of Fabian entrepreneurs?					
	(a)	Imitate technology and techniques innovated by others.				
	(b)	Start a business using their acquired skills.				
	(c)	Are not interested in growing their business.				
	(d)	Do not show initiative in implementing new ideas.	(1 mark)			
7.	Why	Why do entrepreneurs require to generate new ideas?				
	(a)	Comply with government policy.				
	(b)	Ensure availability of resources.				
	(c)	Improve their skills.				
	(d)	Products have a limited life cycle.	(1 mark)			

8.	Ident	ify one challenge associated with buying an existing business.			
	(a)	The business may be overpriced.			
	(b)	Lack of experienced employees.			
	(c)	Previous owners may interfere with the business.			
	(d)	It is difficult to retain customers.	(1 mark)		
9.	What	do you call wealthy individuals who provide capital to business start-ups in return for part or	vnershin?		
	(a)	Business incubators.	viieromp.		
	(b)	Business partners.			
	(c)	Debt financiers.			
	(d)	Business angels.	(1 mark)		
315			(1 mark)		
10.		h element of the marketing mix refers to the distribution channels used to reach the market?			
	(a)	People.			
	(b)	Processes.			
	(c)	Place.			
	(d)	Promotion.	(1 mark)		
11.	What	is the MAIN benefit of social entrepreneurship to your country?			
	(a)	Wealth creation.			
	(b)	Community development and improvement.			
	(c)	Increasing regional business activities.			
	(d)	Creation of employment.	(1 mark)		
12.	Which	h of the following is a removement of the avecutive average of a hydrogen stage			
12.		h of the following is a component of the executive summary of a business plan?			
	(a)	Marketing plan.			
	(b)	Acknowledgement.			
	(c)	Table of contents.	44 - 44		
	(d)	Cover page.	(1 mark)		
13.	What	What is the best business entry option for an entrepreneur who does not wish to dilute their level of ownership?			
	(a)	Company.			
	(b)	Joint venture.			
	(c)	Partnership.			
	(d)	Sole proprietorship.	(1 mark)		
14.	Which	h statement BEST describes the meaning of crowd funding?			
	(a)	Raising large sums of money from several banks.			
	(b)	Payment of large sums of money to many people online.			
	(c)	Raising small amounts of money from a large number of people online.			
	(d)	Online sending and receiving of money.	(1 mark)		
15	1171-1-1	. Cal. C. II i. NOT I. C			
15.		n of the following is NOT a role of an entrepreneur?			
	(a)	Initiate ideas,			
	(b)	Offer credit.			
	(c)	Mobilise resources.	11		
	(d)	Make decisions.	(1 mark)		
16.	Which of the following factors is likely to discourage an entrepreneur from entering a franchising arrangement?				
	(a)	Lack of customer awareness.			
	(b)	Less freedom.			
	(c)	Standardised operations.			
	(d)	Use of franchisor's brand name.	(1 mark)		
17.	What	is the role of government in promoting entrepreneurial culture in your country?			
5.1.1	(a)	Creation of an enabling environment.			
	(b)	Opening up many businesses.			
	(c)	Generating new ideas.			
	(d)	Acting as a role model.	(1 mark)		
	(4)	training and a toric aircorn.	(I main)		

18.	Which	n component of the business plan contains the goals and objectives of the business?			
	(a)	Business description.			
	(b)	Operations and production plan.			
	(c)	Organisation and management plan.			
	(d)	Mission statement.	(1 mark)		
19.	Identi	fy the form of business ownership option adopted by most entrepreneurs in your country.			
3-01	(a)	Company.			
	(b)	Partnership.			
	(c)	Sole proprietorship.			
	(d)	Franchising.	(1 mark)		
20.	Which	h of the following BEST describes a strategy that an entrepreneur could use to retain custome	rs?		
20.	(a)	Attractive packaging.			
	(b)	Advertising.			
		Good customer service.			
	(c) (d)	Good corporate image.	(1 mark)		
2.1	0.1	C			
21.		t a factor that could motivate an individual to become an entrepreneur.			
	(a)	Availability of jobs.			
	(b)	Skills in identifying risks.			
	(c)	Desire to work in a big company.	71		
	(d)	Opportunity to make a difference.	(1 mark)		
22.	Whic	th one of the following is NOT a source of business ideas?			
	(a)	Failed projects.			
	(b)	Business plan.			
	(c)	Customer complaints.	ć		
	(d)	Current trends.	(1 mark)		
23.	Ident	ify one factor that may discourage small business owners from using debt to finance their business.			
20.	(a)	Long repayment period.			
	(b)	Leads to bad image of the business.			
	(c)	Lack of collateral.			
	(d)	Lack of accountability.	(1 mark)		
	(a)	Eack of accountability.	(Tillark)		
24.	Whic	Which of the following BEST describes a study that involves gathering feedback from a sample customer?			
	(a)	Consumer survey.			
	(b)	Customer care.			
	(c)	Questionnaires.			
	(d)	Interview.	(1 mark)		
25.	Whic	ch of the following is a type of entrepreneurship?			
	(a)	Selling.			
	(b)	Hustling.			
	(c)	Franchising.			
	(d)	Imitating.	(1 mark)		
26.	Whic	ch of the following is NOT a major consideration while assessing the viability of a business of	pportunity?		
	(a)	Return on investment.	1.		
	(b)	Skills.			
	(c)	Infrastructure.			
	(d)	Demand.	(1 mark)		
			(imit)		
27.		ch of the following is an objective of sales promotion?			
	(a)	Direct distribution of products.			
	(b)	Increase level of skills.			
	(c)	Reduce number of competitors.	74		
	(d)	Announce product existence.	(1 mark)		

28.	Ident	ify one factor that is driving the growth of entrepreneurship in your country.	
	(a)	Technological advances.	
	(b)	Dependent lifestyles.	
	(c)	Increase in banking activities.	
	(d)	Cultural blocks.	(1 mark)
			,
29.		h of the following is a characteristic of a good business idea?	
	(a)	Requires excessive investment.	
	(b)	Involves high risks.	
	(c)	Has a long gestation period.	
	(d)	Easy to exit when necessary.	(1 mark)
30.	What	is the BEST form of business ownership for an entrepreneur who wishes to limit their personal li	1-1-114-0
50.	(a)	Partnership.	lability?
	(b)	Company.	
	(c)	Sole proprietorship.	
	(d)	Franchise.	(1 mark)
	(4)	1 Automote.	(1 mark)
31.	The f	ollowing are sources of debt finance EXCEPT:	
	(a)	Personal savings.	
	(b)	Bank loan.	
	(c)	Trade credit.	
	(d)	Debentures.	(1 mark)
22	7.1		
32.		fy one step undertaken in the process of launching a new product.	
	(a)	Write a business plan.	
	(b)	Contact competitors.	
	(c)	Screen the product.	12
	(d)	Conduct testing.	(1 mark)
33.	Select	one advantage of running a small business enterprise from the following:	
	(a)	Easy to control.	
	(b)	Experienced management.	
	(c)	Adequate resources.	
	(d)	Financial stability.	(1 mark)
34.		do you call a combination of products offered for sale by a business?	
	(a)	Product line.	
	(b)	Product breadth.	
	(c)	Product depth.	40.77.03
	(d)	Product mix.	(1 mark)
35.	Whiel	n of the following inhibits growth of entrepreneurship in your country?	
	(a)	White collar jobs.	
	(b)	Corruption.	
	(c)	Government support.	
	(d)	Training.	(1 mark)
	-2.2		
36.		fy one method of generating business ideas.	
	(a)	Shows and exhibitions.	
	(b)	Focus groups.	
	(c)	Role models.	/3/
	(d)	Innovation.	(1 mark)
37.	Which	of the following is the MAIN reason for conducting market research before launching a busines	57
	(a)	Establish demand.	× •
	(b)	Establish supply.	
	(c)	Know your products.	
	(d)	Know your location.	(1 mark)

38.	Which	of the following BEST explains the meaning of bootstrapping?	
	(a)	Using limited finances.	
	(b)	Use of borrowed finances.	
	(c)	Using personal finances.	
	(d)	Using finances from many sources.	(1 mark)
39.	Whic	n of the following strategy could be used by management to manage the rapid growth of	an organisation?
	(a)	Sell part of the business.	
	(b)	Increase cash flow.	
	(c)	Hire competent employees.	
	(d)	Reduce sale promotion.	(1 mark)
40.	Identi	fy one role played by top management in an organisation.	
101	(a)	Train supervisory staff.	
	(b)	Establish policies.	
	(c)	Routine decision making.	
	(d)	Link between other levels of management.	(1 mark)
41.	The	nost basic and primary function of management is:	
71.	(a)	Staffing.	
	(b)	Planning.	
	(c)	Organising.	
	(d)	Co-ordination.	(1 mark)
12	13.71	11 the trace of chills a manufacture to monforms amonialized tooks?	
42.		do you call the type of skills a manager requires to perform specialised tasks?	
	(a)	Technical skills.	
	(b)	Problems solving skills.	
	(c)	Conceptual skills.	(1
	(d)	Work skills.	(1 mar B)
43.		or filing system could lead to:	4
	(a)	Compactness of documents.	
	(b)	Paperless filing.	
	(c)	Fast data retrieval.	
	(d)	Duplication of documents.	(1 mark)
44.	Whic	ch of the following BEST explains the process of inspiring employees to work will	ingly to achieve the
	desir	ed goals?	
	(a)	Management.	
	(b)	Directing.	
	(c)	Persuading.	
	(d)	Motivation.	(1 mark)
45.	Iden	tify one challenge associated with the growth stage of a business life cycle.	
	(a)	Difficulties in attracting staff.	
	(b)	High cost of promoting the business.	
	(c)	Managing cash flows.	
	(d)	Lack of customers.	(1 mark)
46.	The	following are steps in the process of controlling as a management function:	
	(i)	Establish deviation.	
	(ii)	Measure actual performance.	
	(iii)	Set standards.	
	(iv)	Take corrective action.	
	(v)	Compare actual performance with set standards.	
	Whi	ch of the following represents the correct order of steps of the controlling process?	
	(a)	(ii), (iii), (v), (iv), (i)	
	(b)	(i), (iii), (v), (iv)	
	(c)	(iii), (ii), (v), (i), (iv)	
	(d)	(iii), (iv), (i), (ii), (v)	(1 mark)
	2.57	27/12/2014 (33.1)(51.4)(3)	CM11 Page 5
			Out of 11

47.	Decis	ision-making skills of a manager means:			
	(a)	Select the best choice among alternatives.			
	(b)	Direct employees on what to do.			
	(c)	Understand how a variety of factors are related.			
	(d)	Deal effectively with conflict.	(1 mark)		
48.	Ident	tify one step undertaken while handling incoming mail.			
	(a)	Signing.			
	(b)	Folding.			
	(c)	Weighting.			
	(d)	Sorting.	(1 mark)		
49.	Whic	ch of the following is NOT a method that could be used to manage conflict in an appropriation			
47.	(a)	ch of the following is NOT a method that could be used to manage conflict in an organisation. Reporting.			
	(b)	Encouraging.			
	(c)	Resolving.			
	(d)	Preventing.	/1		
	(u)	revening.	(1 mark)		
50.		ch management function involves influencing the behaviour of employees towards achievement of	goals?		
	(a)	Staffing.			
	(b)	Leading.			
	(c)	Disciplining.			
	(d)	Organising.	(1 mark)		
51.	Which	ch title is given to a person who is in charge of and coordinates the activities of a group of employee	es engaged		
		lated activities within a unit of an organisation?	0.0		
	(a)	Vendor.			
	(b)	Employee.			
	(c)	Manager.			
	(d)	Contractor.	(1 mark)		
52.	What is a franking machine?				
32.					
	(a)	This machine dampens and seals the flaps of the envelopes.			
	(b)	It is used to weigh the letters, envelopes and packets.			
	(c) (d)	It is hired from a post office to print stamps on letters. The machine is used for printing addresses on envelopes.	(1 mark)		
53.	The called	process of arranging and storing records, so that they can be located whenever re	equired is		
	(a)	Indexing.			
	(b)	Filing.			
	(c)	Noting.			
	(d)	Arranging.	(1 mark)		
	(4)	Tartanging.	(1 mark)		
54.		nat method of filing is duplication avoided but secrecy cannot be maintained?			
	(a)	Centralised.			
	(b)	Vertical.			
	(c)	Decentralised.			
	(d)	Horizontal.	(1 mark)		
55.	What	is defined as a guide to locate the required file?			
	(a)	Filing.			
	(b)	Indexing.			
	(c)	Coding.			
	(d)	Organising.	(1 mark)		
56.	Identi	ify one precaution that a manager could take to ensure safety of employees at the work place.			
- 9,80	(a)	Install burglar-proof door.			
	(b)	Ensure enough parking space.			
	(c)	Provide employees with uniforms.			
	(d)	Install fire extinguishers.	(1 mark)		
	(-)		1 Page 6		
		Out o			

57.		department is responsible for recruiting and hiring the right employees in an organisation	?
	(a)	Finance department.	
	(b)	Supply chain management.	
	(c)	Planning and strategy.	(1 mark)
	(d)	Human resource management.	(* *********
58.	Who a	among the following is a middle level manager?	
	(a)	Chief executive.	
	(b)	Supervisor.	
	(c)	General manager.	(1 mark)
	(d)	Finance manager.	(1 mark)
59.	Why s	should in-coming mail be opened with caution?	
	(a)	Ensure safety of enclosures.	
	(b)	Not to damage the envelope.	
	(c)	Ensure efficiency in opening mail.	V1 1.V
	(d)	Safeguard against loss of mail.	(1 mark)
60.		h of the following BEST describes employees' qualifications and characteristics requin job?	ired to perform a
	(a)	Job description.	
	(b)	Job analysis.	
	(c)	Job specification.	
	(d)	Job design.	(1 mark)
61.	Whic	th of the following is NOT a task undertaken in the process of filing business documents?	
01.	(a)	Indexing.	
	(b)	Retrieving.	Ä
	(c)	Recording.	Shop
	(d)	Duplication.	(1 mark)
62.	Ident	ify one role played by top level management in an organisation.	
02.	(a)	Assigning jobs.	
	(b)	Motivation.	
	(c)	Training staff.	
	(d)	Monitoring the environment.	(1 mark)
63.	Wha	t is the MAIN reason why big organisations issue gate passes to visitors?	
05.	(a)	Identification.	
	(b)	Safety.	
	(c)	Recording.	
	(d)	Directing.	(1 mark)
64.	Why	do managers need decision making skills?	
2,00	(a)	Direct employees.	
	(b)	Solve problems.	
	(c)	Enhance control.	
	(d)	Improve efficiency.	(1 mark)
65.	Whi	ch of the following is a step undertaken in the planning process?	
00.	(a)	Monitoring performance.	
	(b)	Designing jobs.	
	(c)	Forecasting.	
	(d)	Setting up an organisation structure.	(1 mark)
66.	Low	ver level management may also be referred to as:	
oo.	(a)	Operational management.	
	(b)	Strategic management.	
	(c)	Tactical management.	
	(d)	Direct management.	(1 mark)

67.	Whice (a)	ch of the following is a factor that determines the number of levels of management in an Location.	organisation?
	(b)	Size.	
	(c)	Number of managers.	
	(d)	Number of branches.	(1 mark)
68.	Whice	ch of the following represents the skills a manager requires to assign authority are oyees?	nd responsibilities to
	(a)	Leadership.	
	(b)	Motivation.	
	(c)	Interpersonal.	
	(d)	Delegation.	(1 mark)
69.	Whice system	th of the following BEST explains why an organisation would choose to operate a m?	decentralised filing
	(a)	Uniformity of filing procedures.	
	(b)	Less duplication of files.	
	(c)	Fast retrieval of documents.	
	(d)	Improved control.	(1 mark)
70.	Ident	ify the MAIN purpose of good leadership in an organisation. Provide direction.	
	(b)	Expansion of organisation.	
	(c)	Efficient management.	
	(d)	Performance appraisal.	(1 mark)
71.	Whic	h of the following BEST explains why departments are important in an organisation?	
	(a)	Assign managers.	
	(b)	Manage office space.	
	(c)	Avoid conflict.	
	(d)	Specialisation.	(1 mark)
72.	Which	h of the following is NOT a strategy that could enhance health and safety in an organisat	ion?
	(a)	Hiring competent and trained employees.	
	(b)	Adequate supervision and control.	
	(c)	Proper personal hygiene.	
	(d)	Installing fewer machines.	(1 mark)
73.	At wh	tich level of management in an organisation would strategic thinking skills be MOST red	quired?
	(a)	Middle level,	
	(b) (c)	Top level. Lower level.	
	(d)	Supervisory level.	
	7.4		(1 mark)
74.	With	reference to management functions, identify one step in the organising process.	
	(a)	Division of work.	
	(b) (c)	Setting objectives. Budgeting,	
	(d)	Motivating staff.	(1 mark)
75.	Which	of the following may NOT be a consequence of conflict in an organisation?	(, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
10.	(a)	Hostility.	
	(b)	Withdrawal.	
	(c)	Competition,	
	(d)	Motivation.	(1 mark)
76.	Which	of the following is a procedure undertaken for both outgoing and incoming mail in an o	rganisation?
	(a)	Posting.	- Daritoution,
	(b)	Weighing.	
	(c)	Distribution.	
	(d)	Recording.	(1 mark)
			CM11 Page 8
			Out of 11

77.	Which of the following BEST explains the process of identifying, attracting and hiring employees with the right			
	skills a	and qualifications?		
	(a)	Employment.		
	(b)	Recruitment.		
	(c)	Screening.	(1 month)	
	(d)	Staffing.	(1 mark)	
78.	Which	of the following could be established by a large organisation to offer customer support?		
	(a)	Feedback centre.		
	(b)	Customer department.		
	(c)	Call centre.	/1	
	(d)	Marketing centre.	(1 mark)	
79.	Identi	fy one step that could be undertaken in the process of hiring the right employees?		
	(a)	Training.		
	(b)	Performance appraisal.		
	(c)	Interview.	/1 () () () ()	
	(d)	Compensation.	(1 mark)	
80.	The f	following are roles performed by managers:		
Table .	(i)	Implementing policies and strategies.		
	(ii)	Routine day to day decision-making.		
	(iii)	Representing the organisation to the outside world.		
	(iv)	Responsible for major innovations.		
	(v)	Appointment of staff.		
	Whic	h of the following represents a set of roles performed by middle level managers?		
	(a)	(i), (ii), (iii)		
	(b)	(i), (iv), (v)	Ŕ	
	(c)	(ii), (iii), (v)	diche	
	(d)	(iii), (iv), (v)	(1 कुट्यों k)	
81.	Whic	ch of the following is NOT a method of classifying documents for filing?		
	(a)	Methodical.		
	(b)	Geographical.		
	(c)	Chronological.		
	(d)	Numerical.	(1 mark)	
82.	The	steps in outgoing mail handling are:		
	1.	Recording of mail.		
	2.	Collecting of mail.		
	3.	Inserting the mailing material.		
	4.	Preparing the mail.		
	5.	Sealing and stamping.		
	6.	Posting.		
	(a)	4, 1, 5, 2, 3, 6.		
	(b)	4, 2, 1, 3, 5, 6.		
	(c)	4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 6.	(1auk)	
	(d)	4, 1, 5, 3, 2, 6.	(1 mark)	
83.	Whi	ch of the following is an advantage of using emails to engage customers?		
	(a)	It can only be sent to one customer at a time.		
	(b)	It takes too long to be received by the customers.		
	(c)	It can be sent to many customers at once.	21 13	
	(d)	It is too expensive.	(1 mark)	
84.	Why	y would an organisation maintain an automated filing system?		
	(a)	Reduces need for storage space.		
	(b)	It is relatively expensive.		
	(c)	There is no risk of unauthorised access.	Z4 DA	
	(d)	It results in duplication of files.	(1 mark)	
			CM11 Page 9 Out of 11	

85.	Whi	ch of the following is NOT a characteristic of an effective leader?		
	(a)	Visionary.		
	(b)	Encourage innovation,		
	(c)	Resistant to change.		
	(d)	Team-leader.	(1 mark)	
86.	Iden	tify a reason why delegation skills are important in management.		
	(a)	Allows proper allocation of responsibility and authority.		
	(b)	Demotivates employees.		
	(c)	Employees lack interest in the work assigned.		
	(d)	It may reduce performance levels.	(1 mark)	
87.	Whic	ch of the following is NOT a tachnisms that	7,	
07.	(a)	ch of the following is NOT a technique that managers could use to resolve conflict in an organ Smoothing.	usation?	
	(b)	Compromise.		
		Confrontation.		
	(c)			
	(d)	Training.	(1 mark)	
88.	Whic	ch of the following statements BEST defines the term "conflict"?		
	(a)	It is a disagreement between individuals arising out of a difference in thought pr understanding, interests and other factors.	ocess, attitudes,	
	(b)	A discussion in which people expresses different opinions about something.		
	(c)	A discussion or argument carried out between two teams or sides.		
	(d)	Consideration of a subject by a group.	Qu. 77.13	
	(4)	Consideration of a subject by a group.	(1 mark)	
89.	The p	process of organising consists of the following steps EXCEPT:		
	(a)	Determining and defining the activities required for the achievement of planned goals.		
	(b)	Establishing standards for measuring work performance.		
	(c)	Grouping the activities into logical and convenient units.		
	(d)	Assigning the duties and activities to specific positions and people.	(1 mark)	
90.	Whic	ch of the following is not a function of top management:		
	(a)	To appoint departmental and other key executives.		
	(b)	To coordinate the activities and efforts of different departments.		
	(c)	To assign jobs to workers and to make arrangements for their training and development.		
	(d)	To analyse, evaluate and deal with the environmental forces.	(1 month)	
	1=1	to same of the same and activity the chynolimental forces.	(1 mark)	
91.	Which of the following functions entails bringing together the materials and human resources required for the			
	achiev	vement of desired goals?		
	(a)	Planning.		
	(b)	Organising.		
	(c)	Leading.		
	(d)	Controlling.	(1 mark)	
92.	Which of the following category of skills refers to the ability and knowledge in using the equipment, techniques			
	and pr	rocedures involved in performing specific tasks?	em, teemiques	
	(a)	Conceptual skills.		
	(b)	Human skills.		
	(c)	Writing skills.		
	(d)	Technical skills.	(1 mark)	
93.	Which	h role of a manager requires that they gather information, disseminate information or act as		
	for the	e company?	a spokesperson	
	(a)	Interpersonal role.		
	(b)	Informational role.		
	(c)	Decision role.		
	(d)	Analytical role.	(1 mark)	
	V		(1 mark)	

94.	The following are qualities of good managers EXCEPT:				
	(a)	Makes difficult decisions.			
	(b)	Has the ability to listen.			
	(c)	Uses micromanagement.			
	(d)	Encourage teamwork.	(1 mark)		
95.	The fo	ollowing are characteristics of successful entrepreneurs EXCEPT:			
	(a)	Creativity.			
	(b)	Perfectionist.			
	(c)	Risk-taking.			
	(d)	Professionalism.	(1 mark)		
96.	Which	n component of the business plan details how an entrepreneur will generate income?			
	(a)	Business description.			
	(b)	Operations and production plan.			
	(c)	Customer analysis.	12 1 T VI		
	(d)	Financial plan.	(1 mark)		
97.	Whic	h of the following statements BEST defines the term "staffing"?			
	(a)	Attracting candidates to fill a position in an organisation.			
	(b)	Process of choosing the most suitable person for a current position.			
	(c)	Managerial function of recruitment, selection, training, promotion and compensation of perso	nnel.		
	(d)	It is an instrument of developing employees by improving their skills and developing their be	haviour.		
	,		(1 mark)		
98.	Whic	h of the following statements BEST defines a "job description"?			
	(a)	The name of the position to be filled.			
	(b)	The scope of work to be performed by the candidate.			
	(c)	Various job-related activities to be performed by the candidates assigned the job.			
	(d)	It is the summary of all the tasks, roles and responsibilities with respect to a particular job.	(1 mark) ji		
99.	The f	following are strategies to retain employees EXCEPT:	TANK CE		
	(a)	Discourage professional development.	4		
	(b)	Give recognition and rewards.			
	(c)	Offer incentives.			
	(d)	Build a culture employees want to be part of.	(1 mark)		
100.	Who	is responsible for collecting mail form the post office?			
	(a)	Security officer.			
	(b)	Messenger.			
	(c)	Gardener.			
	(d)	Receptionist.	(1 mark)		



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

WEDNESDAY: 15 December 2021.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

CM11 Page 1 Out of 6

This paper has three sections. SECTION I has forty (40) multiple choice questions. SECTION II has twenty (20) short response questions. SECTION III has one (1) essay question. All questions are compulsory. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question.

		SECTION 1 - 40 MARKS	
1.	conve	h of the following BEST explains the practice of empowering employees by valuing the erting them into profitable undertakings?	ir ideas and
	(a)	Entrepreneurship.	
	(b)	Intrapreneurship.	
	(c)	Creativity.	
	(d)	Innovation.	(1 mark)
2.	Identi	fy one method of generating new business ideas.	
	(a)	Brainstorming.	
	(b)	Screening.	
	(c)	Newspapers.	*
	(d)	Hobbies.	(1 mark)
3.	Whiel	n one of the following is NOT a factor to consider while choosing a business entry option?	4
	(a)	Government regulation.	
	(b)	Commencement date.	
	(c)	Areas of operation.	
	(d)	Risks involved.	(1 mark)
4.	Whiel	of the following is a limitation of debt finance?	
т.	(a)	It is a short-term finance.	
	(b)	Only available in small quantities.	
	(c)	It dilutes ownership.	
	(d)	Interest is a legal obligation.	(1 mark)
	(4)	meret is a regar congation.	(Timark)
5.	Identi	fy one legal requirement for a start-up business.	
	(a)	Accessibility to customers.	
	(b)	Enough capital.	
	(c)	Business name.	
	(d)	Qualified employees.	(1 mark)
6.	Whiel	of the following is a personal characteristic of a successful entrepreneur?	
	(a)	Dependent.	
	(b)	Fears risk.	
	(c)	Intolerant.	
	(d)	Confident.	(1 mark)
7.	Whiat	and of the following DECT analysis the Color of the following DECT analysis the	
1.	self-si	n one of the following BEST explains the process of helping small start-up businesses ustaining?	to become
	(a)	Business incubation.	
	(b)	Business angels.	
	(c)	Business training.	
	(d)	Business finance.	(1 mark)

8.	Which of the following is NOT a component of the marketing mix?					
	(a)	People.				
	(b)	Profit.				
	(c)	Place.				
	(d)	Physical evidence.	(1 mark)			
9.	Identi	fy one type of entrepreneur.				
	(a)	Manager.				
	(b)	Networker.				
	(c)	Drone.				
	(d)	Risk taker.	(1 mark)			
10.		Which of the following BEST explains a business model where successful entrepreneurs allow other businesses to				
	marke	et goods and services under their brand names?				
	(a)	Joint venture.				
	(b)	Partnership.				
	(c)	Cooperative.				
	(d)	Franchising.	(1 mark)			
11.	ldent	fy one reason that has led to the popularity of microfinance institutions in your country.				
	(a)	Accessible to low income earners.				
	(b)	Give small amounts of money.				
	(c)	Require security.				
	(d)	They are located near customers.	(1 mark)			
12.	Which statement best explains why it is important to create a schedule in the process of launching a new product?					
	(a)	Ensures customers are informed of the new product.				
	(b)	Ensures tasks are completed in time.				
	(c)	Ensures that the product is tested.				
	(d)	Ensures the product satisfies customers' needs.	(1 mark)			
13.	Which of the following is NOT a factor that an entrepreneur could consider while identifying a target market?					
	(a)	Size.				
	(b)	Competition.				
	(c)	Availability of buildings.				
	(d)	Income levels.	(1 mark)			
14.	ldent	ify one factor that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a business location.				
	(a)	Promotion of products.				
	(b)	Labour.				
	(c)	Business management.				
	(d)	Business plan.	(1 mark)			
15.	Which one of the following is a source of short-term finance?					
	(a)	Equity.				
	(b)	Debentures.				
	(c)	Bank overdraft.				
	(d)	Retained earnings.	(1 mark)			
16.	Identify one way that the government could promote entrepreneurship in your country.					
	(a)	Laws and regulations.				
	(b)	Corruption.				
	(c)	Buying from importers.				
	(d)	Building training institutions.	(1 mark)			
17.	Whi	ch one of the following is an objective of evaluating a business idea?				
	(a)	Ensure it is well known by the customers.				
	(b)	Ensure that is tested by customers.				
	(c)	Ensure that it is not against competitor's expectations.	/ · · · · · ·			
	(d)	Ensure it is not against society's expectations.	(1 mark)			

18.		tify one reason why an entrepreneur could choose to start a sole proprietorship form of business.				
	(a)	Limited liabilities.				
	(b)	Large capital.				
	(c)	High secrecy.				
	(d)	Sharing risks.	l mark)			
19.	Whic	ch one of the following is an objective of sending free samples to influencers before launching a new pa	roduct?			
	(a)	They are likely to buy more products.				
	(b)	They have a lot of money to buy products.				
	(c)	They are likely to share the samples with others.				
	(d)	They are likely to share details with followers.	l mark)			
20.	Whic	ch one of the following BEST explains the art of getting things done through the efforts of other people	e?			
	(a)	Delegation.				
	(b)	Management.				
	(c)	Leadership.				
	(d)	Authority. (l mark)			
21.	Identi	tify one role performed by lower level management.				
	(a)	Long-term planning.				
	(b)	Appointment of other managers.				
	(c)	Setting up the overall organisation's goal.				
	(d)		1 mark)			
	(-)	(1 1114111)			
22.		Which one of the following BEST explains the management function of monitoring plans to ensure that they are				
	_	g followed?				
	(a)	Controlling.				
	(b)	Motivation.				
	(c)	Co-ordination.				
	(d)	Evaluation. (1 mark)			
23.	Identi	rify one type of skill that a manager may require to effectively interact and work with other people.	A WAY			
	(a)	Conceptual skills.				
	(b)	Interpersonal skills.				
	(c)	Management skills.				
	(d)	<u> </u>	1 mark)			
24.	Whic	Which of the following is a characteristic of an efficient filing system?				
	(a)	Confidential.				
	(b)	Large.				
	(c)	Accessibility.				
	(d)		l mark)			
25.	Which of the following BEST explains the summary tasks, roles and responsibilities of a specific job in an organisation?					
	(a)	Job description.				
	(b)	Job specification.				
	(c)	Job enrichment.				
	(d)		l mark)			
26.	Which of the following represents a decision that a manager may require to make at the start-up stage of a					
20.	busine		5 c 01 a			
	(a)	Recruit more staff.				
	(b)	Diversification.				
	(c)	Business closure.				
	(d)		1 mark)			
27.	Which	ch of the following is NOT a technique that could be used to motivate employees?				
- / .	(a)	Recognition.				
	(b)	Working conditions.				
	(c)	Job security.				
	(d)		l mark)			
		CM11				
		Out of				

28.	 Which of the following is NOT a reason for installing ventilations in office buildings? (a) Ensure health and safety of employees. (b) To comply with the law. 			
	(c)	To ensure the building is secure.		
	(d)	To ensure air circulation.	(1 mark)	
29.	Identi (a)	fy one benefit that could accrue to an organisation from hiring the right employees. Pay high salaries.		
	(b)	Easy to recruit.		
	(c)	Reduce workload.		
	(d)	Improved performance.	(1 mark)	
30.	respo	fy the basic function of management that involves grouping of jobs and assignsibility to perform them. Planning.	ning authority and	
	(a) (b)	Organising.		
	(c)	Job enlargement.		
	(d)	Job rotation.	(1 mark)	
2.1			, , , ,	
31.	(a) (b)	h of the following is a challenge associated with the stabilisation stage of a business life of Difficulties in attracting staff. High cost of promoting the business.	cycle?	
	(c)	Identifying opportunity for innovation.		
	(d)	Taking high risks.	(1 mark)	
32.	Government can better help in forming new ventures by providing:			
	(a)	Finance.		
	(b)	Technology.		
	(c)	Infrastructure.	(1 monts)	
	(d)	Funds.	(1 mark)	
33.		h of the following factor has allowed small companies to act like they are big ones?		
	(a)	Customers.		
	(b)	Competition.		
	(c)	Economic development.	(1 morts)	
	(d)	Technology.	(1 mark)	
34.	Mary found out the reason her leg wear was not selling was due to its colour. What could be the best source of this information?			
	(a)	Supplier.		
	(b)	Retailer.		
	(c) (d)	Social media. Government bureau.	(1 mark)	
			(i main)	
35.	• •	ical inventor is usually		
	(a)	Highly creative and in love with the invention. One that encourages change.		
	(b) (c)	Willing to modify the invention.		
	(d)	Not enthusiastic.	(1 mark)	
	, ,		(7 mark)	
36.	Which of the following shows the process of creating something new?			
	(a)	Business model.		
	(b) (c)	Design. Creative flexibility.		
	(d)	Innovation.	(1 mark)	
			(1 mark)	
37.	The a (a)	ctivity which occurs when the new venture is started is called Motivation.		
	(b)	Business skills.		
	(c)	Departure point.		
	(d)	Goal orientation.	(1 mark)	

38.		Why should an entrepreneur do a feasibility study for starting a new venture?		
	(a) To identify possible source of(b) To see if there are possible bar			
	(c) To estimate the expected sales		41 15	
	(d) To explore potential customer	3.	(1 mark)	
39.	Which of the following is a typical char	racteristic of most entrepreneurs?		
	(a) Choose high risk ventures.(b) Choose low risk ventures.			
	(c) Choose moderate (or calculate	d) risk ventures.		
	(d) Choose no risk ventures.		(1 mark)	
40.		business for a franchisee is		
	(a) Lack of independence.(b) Franchise business typically h	nyo a high failure rate		
	(c) Lack of brand identity.	ive a nigh famure rate.		
	(d) Training is not normally provi	ded by the franchisor.	(1 mark)	
		SECTION II - 40 MARKS		
In qu	uestions number 41 to 49, indicate wheth	er the statement is True or False:		
41.	Buying an existing business is always a	dvantageous to an entrepreneur.	(2 marks)	
42.	The business description component of	a business plan contains the key management staff.	(2 marks)	
43.	Reduction of expenses is a bootstrapping	ng technique.	(2 marks)	
44.	Hawking is a type of entrepreneurship.		(2 marks)	
45.	Imitating entrepreneurs do not have to	nvent anything new to make profit.	(2 marks)	
46.	All incoming mail should be opened in	the mail room before they are delivered to the person concer	rned. (2 marks)	
47.	All leaders are managers.		(2 marks)	
48.	All managers require decision making s	kills.	(2 marks)	
49.	Conflict in an organisation always lead	s to poor performance.	(2 marks)	
You a	are advised not to exceed forty words in	answering questions number 50 to 60.		
50.	Outline two benefits that an individual	could achieve from becoming an entrepreneur.	(2 marks)	
51.	List two characteristics of a viable busi	ness idea.	(2 marks)	
52.	State two advantages of joint ventures.		(2 marks)	
53.	Highlight two reasons why an entrepren	neur could prefer to finance a business using personal saving	gs. (2 marks)	
54.	List two product decisions that an e	ntrepreneur could require to make while developing a r	marketing mix. (2 marks)	
55.	Outline two disadvantages of running a	business as a company.	(2 marks)	
56.	Highlight two factors that an entreprene	eur could consider while choosing a source of finance.	(2 marks)	
57.	Outline two financial challenges faced	by entrepreneurs in your country.	(2 marks)	

38.

58.	State two characteristics of venture capitalists as a source of finance.		(2 marks)	
59.	Identif	Identify two factors that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a business incubator.		
60.	Highli	ght two purposes of the appendix in a business plan.	(2 marks)	
		SECTION III - 20 MARKS		
61.	(a)	Highlight five objectives of management.	(5 marks)	
	(b)	Outline five advantages of conflicts to an organisation.	(5 marks)	
	(c)	Describe five situations that may trigger innovation.	(5 marks)	
	(d)	Explain five reasons why an entrepreneur may need a business plan for their new venture.	(5 marks)	



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 30 August 2021. Time Allowed: 3 hours. Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks. SECTION I **OUESTION ONE** Summarise four methods that entrepreneurs could use to acquire capital assets for their business. (8 marks) (a) Describe four ways through which an entrepreneur could demonstrate innovativeness. (8 marks) (b) Explain the following types of entrepreneurs: (c) The sales person. (i) (ii) The achiever. (2 marks (Total: 20 marks **QUESTION TWO** Analyse five administrative challenges of new ventures. (10 marks) (a) Outline six differences between an "entrepreneur" and a "business person". (6 marks) (b) (c) Explain four reasons why e-commerce could be expensive for small businesses to adopt. (4 marks) (Total: 20-marks) **QUESTION THREE** (a) (i) Define the term "e-money". (2 marks) (ii) Summarise six advantages of using e-money to an enterprise. (6 marks) (b) Inadequate access to markets is one reason why many new ventures fail. Highlight seven problems that could be encountered in accessing local markets in your country. (7 marks) Outline five advantages of operating a business as a partnership. (5 marks) (c) (Total: 20 marks) **QUESTION FOUR** Distinguish between "promotional discounts" and "seasonal discounts". (4 marks) (a) (i) (ii) Examine six benefits of giving discounts to customers. (6 marks) In the context of bootstrapping, identify six measures that an entrepreneur could take to minimise external funding. (b) (6 marks) Analyse four factors that could cause bad debts in a business organisation. (4 marks)

(c)

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(Total: 20 marks)

QUE	STION FIVE	
(a)	Highlight six non-financial motivators that could be used to motivate employees.	(6 marks)
(b)	Outline four objectives of corporate governance.	(4 marks)
(c)	Identify five advantages of working on-line from home for employees.	(5 marks)
(d)	Propose five ways of ensuring efficient mail handling services in an organisation.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUE	STION SIX	
(a)	Explain five mechanisms that the management of an organisation could put in place in order in the office.	to minimise conflicts (10 marks)
(b)	In relation to principles of management, enumerate six reasons why employees should no from more than one supervisor.	ot receive instructions (6 marks)
(c)	List four limitations of centralising office operations.	(4 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUE	STION SEVEN	
(a)	Identify six responsibilities of employees in ensuring a safe and healthy work environment.	(6 marks)
(b)	Explain four limitations of planning.	(8 marks)
(c)	Summarise three challenges facing corporate governance.	(6 marks) (Total: 20 marks)



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 17 May 2021. Time Allowed: 3 hours. Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks. **SECTION 1 QUESTION ONE** Highlight five differences between debentures and preference share capital. (a) (10 marks) (b) State ten contents of a partnership deed. (10 marks) (Total: 20 marks) **QUESTION TWO** Outline six benefits associated with entrepreneurship. (6 marks) Summarise six interventions that the government could undertake to avoid failure of small and medium enterprises, (SMEs). (b) (c) Identify eight limitations of a franchise arrangement. (8 marks) (Total: 20 marks) **QUESTION THREE** Explain the 5C's model of assessing the credit worthiness of a customer. (10 marks) (b) (i) Define the term innovation. (2 marks) (ii) Analyse four ways in which entrepreneurs could protect their business ideas. (8 marks) (Total: 20 marks) **QUESTION FOUR** (a) In the context of credit control, highlight five ways of minimising bad debts. (5 marks) (b) Outline five reasons for the increased use of mobile banking. (5 marks) (c) Explain five factors that may lead to an entrepreneur failing to realise his dreams. (10 marks) (Total: 20 marks) SECTION II **QUESTION FIVE** Outline six features of management. (a) (6 marks) State six benefits of planning to an organisation. (b) (6 marks) (c) Propose eight strategies that a supervisor may apply to build a high performing team. (8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)

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QUES (a)	Analyse five qualities of a good filing equipment.	(5 marks
(b)	Outline five benefits of good governance practices to an organisation.	(5 marks
(c)	Identify ten steps for handling outgoing mail in an office.	(10 marks (Total: 20 marks
QUES (a)	Highlight five situations where a manager would act as a disturbance handler.	(5 marks
(b)	List seven guidelines that you could follow when making calls.	(7 marks
(c)	Analyse four types of conflicts that could arise in organisaitions.	(8 marks (Total: 20 marks
		•••



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 23 November 2020.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks.

OUES	STION O	NE	
(a)	Outlin	e five reasons why it is important for an entrepreneur to prepare a business plan.	(5 marks)
(b)	Identif	by seven sources of business ideas for entrepreneurs.	(7 marks)
(c)	(i)	Explain four principles of innovation in entrepreneurship.	(4 marks)
	(ii)	Highlight four sources of innovation for entrepreneurs.	(4 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
OUE	STION T	WO	attopi.
(a)	Discus	as five challenges faced by entrepreneurs in your country.	(10 marks)
(b)	Highli	ght five disadvantages of buying an existing business.	(5 marks)
(c)	Expla	in five reasons why an entrepreneur would set customer credit limits.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUE	STION T	THREE	
(a)	Expla	in the following forms of business organisations:	
	(i)	Sole proprietorship.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	A partnership.	(2 marks)
	(iii)	A public limited company.	(2 marks)
	(iv)	A private limited company.	(2 marks)
(b)	Highl	ight six disadvantages of sole proprietorships.	(6 marks)
(c)	Identi	fy six sources of funds for entrepreneurs.	(6 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
OUE	STION I	FOUR	
(a)	(i)	Define the term "goodwill".	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Explain four benefits of creating goodwill with customers.	(8 marks)
(b)	(i)	Define the term "e-commerce".	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Explain four advantages of e-commerce.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
			CM11 Page 1 Out of 2

QUES (a)	Explai	IVE in the following principles of management:	
	(i)	Division of work.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Discipline.	(2 marks)
	(iii)	Unity of direction.	(2 marks)
	(iv)	Scalar chain.	(2 marks)
	(v)	Stability of tenure.	(2 marks)
(b)	Identi	fy five causes of inefficient filing in an organisation.	(5 marks)
(c)	Sumn	narise five functions performed by middle level management.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
_	STION S	SIX	yees. (6 marks)
(a)	Propo	see six measures that management of an organisation could take to ensure the safety of employ	yees. (6 marks)
(b)	Outlin	ne six positive consequences of conflict in an organisation.	(6 marks)
(c)	Analy	se four reasons why there has been a growing interest in corporate governance practice both	h in the private and
	public	e sectors.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUE	STION	SEVEN	2. 10
(a)		ne seven roles of a filing clerk.	(7 marks)
(b)	Expla	in five benefits of communicating decisions to employees.	(5 marks)
(c)	Discu	iss four risks faced by Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs).	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

THES	DAV: 2	26 November 2019. Time	Allowed: 3 hours.
Answe	er any Tl	HREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions	carry equal marks.
		SECTION I	
QUES (a)	TION C With	ONE reference to the life cycle of an enterprise, list six features associated with the growth stage.	(6 marks)
(p)	State	six characteristics of creative entrepreneurs.	(6 marks)
(c)	Identi	fy eight factors which might motivate an individual to become an entrepreneur.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	TION T Highli enterp	ight six circumstances which may lead to choosing a sole proprietorship instead of the othe	r forms of business of (6 marks)
(b)	Appro	priate technology is designed to suit the needs of an entrepreneur.	4
	With	reference to the above statement:	
	(i)	Summarise seven characteristics of appropriate technology.	(7 marks)
	(ii)	Outline five factors to consider while selecting appropriate technology.	(5 marks)
(c)	With	reference to protection of a business, explain the term "intellectual property".	(2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES	TION T	THREE	100
(a)		reference to work environment, state ten ways of enhancing creativity in an organisation.	(10 marks)
(b)	Discu	ss five methods that an entrepreneur of a small and medium enterprise could use to manage	business risks. (10 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES	TION F	OUR	
(a)	(i)	Define the term "m-commerce".	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Outline six advantages of using m-commerce to an enterprise.	(6 marks)
(b)	Distin	guish between the terms "credit limit" and "credit control".	(4 marks)
(c)	Highl	ight eight barriers to creativity.	(8 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

QUEST (a)		Summarise ten qualities of a successful manager.		
(b)	With re	ference to teamwork:	,	
٠.,	(i)	Explain the meaning of the term "team building".	(2 marks)	
	(ii)	Describe four stages a group passes through in the process of developing an effective team.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)	
QUEST (a)	TION SII	X five routine office operations.	(5 marks)	
(b)	Cite seven duties of a supervisor.		(7 marks)	
(c)	Analyse four merits of centralised mailing services.		(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)	
QUEST (a)	TION SE In the c	VEN ontext of management skills, distinguish between "diagnostic skills" and "conceptual skills".	(4 marks)	
(b)	List six	contributions of good corporate governance practices to an organisation.	(6 marks)	
(c)	(i)	In relation to filing records, explain the term "cross referencing".	(2 marks)	
	(ii)	Examine four situations when cross referencing could be necessary.	(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)	



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT Time Allowed: 3 hours. MONDAY: 20 May 2019. Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks. **SECTION I QUESTION ONE** With reference to sources of finance, explain the following terms: (a) (2 marks) (i) Bank overdraft. (2 marks) (ii) Owner's capital. Highlight three disadvantages of bank overdraft as a source of finance. (3 marks) (b) (3 marks) Outline three advantages of using trade credit in an enterprise. (c) (10 marks) Discuss five benefits of innovation to a business enterprise. (d) (Total: 20 marks) **OUESTION TWO** Highlight five services that business incubators could offer to start-up companies. (5 marks) Explain five ways through which an entrepreneur could maintain regular visits by customers to an enterprise website. (b) (5 marks) (10 marks) Describe five stages of the creative process for business ideas. (c) (Total: 20 marks) **QUESTION THREE** Explain five factors which could limit the growth of entrepreneurship in a country. (5 marks) Identify five challenges that entrepreneurs might encounter in the process of selecting a new business venture. (b) (5 marks) Discuss five measures which could be used to effectively control credit given to customers in an enterprise to avoid (c) (10 marks) bad debts. (Total: 20 marks)

QUESTION FOUR

(a) Define the term "preference shares".

(2 marks)

- (b) Explain four ways in which an entrepreneur could use to maintain competitive advantage in a business.

 (8 marks)
- (c) Discuss five e-commerce challenges that could affect the small and medium enterprises (SMEs) in a country. (10 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

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(b) Explain five reasons why managers could be reluctant to delegate authority to their subordinates. (c) Discuss five reasons why planning is important in an organisation. (10 marks) (Total: 20 marks) QUESTION SIX (a) Highlight five benefits of computerising the filing system in an organisation. (5 marks) (b) State five features of a sound policy. (5 marks) (c) Explain five roles of supervisory management in an organisation. (5 marks) (d) Outline five indicators of low motivation among employees in an organisation. (5 marks) (7 marks) (8 marks) QUESTION SEVEN (a) State three factors that could hinder team effectiveness. (3 marks) (b) Outline five causes of conflict in an organisation. (5 marks) (6 marks) (7 marks) (8 marks) (9 Explain four guidelines that employees could observe to mitigate against accidents at the work place. (4 marks) (5 marks) (8 marks) (9 marks)	QUEST (a)	ION FIVE Outline five key attributes that could be considered when recruiting a receptionist in an organisatio	n. (5 marks)
QUESTION SIX (a) Highlight five benefits of computerising the filing system in an organisation. (5 marks) (b) State five features of a sound policy. (5 marks) (c) Explain five roles of supervisory management in an organisation. (5 marks) (d) Outline five indicators of low motivation among employees in an organisation. (5 marks) (7 marks) (7 marks) (8 marks) (9 marks) (1 marks) (1 marks) (2 marks) (2 marks) (3 marks) (4 marks) (5 marks) (6 marks) (7 marks) (8 marks) (9 marks) (1 marks) (1 marks) (2 marks)			
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(c) Explain five roles of supervisory management in an organisation. (5 marks) (d) Outline five indicators of low motivation among employees in an organisation. (5 marks) (Total: 20 marks) QUESTION SEVEN (a) State three factors that could hinder team effectiveness. (3 marks) (b) Outline five causes of conflict in an organisation. (5 marks) (c) Highlight four guidelines that employees could observe to mitigate against accidents at the work place. (4 marks) (d) Explain four characteristics of good governance. (8 marks)	_	CION SIX Highlight five benefits of computerising the filing system in an organisation.	(5 marks)
(d) Outline five indicators of low motivation among employees in an organisation. (5 marks) (Total: 20 marks) QUESTION SEVEN (a) State three factors that could hinder team effectiveness. (3 marks) (b) Outline five causes of conflict in an organisation. (5 marks) (6 marks) (7 marks) (8 marks) (8 marks)	(b)	State five features of a sound policy.	(5 marks)
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(a) State three factors that could hinder team effectiveness. (3 marks) (b) Outline five causes of conflict in an organisation. (5 marks) (c) Highlight four guidelines that employees could observe to mitigate against accidents at the work place. (4 marks) (d) Explain four characteristics of good governance. (8 marks)	OUEST	TION SEVEN	
(c) Highlight four guidelines that employees could observe to mitigate against accidents at the work place. (4 marks) (d) Explain four characteristics of good governance. (8 marks)	_		(3 marks)
(d) Explain four characteristics of good governance. (8 marks)	(b)	Outline five causes of conflict in an organisation.	(5 marks)
(d) Explain four characteristics of good go verification	(c)	Highlight four guidelines that employees could observe to mitigate against accidents at the work p	lace. (4 marks)
	(d)	Explain four characteristics of good governance.	



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 26 November 2018.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer any THREE questions in SECTION I and any TWO questions in SECTION II. ALL questions carry equal marks.

SECTION I

OHES	TION O	N.F.	
(a)		y five ways in which entrepreneurs contribute towards economic development in your country.	(5 marlis)
(b)	Highlig	tht seven benefits that a business could gain from operating as a franchise.	(7 marks)
(c)	Explair	four types of discounts that a trader might offer to customers. (Tota	(8 marks) l: 20 marks)
QUES	TION T		8
(a)	Identify	y ten purposes of carrying out marketing research.	(10 marks)
(b)	Explair	the five stages of a business life-cycle.	(10 marks)
		(Tota	l: 20 marks)
QUES	TION TI	HREE	
(a)	State for	our reasons why some people prefer to be self-employed.	(4 marks)
(b)	Outline	e four limitations of using debt to finance a firm's operations.	(4 marks)
(c)	(i)	Distinguish between "creativity" and "innovation".	(4 marks)
	(ii)	Identify four types of innovation that an entrepreneur could adopt. (Total	(8 marks) l: 20 marks)
QUES	TION FO	OUR .	
(a)	Descril	be five factors that an entrepreneur should consider before purchasing an already existing business.	(10 marks)
(b)	Explain	n the following forms of credit sales:	
	(i)	Simple credit.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Monthly account.	(2 marks)
	(iii)	Trade credit.	(2 marks)
	(iv)	Hire purchase.	(2 marks)
	(v)	Budget account. (Total	(2 marks)

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QUEST (a)	State f	IVE ive non-financial motivators that might be given to employees.	(5 marks)
(b)	List seven guidelines that should be followed in answering a telephone call in the office.		
(c)	Explain the following principles of management:		
	(i)	Espirit de corps.	(2 marks)
	(ii)	Equity.	(2 marks)
	(iii)	Unity of command.	(2 marks)
	(iv)	Remuneration.	(2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES' (a)		IX ght six reasons why it is important to establish procedures to be followed in the castion.	laily operations of an (6 marks)
(b)	State	six functions performed by top level management in an organisation.	(6 marks)
(c)			(8 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES' (a)	TION S Highli	EVEN ght five benefits of centralising office operations.	(5 marks)
(b)	Outlir	ne five objectives of maintaining good corporate governance systems in an organisation.	(5 marks)
(c)	State five features of a good organisational structure. (5 mar		
(d)	Descr	ibe five sources of power that leaders possess.	(5 marks) (Total: 20 marks)



PRINCIPLES OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

MONDAY: 1 August 2022. Morning paper. Time Allowed: 2 hours.

This paper is made up of fifty (50) Multiple Choice Questions. Answer ALL the questions by indicating the letter (A, B, C or D) that represents the correct answer. Do NOT write anything on this paper.

1.		What name is given to the type of entrepreneurship that involves identifying a promising business and taking the				
	initia	tive to acquire it?				
	A.	Researcher				
	В.	Hustler				
	C.	Buyer				
	D.	Innovative	(2 mark)			
2.		is an indicator of a good business idea.				
	A.	High competition				
	В.	Good market scope				
	C.	More resource requirement				
	D.	High government revenue	(2 mark)			
3.	What	is the name given to the process of building a business with minimal or no extra capital?	w.cho			
	A.	Informal financing	WW			
	B.	Micro financing	-			
	C.	Bootstrapping				
	D.	Crowd funding	(2 mark)			
4.	Whic	h of the following is NOT a factor that an entrepreneur could consider while choosing a business l	ocation?			
	A.	Entrepreneur's skills				
	B.	Security				
	C.	Potential for growth				
	D.	Accessibility	(2 marks)			
5.	Intrar	preneurship also refers to?				
	Α.	Corporate entrepreneurship				
	B.	Internal entrepreneurship				
	C.	Business entrepreneurship				
	D.	Innovative entrepreneurship	(2 marks)			
6.	Whic	h one of the following is a challenge faced by entrepreneurs in your country.				
	A.	Low interest rates				
	B.	Unregulated competition				
	C.	Supportive government policies				
	D.	Lack of employment	(2 marks)			
7.		is a method of generating new ideas using suggested problems of known products				
	<u>A.</u>	Brainstorming problems				
	В.	Focus groups problem solving method				
	C.	Creative problem solving				
	D.	Problem inventory analysis	(2 marks)			
	ν.	1 1001011 111. 011001 J wilder J 010	(= IIIai III)			

8.	Why	would an entrepreneur opt to buy an existing business instead of starting a new one?				
	A.	Lower cost of starting a business				
	В.	Ability to introduce a new product				
	C.	Established relationship with suppliers				
	D.	Support is assured by previous owners	(2 marks)			
9.	Whic	h of the following is a limitation of equity finance?				
	A.	Loss of control				
	В.	Lack of credit worthiness				
	C.	Money has to be repaid back				
	D.	High interest rates	(2 marks)			
10.	What	term is used to refer to all permits and licences that one must obtain before being allowed	l to operate a			
	busin	ess in your country?	•			
	A.	Government requirements				
	В.	Statutory requirements				
	C.	Government policy				
	D.	Business requirements	(2 marks)			
		•	(2 marks)			
11.		h of the following statements is NOT true about an entrepreneur?				
	A.	Is a catalyst of economic change.				
	В.	Identifies a business opportunity.				
	C. D.	Takes calculated risks.	(2 mortes)			
	Ъ.	Success depends on luck.	(2 marks)			
12.		h of the following is NOT a factor to consider while choosing a business incubator?				
	A.	Success rate.				
	В.	Quality of services.				
	C.	Availability of market.				
	D.	Policies and procedures.	(2 marks)			
13.	The f	The following are the benefits that a franchisee gains from a franchisor EXCEPT?				
	A.	Training.				
	B.	Brand name.				
	C.	Product or service.				
	D.	Profit guarantee.	(2 marks)			
14.	Vant	ma comital is a source of				
14.		ure capital is a source of finance.				
	A.	Debt				
	B.	Equity				
	C. D.	Personal Micro	(2 marks)			
	υ.	WHELD	(2 marks)			
15.		h of the following is NOT a reason for ensuring customer satisfaction?				
	A.	Customer attraction				
	В.	Customer experience				
	C.	Customer retention				
	D.	Customers to do one time purchase	(2 marks)			
16.	Whic	Which of the following statements is TRUE about an imitating entrepreneur?				
	A.	They learn from mistakes of others to make their products and services better				
	B.	They start small and grow their business with hard work rather than capital				
	C.	They do as much research as possible before launching a product or service in the market				
	D.	They constantly come up with new ideas and turn them into profitable ventures	(2 marks)			
17	W/h	is it important to corry out competitors' analysis while writing a hydross plan?				
17.	-	is it important to carry out competitors' analysis while writing a business plan?				
	A.	To evaluate the size of their businesses				
	B.	To know what kind of product they sell				
	C. D.	To determine their tastes and preferences	(2 1-)			
	υ.	To determine their strengths and weaknesses	(2 marks)			

10.		is a person who initiates, creates and manages a new business.	
	A.	A leader	
	B.	A professional	
	C.	An entrepreneur	
	D.	•	(2 montes)
	Ъ.	A manager	(2 marks)
19.	Whic	h type of entrepreneur utilises a chance to introduce a new technique or a new product?	
	A.	Fabian entrepreneurs	
	В.	Innovative entrepreneurs	
	C.	Researchers	
	D.	Businessmen	(2 marks)
20.	Which	h of the following behaviour, is not associated with successful entrepreneur?	
20.			
	A.	Continuous innovation and urgency	
	B.	Production as per customers' requirements	
	C.	Research and development	
	D.	Running the business without planning	(2 marks)
21.	Whic	h of the following is NOT a source of ideas for an entrepreneur?	
	A.	Imported products	
	B.	Emerging technologies	
	C.	Cost of the project	
	D.	Product profile	(2 marks)
	Ъ.	1 roduct profile	(2 marks)
22.	A bus	iness plan is important for all of the following reasons EXCEPT?	
	A.	It enables the business owners to systematically think through each aspect of the new venture.	
	В.	It gives an assurance to lenders and investors that they will earn a decent return.	
	C.	It is a selling document that enables a company to present itself to potential suppliers and busines	s partners.
	D.	It provides an investor with something to react to	(2 marks)
	2.	to provide an investor with combining to react to	(2 11111111)
23.	Whic	h of the following is NOT a characteristic of entrepreneur?	4124 .C.
	A.	Managerial training	n'a
	B.	Creativity	
	C.	Innovation	
	D.	Risk taking	(2 marks)
	ъ.	Kisk taking	(2 marks)
24.	Whic	h of the following statements BEST describes the term leadership?	
	A.	Managing human resources	
	В.	Monitoring performance	
	C.	Getting things done through people	
	D.	Influencing the behavior of others	(2 marks)
	ъ.	influencing the behavior of others	(2 marks)
25.	What	stages of the business life cycle are sales the lowest?	
	A.	Innovation	
	В.	Stabilisation	
	C.	Idea generation	
	D.	Start-up	(2 marks)
26.	What	name is given to the role of a manager that involves dealing with people outside the organisation?	
20.	A.	Monitor role	
	В.	Entrepreneurial role	
	Б. С.	Liaison role	
	C. D.	Figurehead role	(2 marks)
	<i>υ</i> .	riguichead fold	(Z marks)
27.	Identi	fy the MAIN reason why planning is important in an organisation.	
	A.	Helps in specialisation	
	В.	Defines the organisation structure	
	C.	Gives a sense of direction	
	D.	Helps in training new employees	(2 marks)

28.	Which	i level of management makes up the smallest group of managers in an organisation?				
	A.	Top level				
	В.	Middle level				
	C.	Intermediate level				
	D.	Lower level	(2 marks)			
29.	Which management skills would a manager require MOST while resolving conflict among employees?					
	A.	Conceptual skills				
	В.	Interpersonal skills				
	C.	Strategic thinking skills				
	D.	Delegation skills	(2 marks)			
30.	Identify the MAIN challenge that an organisation could face in the process of recruiting suitable employees?					
	A.	Inability to attract the right candidates	oyees.			
	В.					
		Inappropriate media to advertise vacancies				
	C.	Lack of an interview panel	(2 1)			
	D.	Failure to induct employees	(2 marks)			
31.	Which	Which of the following is a purpose of the organising function of management?				
	A.	Facilitate coordination				
	В.	Set goals				
	C.	Performance appraisal				
	D.	Motivate staff	(2 marks)			
32.	Who among the following is NOT an operational level manager?					
	A.	Foreman				
	B.	Supervisor				
	C.	Chief Executive Officer				
	D.	Superintendent	(2 marks)			
33.	Identi	fy the skills a manager would require to choose amongst alternative courses of action.				
55.	A.	Leadership skills				
	В.	Communication skills				
	C.	Operating skills				
	D.	Decision-making skills	(2 marks)			
34.	Which	Which of the following is not a challenge for an entrepreneur?				
	A.	Choosing the product or service to sell in the market				
	B.	Managing the cash flow of their business				
	C.	Recruiting new employees				
	D.	Formulating rules and regulations relating to conducting entrepreneurship in their country	(2 marks)			
35.	Who should prepare a firm's business plan?					
55.						
	A. B.	Entrepreneur				
		Accountant				
	C.	Engineer	(2 1)			
	D.	Marketer	(2 marks)			
36.	What is the name given to the process of creating something new?					
	A.	Management				
	B.	Business				
	C.	Creative flexibility				
	D.	Innovation	(2 marks)			
37.	What is the purpose of a feasibility study while preparing to start a new venture?					
37.	A.	Estimate sales				
	В.	Exploring for potential customers				
	C.	To understand if there are any barriers to success				
	D.	To market the products	(2 marks)			
	υ.	10 market the products	(∠ marks)			

38.	What are the three interpersonal roles of managers?					
	A.	Figurehead, organiser and spokesman				
	B.	Communicator, organiser and spokesman				
	C.	Director, coordinator and disseminator				
	D.	Spokesman, leader and coordinator	(2 marks)			
39.	Whiel	Which of the following is NOT a recognised skill of management?				
5).	A.	Technical skills				
	В.	Writing skills				
	Б. С.	Conceptual skills				
	D.	Human skills	(2 marks)			
	Ъ.	riunian skins	(2 marks)			
40.	What	What is the name given to the management function that involves determining whether the quality of work is up				
		ndard?				
	A.	Leading				
	В.	Controlling				
	C.	Organising				
	D.	Planning	(2 marks)			
41.	When	would cross referencing be important while filing office documents?				
	A.	When there are so many records to be filed.				
	B.	In case documents require frequent retrieval				
	C.	To keep documents away from unauthorised users				
	D.	In case a document can be filed under more than one heading	(2 marks)			
40			(=)			
42.	The following are components of a job description and a job specification: (i) Job title					
	(ii)					
		Working environment				
	(iii)	Education and training	<u>.</u>			
	(iv)	Tasks to be performed	and			
	(v)	Skills	AND OF THE PROPERTY OF			
	(vi)	Personality	Wa.			
	Which	Which of the following sets relate to a job specification?				
	A.	(ii), (v), (vi)				
	B.	(iii), (v) , (vi)				
	C.	(i), (iii), (v)				
	D.	(i), (ii), (iv)	(2 marks)			
43.	Management skills applies to managers at which level?					
13.	A.	All levels in an organisation				
	В.	Top level in an organisation				
	C.	Executive level in an organisation				
	D.		(2 marks)			
	Ъ.	Middle level in an organisation	(Z Illarks)			
44.	Which	n management function entails grouping of jobs?				
	A.	Controlling				
	В.	Planning				
	C.	Organising				
	D.	Directing	(2 marks)			
45.	Which type of decision making is carried out by lower level management and deals with specific daily tasks?					
т.Э.	A.	Mid-level decision making	cerne daily tasks.			
	В.	Administrative decision making				
	Б. С.	Operational decision making				
	D.		(2 marks)			
	<i>υ</i> .	Programmed decision making	(2 marks)			
46.	What	is the goal of an entrepreneur during the start-up stage of a business lifecycle?				
	A.	Enhance competitive edge				
	B.	Growth				
	C.	Survive				
	D.	Enhance reputation	(2 marks)			
			CM11 D			

47.	Which of the following is a benefit of electronic filing systems?				
	A.	Viruses can attack the computer			
	В.	Staff training is needed			
	C.	Staff need specialised training to use the system			
	D.	It reduces the number of staff that must be hired to manage records	(2 marks)		
48.	Which of the following is not an important aspect of employee involvement?				
	A.	Employee empowerment			
	В.	Teamwork			
	C.	Keeping employee morale down			
	D.	Employee motivation	(2 marks)		
49.	Which of the following is a positive outcome of conflict?				
	A.	Stimulates creativity			
	В.	Strains relationships			
	C.	Promotes resistance			
	D.	Encourages poor performance	(2 marks)		
50.	Which of the following is NOT an intervention that management could put in place to prevent health related issues in an organisation? A. Proper furniture				
	В.	Adequate stationery			
	C.	Ventilation			
	D.	Noise control	(2 marks)		